

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(86.1080, 0.3154, 0.3095)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(86.1080, 0.3154, 0.3095)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(86.0015, 0.3156, 0.3096)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFE8FC
RGB	255, 232, 252
RGB Percent	100%, 91%, 99%
CMY	0.0001, 0.0902, 0.0116
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.01, 0.00
HSL	308°, 100%, 95%
HSV	308°, 9%, 100%
XYZ	87.6682, 86.0015, 104.1129
YIQ	241.1570, 7.2880, 11.0960

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

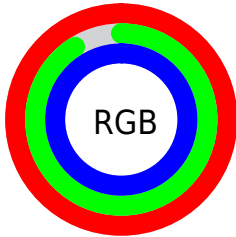
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	255, 232, 252
Decimal	16771324
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	94.31, 11.22, -6.84
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	94, 13.144, 328.638
Yxy	86.0015, 0.3156, 0.3096
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294961404 (0xFFFFE8FC)
YUV	241.1570, 5.3456, 12.1403
Hunter-Lab	92.7370, 6.4538, -1.6471

# Details

The Yxy color **86.0015, 0.3156, 0.3096** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **94.6613, 0.3100, 0.3492**, and the grayscale version is **88.0486, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290**, and **46.9966, 0.3164, 0.3056** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **72.4711, 0.3192, 0.2874**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **99.9969, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

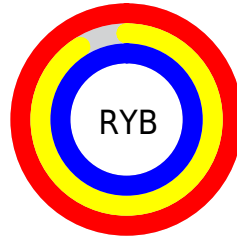
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (91%)

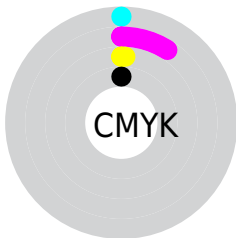
Blue (99%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (91%)

Blue (99%)

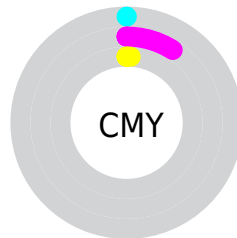


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (1%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (9%)


Yellow (1%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 86.0015, 0.3156, 0.3096 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 86.0015, 0.3156, 0.3096 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 86.0015, 0.3156,  
0.3096

 86.0015, 0.3156,  
0.3096


514.9362, 0.3144,  
0.3182

 64.6692, 0.3159,  
0.3077


141.7716, 0.3152,  
0.3125

 47.1929, 0.3162,  
0.3055


176.9782, 0.3150,  
0.3137

 33.1882, 0.3165,  
0.3026


217.5783, 0.3149,  
0.3147

 22.2706, 0.3170,  
0.2991

263.9564, 0.3148,  
0.3155

 14.0559, 0.3176,  
0.2944

316.4968, 0.3146,  
0.3163

 8.1596, 0.3184,  
0.2879

375.5840, 0.3145,

 4.1972, 0.3195,

0.3170

0.2786

441.6023, 0.3145,  
0.3176

■ 1.7845, 0.3210,  
0.2637

■ 0.4775, 0.3303,  
0.2167

■ 86.0015, 0.3156,  
0.3096

■ 86.0015, 0.3156,  
0.3096

■ 72.4711, 0.3192,  
0.2874

99.9969, 0.3127,  
0.3290

■ 60.9338, 0.3233,  
0.2650

■ 51.2975, 0.3277,  
0.2432

■ 43.4585, 0.3325,  
0.2230

■ 37.3034, 0.3374,  
0.2052

■ 32.7057, 0.3425,  
0.1909

■ 29.5211, 0.3474,  
0.1808

■ 27.5782, 0.3520,  
0.1753

■ 26.6244, 0.3564,  
0.1740

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



86.0015, 0.3007, 0.3041



86.0015, 0.3156, 0.3096



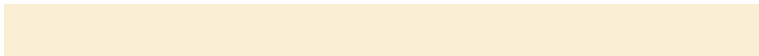
86.0015, 0.3300, 0.3199

# Triad

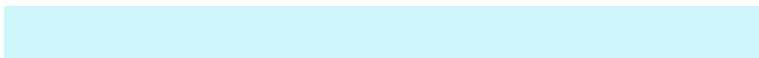
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



