

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(87.1009, 0.3393, 0.3311)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(87.1009, 0.3393, 0.3311)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(84.6864, 0.3298, 0.3310)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFE8E6
RGB	255, 232, 230
RGB Percent	100%, 91%, 90%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0902, 0.0979
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.10, 0.00
HSL	5°, 100%, 95%
HSV	5°, 10%, 100%
XYZ	84.3794, 84.6864, 86.7844
YIQ	238.6490, 14.3500, 4.2540

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

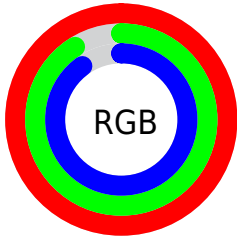
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 232, 230
Decimal	16771302
CIE Lab	93.75, 7.50, 3.79
CIE LCh	94, 8.398, 26.796
Yxy	84.6864, 0.3298, 0.3310
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294961382 (0xFFFFE8E6)
YUV	238.6490, -4.2640, 14.3398
Hunter-Lab	92.0252, 2.6254, 8.5042

# Details

The Yxy color **84.6864, 0.3298, 0.3310** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **94.3062, 0.2976, 0.3270**, and the grayscale version is **86.0575, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290**, and **46.1516, 0.3332, 0.3303** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **71.0121, 0.3514, 0.3332**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **99.9977, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

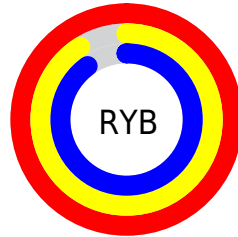
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (91%)

Blue (90%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (91%)

Blue (90%)

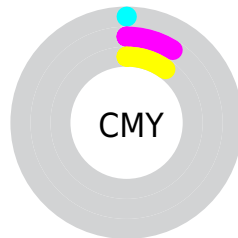


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (10%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (9%)


Yellow (10%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 84.6864, 0.3298, 0.3310 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 84.6864, 0.3298, 0.3310 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 84.6864, 0.3298,  
0.3310

 84.6864, 0.3298,  
0.3310


510.5898, 0.3221,  
0.3302

 63.5823, 0.3315,  
0.3312

139.9349, 0.3272,  
0.3307

 46.3124, 0.3336,  
0.3314


174.8482, 0.3261,  
0.3306

 32.4924, 0.3363,  
0.3316

215.1332, 0.3252,  
0.3305

 21.7379, 0.3397,  
0.3319

261.1745, 0.3244,  
0.3304

 13.6644, 0.3443,  
0.3323

313.3564, 0.3237,  
0.3303

 7.8877, 0.3507,  
0.3328

372.0633, 0.3231,

 4.0231, 0.3604,

0.3303

437.6797, 0.3226,  
0.3302

0.3335

■ 1.6865, 0.3767,  
0.3342

■ 0.4149, 0.4896,  
0.3518

■ 84.6864, 0.3298,  
0.3310

■ 84.6864, 0.3298,  
0.3310

■ 71.0121, 0.3514,  
0.3332

99.9977, 0.3127,  
0.3290

■ 59.2310, 0.3780,  
0.3355

■ 49.2632, 0.4105,  
0.3377

■ 41.0185, 0.4492,  
0.3397

■ 34.3991, 0.4932,  
0.3410

■ 29.2974, 0.5395,  
0.3412

■ 25.5927, 0.5828,  
0.3399

■ 23.1459, 0.6162,  
0.3370

■ 21.7836, 0.6354,  
0.3335

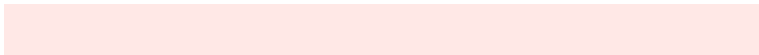
# Harmonies

## Analogous

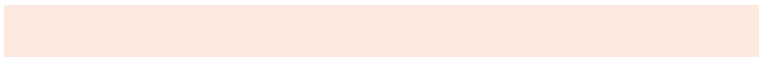
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



84.6864, 0.3233, 0.3227



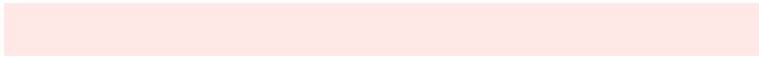
84.6864, 0.3298, 0.3310



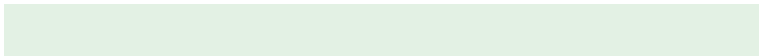
84.6864, 0.3316, 0.3389

# Triad

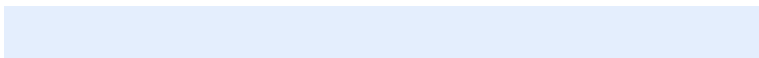
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



84.6864, 0.3298, 0.3310



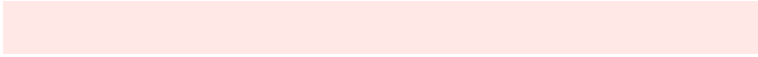
84.6864, 0.3112, 0.3425



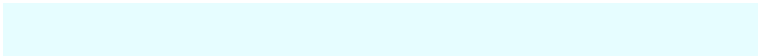
84.6864, 0.2973, 0.3137

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



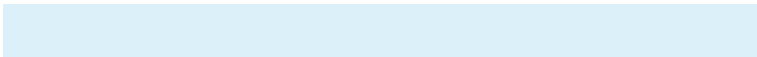
84.6864, 0.3298, 0.3310



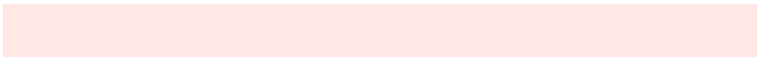
94.3062, 0.2976, 0.3270

# Split Complementary

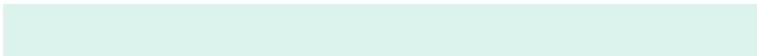
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



