

# Converting Colors

Yxy(87.8613, 0.2986, 0.3314)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(87.8613, 0.2986, 0.3314)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(87.8153, 0.2982, 0.3310)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DDF6F4
RGB	221, 246, 244
RGB Percent	87%, 96%, 96%
CMY	0.1332, 0.0353, 0.0431
CMYK	0.10, 0.00, 0.01, 0.04
HSL	175°, 58%, 92%
HSV	175°, 10%, 96%
XYZ	79.1134, 87.8153, 98.3744
YIQ	238.2970, -14.2580, -5.9220

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

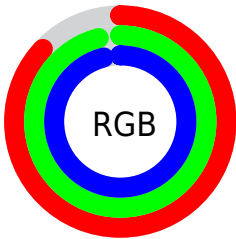
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	221, 234, 246
Decimal	14546676
CIE Lab	95.08, -8.47, -1.82
CIE LCh	95, 8.666, 192.153
Yxy	87.8153, 0.2982, 0.3310
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292736756 (0xFFDDDF6F4)
YUV	238.2970, 2.8116, -15.1695
Hunter-Lab	93.7098, -13.2958, 3.3556

# Details

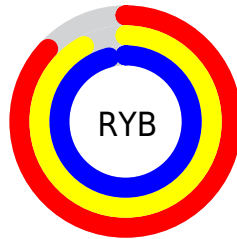
The Yxy color **87.8153, 0.2982, 0.3310** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **76.6554, 0.3293, 0.3270**, and the grayscale version is **85.7356, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290**, and **48.5647, 0.2951, 0.3316** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **84.1172, 0.2847, 0.3332**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **92.0878, 0.3125, 0.3290**.

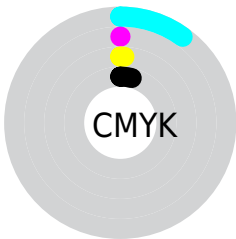
# Distribution



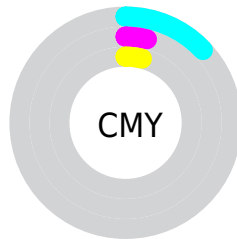
- Red (87%)
- Green (96%)
- Blue (96%)



- Red (87%)
- Yellow (92%)
- Blue (96%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (4%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (4%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 87.8153, 0.2982, 0.3310 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 87.8153, 0.2982, 0.3310 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



87.8153, 0.2982,  
0.3310

87.8153, 0.2982,  
0.3310

520.8982, 0.3047,  
0.3301

66.1701, 0.2968,  
0.3312

144.3000, 0.3004,  
0.3307

48.4105, 0.2950,  
0.3314

179.9083, 0.3013,  
0.3306

34.1521, 0.2929,  
0.3317

220.9397, 0.3020,  
0.3305

23.0105, 0.2901,  
0.3320

267.7787, 0.3027,  
0.3304

14.6012, 0.2864,  
0.3324

320.8097, 0.3033,  
0.3303

8.5400, 0.2814,  
0.3330


380.4170, 0.3038,


4.4424, 0.2739,


0.3303


446.9850, 0.3043,  
0.3302


0.3338


 1.9240, 0.2617,  
0.3350


 0.5627, 0.2011,  
0.3450


 87.8153, 0.2982,  
0.3310


 87.8153, 0.2982,  
0.3310


 84.1172, 0.2847,  
0.3332


 92.0878, 0.3125,  
0.3290


 80.9579, 0.2722,  
0.3355

 93.9408, 0.3174,  
0.3272

 78.3149, 0.2610,  
0.3380

 94.0628, 0.3162,  
0.3253

 76.1596, 0.2515,  
0.3406

 94.1862, 0.3150,  
0.3234

■ 74.4607, 0.2438,  
0.3432

■ 94.3108, 0.3138,  
0.3215

■ 73.1835, 0.2380,  
0.3460

■ 94.3882, 0.3131,  
0.3204

■ 72.2880, 0.2341,  
0.3487

■ 71.7265, 0.2322,  
0.3514

■ 71.4225, 0.2317,  
0.3540

# Harmonies

## Analogous

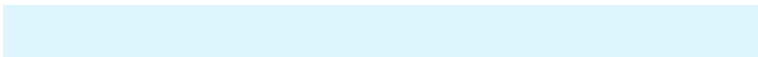
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



87.8153, 0.3062, 0.3394



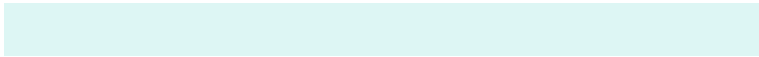
87.8153, 0.2982, 0.3310



87.8153, 0.2941, 0.3222

# Triad

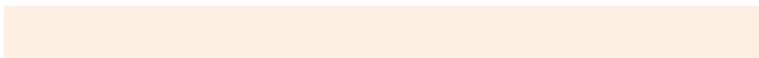
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



