

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(88.0953, 0.2706, 0.3317)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(88.0953, 0.2706, 0.3317)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(88.1320, 0.2710, 0.3321)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B3FFFC
RGB	179, 255, 252
RGB Percent	70%, 100%, 99%
CMY	0.2982, 0.0000, 0.0117
CMYK	0.30, 0.00, 0.01, 0.00
HSL	178°, 100%, 85%
HSV	178°, 30%, 100%
XYZ	71.9174, 88.1320, 105.3285
YIQ	231.9340, -44.3330, -17.0450

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

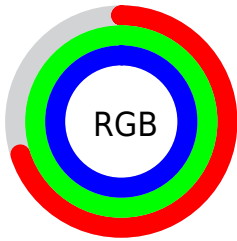
Format	Color
<b>RYB</b>	179, 218, 255
Decimal	11796476
CIELab	95.22, -23.76, -6.05
CIELCh	95, 24.520, 194.277
Yxy	88.1320, 0.2710, 0.3321
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289986556 (0xFFB3FFFC)
YUV	231.9340, 9.8925, -46.4231
Hunter-Lab	93.8786, -27.5445, -0.8062

# Details

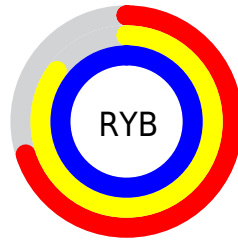
The Yxy color **88.1320, 0.2710, 0.3321** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FFFF**. A complement of this color would be **56.8640, 0.3773, 0.3261**, and the grayscale version is **80.5875, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **96.7445, 0.3017, 0.3290**, and **48.5393, 0.2622, 0.3331** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **85.3043, 0.2594, 0.3333**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **91.5170, 0.2840, 0.3310**.

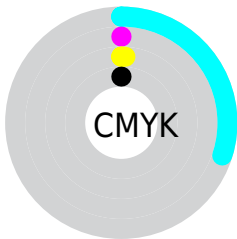
# Distribution



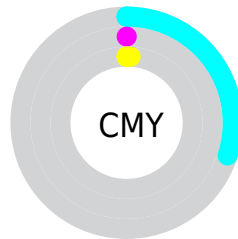
- Red (70%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (99%)



- Red (70%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 88.1320, 0.2710, 0.3321 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 88.1320, 0.2710, 0.3321 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 88.1320, 0.2710,  
0.3321

 88.1320, 0.2710,  
0.3321


521.9354, 0.2894,  
0.3310

 66.4324, 0.2670,  
0.3323


 144.7409, 0.2772,  
0.3318

 48.6235, 0.2621,  
0.3325


180.4190, 0.2797,  
0.3316

 34.3209, 0.2561,  
0.3327


221.5254, 0.2819,  
0.3315

 23.1402, 0.2485,  
0.3329

268.4445, 0.2837,  
0.3314

 14.6971, 0.2385,  
0.3330

321.5606, 0.2854,  
0.3313

 8.6071, 0.2249,  
0.3329

381.2582, 0.2869,

 4.4858, 0.2053,

0.3312

447.9217, 0.2882,  
0.3311

0.3323

1.9488, 0.1752,  
0.3301

0.5775, 0.0000,  
0.3539

88.1320, 0.2710,  
0.3321

88.1320, 0.2710,  
0.3321

85.3043, 0.2594,  
0.3333

91.5170, 0.2840,  
0.3310

83.0100, 0.2495,  
0.3345

95.4951, 0.2981,  
0.3299

81.2128, 0.2415,  
0.3358

100.0000, 0.3127,  
0.3290

79.8748, 0.2354,  
0.3371

■ 78.9523, 0.2312,  
0.3384

■ 78.3938, 0.2289,  
0.3397

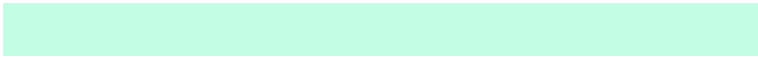
■ 78.1164, 0.2281,  
0.3410

■ 78.1122, 0.2281,  
0.3410

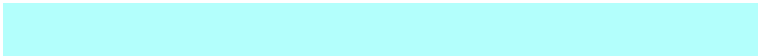
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



88.1320, 0.2921, 0.3576



88.1320, 0.2710, 0.3321



88.1320, 0.2609, 0.3070

# Triad

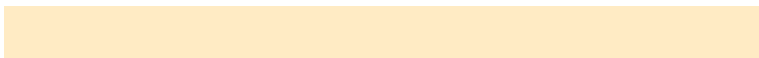
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



