

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(86.1563, 0.3256, 0.3268)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(86.1563, 0.3256, 0.3268)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(86.1618, 0.3257, 0.3271)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	FFEAEC
RGB	255, 234, 236
RGB Percent	100%, 92%, 93%
CMY	0.0001, 0.0823, 0.0746
CMYK	0.00, 0.08, 0.07, 0.00
HSL	354°, 100%, 96%
HSV	354°, 8%, 100%
XYZ	85.7930, 86.1618, 91.4564
YIQ	240.5070, 11.8740, 5.0740

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

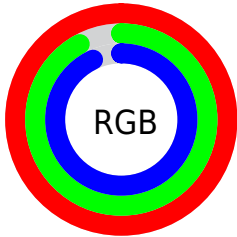
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 234, 236
Decimal	16771820
CIE Lab	94.38, 7.43, 1.61
CIE LCh	94, 7.606, 12.212
Yxy	86.1618, 0.3257, 0.3271
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294961900 (0xFFFFEAEC)
YUV	240.5070, -2.2220, 12.7104
Hunter-Lab	92.8234, 2.5397, 6.5595

# Details

The Yxy color **86.1618, 0.3257, 0.3271** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **96.0878, 0.3011, 0.3309**, and the grayscale version is **87.5656, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290**, and **47.1418, 0.3287, 0.3265** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **71.4190, 0.3451, 0.3246**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **99.9942, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

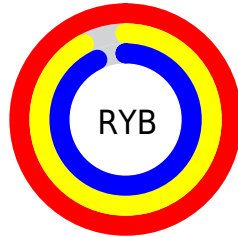
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (92%)

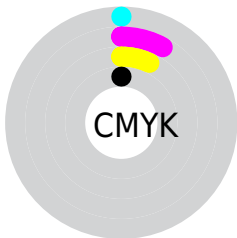
Blue (93%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (92%)

Blue (93%)

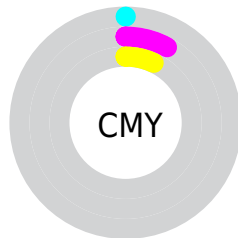


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (8%)

Yellow (7%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (8%)


Yellow (7%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 86.1618, 0.3257, 0.3271 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 86.1618, 0.3257, 0.3271 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 86.1618, 0.3257,  
0.3271

 86.1618, 0.3257,  
0.3271


515.4646, 0.3199,  
0.3280

 64.8018, 0.3270,  
0.3269


141.9953, 0.3237,  
0.3274

 47.3004, 0.3286,  
0.3267


177.2375, 0.3229,  
0.3275

 33.2732, 0.3306,  
0.3263


217.8759, 0.3222,  
0.3276

 22.3358, 0.3331,  
0.3259

264.2949, 0.3216,  
0.3277

 14.1038, 0.3365,  
0.3254

316.8788, 0.3211,  
0.3278

 8.1929, 0.3413,  
0.3246

376.0122, 0.3207,

 4.2186, 0.3484,

0.3279

0.3234

442.0793, 0.3202,  
0.3279

■ 1.7966, 0.3603,  
0.3212

■ 0.4851, 0.4163,  
0.3143

■ 86.1618, 0.3257,  
0.3271

■ 86.1618, 0.3257,  
0.3271

■ 71.4190, 0.3451,  
0.3246

99.9942, 0.3127,  
0.3290

■ 58.8398, 0.3692,  
0.3221

■ 48.3256, 0.3989,  
0.3196

■ 39.7662, 0.4349,  
0.3174

■ 33.0407, 0.4768,  
0.3159

■ 28.0150, 0.5223,  
0.3157

■ 24.5366, 0.5671,  
0.3172

■ 22.4257, 0.6044,  
0.3205

■ 21.4372, 0.6288,  
0.3249

# Harmonies

## Analogous

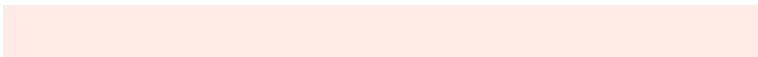
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



86.1618, 0.3184, 0.3201



86.1618, 0.3257, 0.3271



86.1618, 0.3295, 0.3347

# Triad

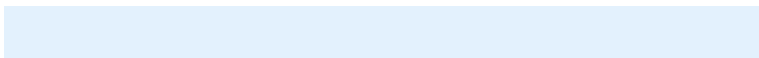
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



86.1618, 0.3257, 0.3271



86.1618, 0.3157, 0.3430



86.1618, 0.2969, 0.3170

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



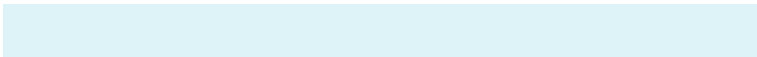
86.1618, 0.3257, 0.3271



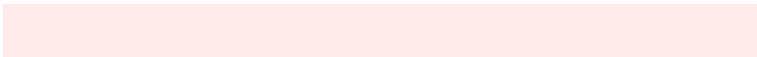
96.0878, 0.3011, 0.3309

# Split Complementary

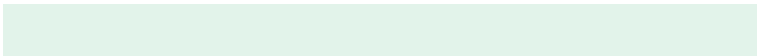
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