87.8153, 0.2982, 0.3310



87.8153, 0.3092, 0.3137



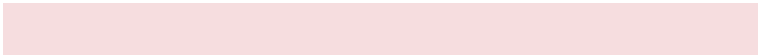
87.8153, 0.3309, 0.3424

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



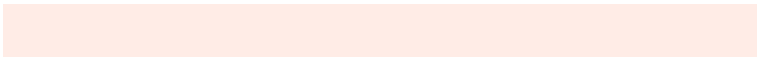
87.8153, 0.2982, 0.3310



76.6554, 0.3293, 0.3270

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



87.8153, 0.3318, 0.3354



87.8153, 0.2982, 0.3310



87.8153, 0.3191, 0.3190

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



87.8153, 0.2982, 0.3310



87.8153, 0.3003, 0.3124



87.8153, 0.3274, 0.3268



87.8153, 0.3251, 0.3460

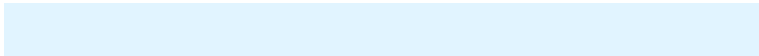


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



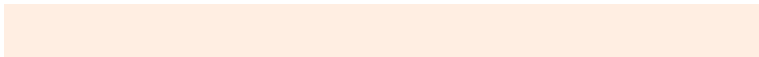
87.8153, 0.2982, 0.3310



87.8153, 0.2940, 0.3173



87.8153, 0.3274, 0.3268



87.8153, 0.3318, 0.3404

# Sweetspot

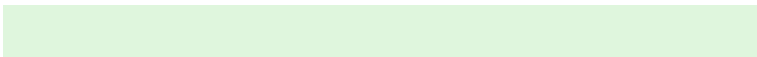
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



87.8190, 0.2982, 0.3310



98.5387, 0.3084, 0.3296



86.8379, 0.3128, 0.3552



21.0098, 0.3072, 0.3297



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



87.8190, 0.2982, 0.3310



94.4955, 0.2956, 0.3314



81.7912, 0.2970, 0.3182



18.7337, 0.2991, 0.3309



38.1343, 0.2316, 0.3536



3.3583, 0.2306, 0.3502



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



76.6554, 0.3293, 0.3270



80.3235, 0.3328, 0.3266



82.2119, 0.3295, 0.3396



16.5039, 0.3281, 0.3272



10.4918, 0.6315, 0.3252

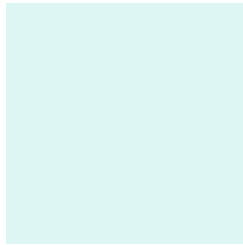


0.9294, 0.6118, 0.3144



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 87.8153, 0.2982, 0.3310 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

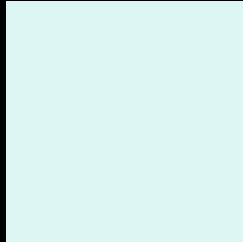
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 87.8153, 0.2982, 0.3310 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

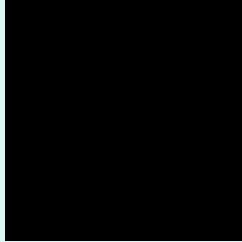
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

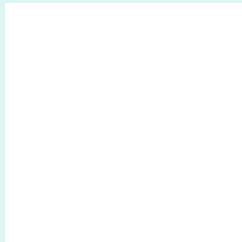
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 87.8153, 0.2982, 0.3310**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 87.8153, 0.2982, 0.3310.

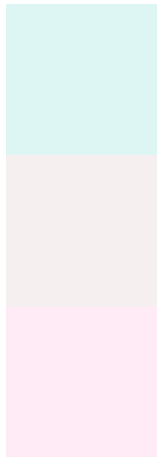


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 87.8153, 0.2982, 0.3310.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

87.8153, 0.2982, 0.3310

### Protanopia

87.4368, 0.3161, 0.3280

### Deuteranopia

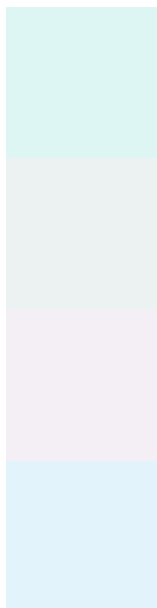
87.2692, 0.3199, 0.3193



## Tritanopia

87.5473, 0.2974, 0.3159

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

87.8153, 0.2982, 0.3310

## Protanomaly

87.6880, 0.3094, 0.3300

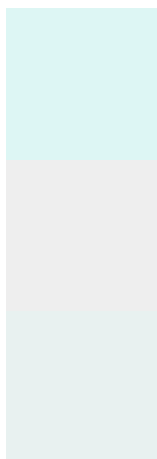
## Deuteranomaly

87.3803, 0.3117, 0.3230

## Tritanomaly

87.3971, 0.2979, 0.3208

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

87.8153, 0.2982, 0.3310

## Achromatopsia

85.4993, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

86.3577, 0.3075, 0.3300

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 87.8153, 0.2982, 0.3310 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(221, 246, 244)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(221, 246, 244)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(221, 246, 244) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(221, 246, 244) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 87.8153, 0.2982, 0.3310 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(221, 246, 244) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(221, 246, 244) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(221, 246, 244)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(221, 246, 244); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(221, 246, 244);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(221, 246,  
244) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 87.8153, 0.2982, 0.3310 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(221, 246, 244) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(221,  
246, 244) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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