84.6864, 0.2942, 0.3187



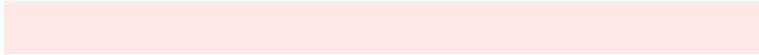
84.6864, 0.3298, 0.3310



84.6864, 0.3021, 0.3354

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



84.6864, 0.3298, 0.3310



84.6864, 0.3208, 0.3457



84.6864, 0.2959, 0.3266



84.6864, 0.3045, 0.3128

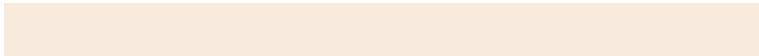


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



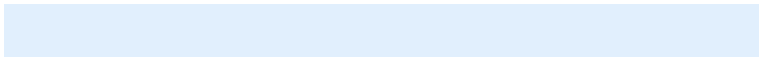
84.6864, 0.3298, 0.3310



84.6864, 0.3300, 0.3430



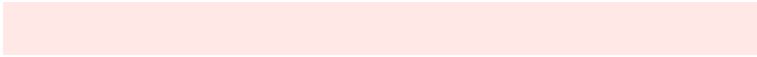
84.6864, 0.2959, 0.3266



84.6864, 0.2957, 0.3149

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



84.6901, 0.3298, 0.3310



95.1045, 0.3176, 0.3296



84.9819, 0.3149, 0.3065



20.0828, 0.3189, 0.3298



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

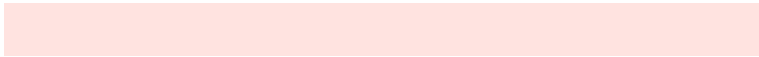


# Same Dimension

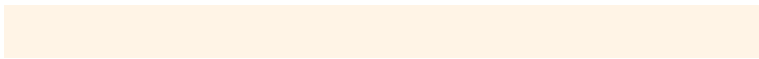
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



84.6901, 0.3298, 0.3310



81.5043, 0.3342, 0.3315



91.7787, 0.3285, 0.3429



18.2179, 0.3293, 0.3309



11.4543, 0.6344, 0.3345

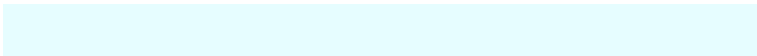


1.1912, 0.6221, 0.3442



# Inverse Universe

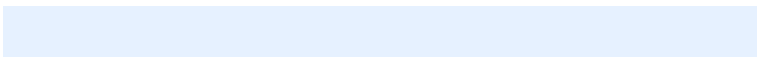
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



94.3062, 0.2976, 0.3270



93.1158, 0.2942, 0.3265



86.8673, 0.2975, 0.3147



20.2209, 0.2980, 0.3271



34.8678, 0.2178, 0.3040

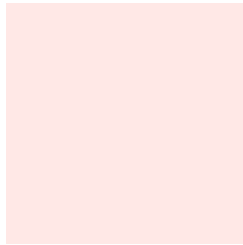


3.4650, 0.2186, 0.3071



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 84.6864, 0.3298, 0.3310 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

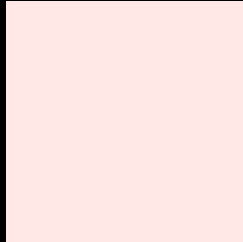
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 84.6864, 0.3298, 0.3310 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

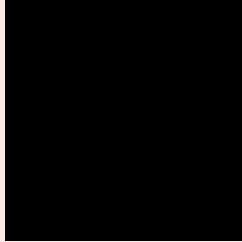
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

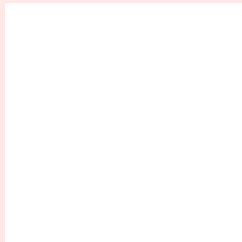
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 84.6864, 0.3298, 0.3310**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 84.6864, 0.3298, 0.3310.

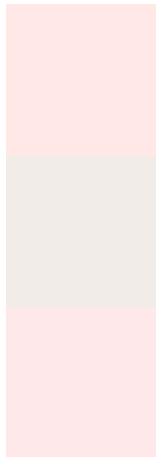


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 84.6864, 0.3298, 0.3310.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

84.6864, 0.3298, 0.3310

### Protanopia

84.6943, 0.3192, 0.3331

### Deuteranopia

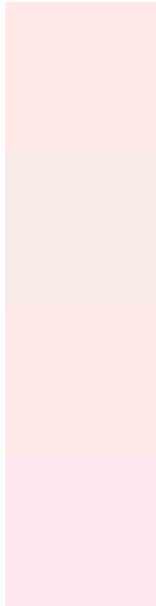
84.8564, 0.3279, 0.3281



## Tritanopia

84.5074, 0.3196, 0.3134

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

84.6864, 0.3298, 0.3310

## Protanomaly

84.9603, 0.3234, 0.3330

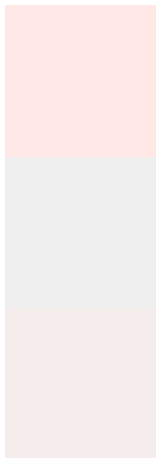
## Deuteranomaly

84.7994, 0.3285, 0.3290

## Tritanomaly

84.7031, 0.3234, 0.3202

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

84.6864, 0.3298, 0.3310

## Achromatopsia

86.3157, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

85.4595, 0.3187, 0.3290

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 84.6864, 0.3298, 0.3310 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 232, 230)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 232, 230)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 232, 230) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 232, 230) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 84.6864, 0.3298, 0.3310 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 232, 230) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 232, 230) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 232, 230)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 232, 230); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 232, 230);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 232,  
230) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 84.6864, 0.3298, 0.3310 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 232, 230) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
232, 230) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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