86.0015, 0.3156, 0.3096



86.0015, 0.3364, 0.3533



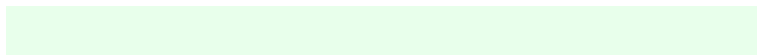
86.0015, 0.2863, 0.3243

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



86.0015, 0.3156, 0.3096



94.6613, 0.3100, 0.3492

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



86.0015, 0.2955, 0.3381



86.0015, 0.3156, 0.3096



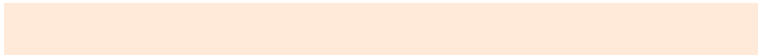
86.0015, 0.3243, 0.3552

# Square

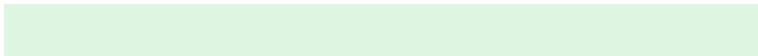
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



86.0015, 0.3156, 0.3096



86.0015, 0.3422, 0.3449



86.0015, 0.3093, 0.3496



86.0015, 0.2841, 0.3122

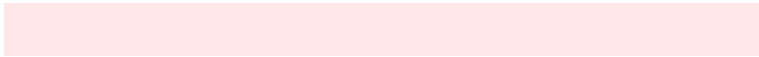


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



86.0015, 0.3156, 0.3096



86.0015, 0.3373, 0.3284



86.0015, 0.3093, 0.3496



86.0015, 0.2887, 0.3289

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



86.0052, 0.3156, 0.3096



95.1530, 0.3136, 0.3226



82.5450, 0.3004, 0.3059



20.0964, 0.3139, 0.3209



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



86.0052, 0.3156, 0.3096



83.1621, 0.3163, 0.3052



85.3137, 0.3228, 0.3204



18.2581, 0.3158, 0.3085



13.8918, 0.3561, 0.1736



1.3633, 0.3515, 0.1710



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



86.0052, 0.3156, 0.3096



83.1621, 0.3163, 0.3052



95.3311, 0.3036, 0.3378



18.2581, 0.3158, 0.3085



13.8918, 0.3561, 0.1736



1.3633, 0.3515, 0.1710



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 86.0015, 0.3156, 0.3096 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

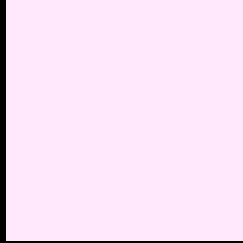
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 86.0015, 0.3156, 0.3096 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

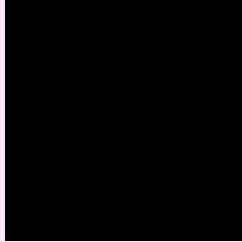
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

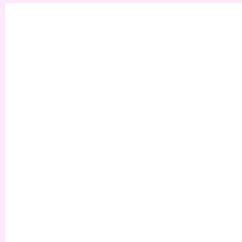
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 86.0015, 0.3156, 0.3096**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 86.0015, 0.3156, 0.3096.

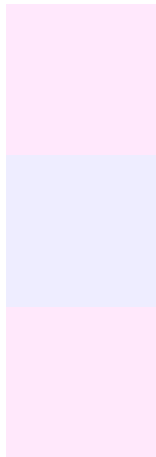


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 86.0015, 0.3156, 0.3096.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

86.0015, 0.3156, 0.3096

### Protanopia

85.9655, 0.3025, 0.3111

### Deuteranopia

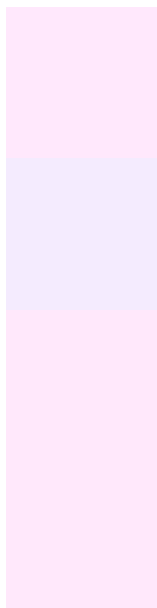
85.9383, 0.3163, 0.3106



## Tritanopia

85.9383, 0.3163, 0.3106

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

86.0015, 0.3156, 0.3096

## Protanomaly

85.8055, 0.3070, 0.3103

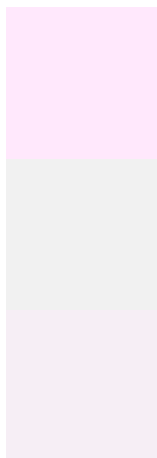
## Deuteranomaly

85.9383, 0.3163, 0.3106

## Tritanomaly

85.9383, 0.3163, 0.3106

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

86.0015, 0.3156, 0.3096

## Achromatopsia

87.9622, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

87.3345, 0.3137, 0.3221

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 86.0015, 0.3156, 0.3096 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 232, 252)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 232, 252)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 232, 252) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 232, 252) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 86.0015, 0.3156, 0.3096 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 232, 252) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 232, 252) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 232, 252)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 232, 252); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 232, 252);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 232,  
252) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 86.0015, 0.3156, 0.3096 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 232, 252) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
232, 252) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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