86.1618, 0.2962, 0.3230



86.1618, 0.3257, 0.3271



86.1618, 0.3070, 0.3382

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



86.1618, 0.3257, 0.3271



86.1618, 0.3237, 0.3440



86.1618, 0.2999, 0.3308



86.1618, 0.3018, 0.3143

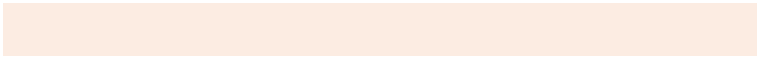


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



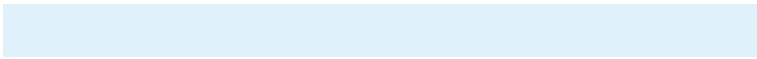
86.1618, 0.3257, 0.3271



86.1618, 0.3295, 0.3391



86.1618, 0.2999, 0.3308



86.1618, 0.2962, 0.3187

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



86.1656, 0.3257, 0.3271



96.4951, 0.3157, 0.3286



86.9330, 0.3123, 0.3087



20.6906, 0.3155, 0.3286



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

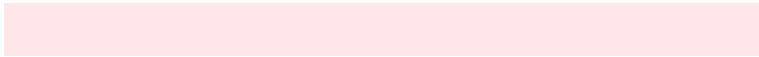


# Same Dimension

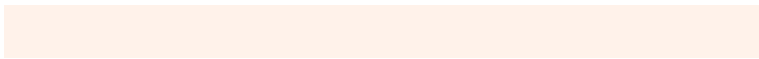
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



86.1656, 0.3257, 0.3271



83.3962, 0.3288, 0.3267



90.9376, 0.3262, 0.3372



18.0148, 0.3280, 0.3268



11.1525, 0.6297, 0.3243



1.0948, 0.6094, 0.3131



# Inverse Universe

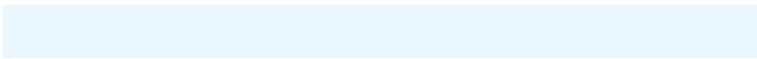
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



86.1656, 0.3257, 0.3271



83.3962, 0.3288, 0.3267



90.9839, 0.3000, 0.3206



18.0148, 0.3280, 0.3268



11.1525, 0.6297, 0.3243

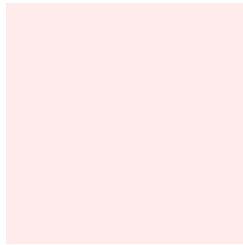


1.0948, 0.6094, 0.3131



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 86.1618, 0.3257, 0.3271 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

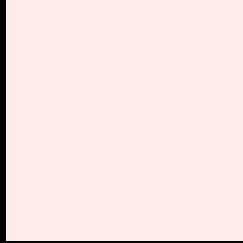
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 86.1618, 0.3257, 0.3271 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

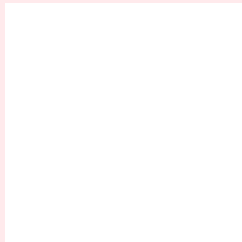
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 86.1618, 0.3257, 0.3271**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 86.1618, 0.3257, 0.3271.

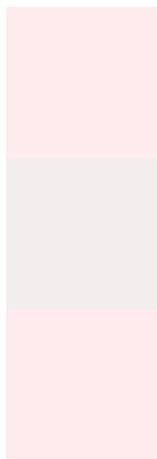


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 86.1618, 0.3257, 0.3271.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

86.1618, 0.3257, 0.3271

### Protanopia

86.3768, 0.3160, 0.3290

### Deuteranopia

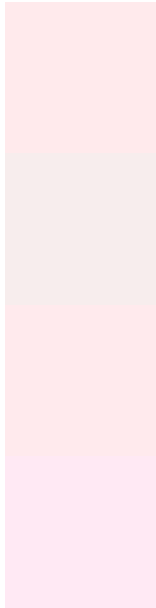
86.2201, 0.3251, 0.3261



## Tritanopia

86.3774, 0.3175, 0.3135

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

86.1618, 0.3257, 0.3271

## Protanomaly

86.4570, 0.3194, 0.3290

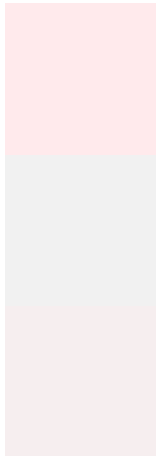
## Deuteranomaly

86.2201, 0.3251, 0.3261

## Tritanomaly

86.0695, 0.3207, 0.3183

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

86.1618, 0.3257, 0.3271

## Achromatopsia

87.9622, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

86.9739, 0.3174, 0.3280

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 86.1618, 0.3257, 0.3271 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 234, 236)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 234, 236)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 234, 236) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 234, 236) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 86.1618, 0.3257, 0.3271 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 234, 236) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 234, 236) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 234, 236)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 234, 236); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 234, 236);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 234,  
236) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 86.1618, 0.3257, 0.3271 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 234, 236) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
234, 236) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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