88.1320, 0.2710, 0.3321



88.1320, 0.3041, 0.2880



88.1320, 0.3635, 0.3670

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



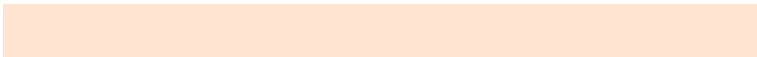
88.1320, 0.2710, 0.3321



56.8640, 0.3773, 0.3261

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



88.1320, 0.3675, 0.3471



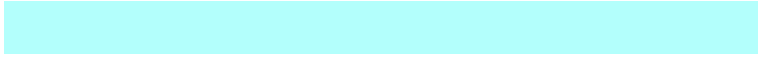
88.1320, 0.2710, 0.3321



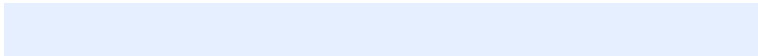
88.1320, 0.3323, 0.3027

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



88.1320, 0.2710, 0.3321



88.1320, 0.2794, 0.2831



88.1320, 0.3559, 0.3238



88.1320, 0.3456, 0.3778



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



88.1320, 0.2710, 0.3321



88.1320, 0.2614, 0.2942



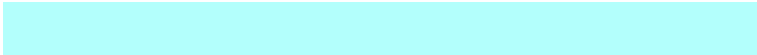
88.1320, 0.3559, 0.3238



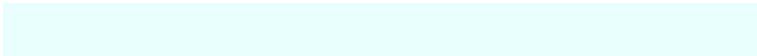
88.1320, 0.3666, 0.3611

# Sweetspot

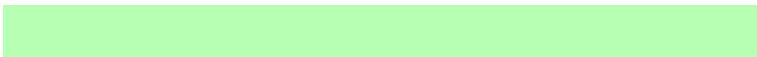
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



88.1296, 0.2710, 0.3321



95.8463, 0.2993, 0.3299



84.8129, 0.3109, 0.4161



20.3815, 0.2972, 0.3300



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

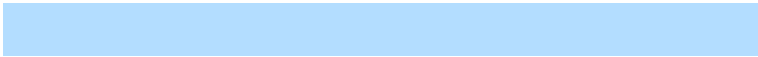
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



88.1296, 0.2710, 0.3321



86.3178, 0.2637, 0.3328



68.4007, 0.2653, 0.2906



20.4684, 0.2985, 0.3299



40.8208, 0.2280, 0.3408



3.9783, 0.2276, 0.3393



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56.8640, 0.3773, 0.3261



50.3082, 0.3968, 0.3255



72.1946, 0.3695, 0.3644



17.9986, 0.3288, 0.3281



11.1253, 0.6361, 0.3278

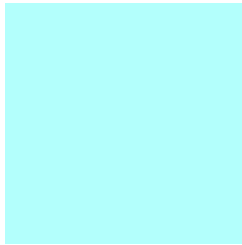


1.0871, 0.6268, 0.3227



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 88.1320, 0.2710, 0.3321 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

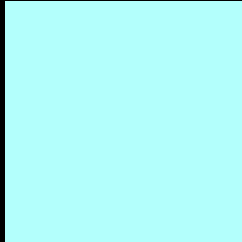
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 88.1320, 0.2710, 0.3321 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

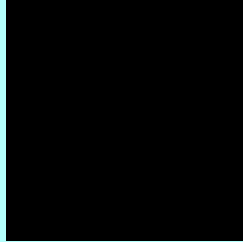
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 88.1320, 0.2710, 0.3321**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 88.1320, 0.2710, 0.3321.

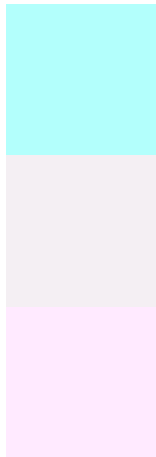


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 88.1320, 0.2710, 0.3321.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

88.1320, 0.2710, 0.3321

### Protanopia

87.4372, 0.3136, 0.3250

### Deuteranopia

87.3256, 0.3137, 0.3088



## Tritanopia

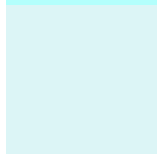
87.8832, 0.2897, 0.3197

# Trichromacy



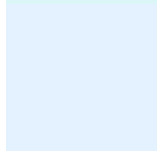
## Original Color

88.1320, 0.2710, 0.3321



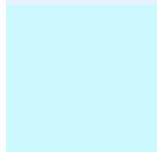
## Protanomaly

87.1743, 0.2964, 0.3279



## Deuteranomaly

86.9909, 0.2962, 0.3168



## Tritanomaly

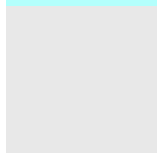
87.6036, 0.2823, 0.3237

# Monochromacy



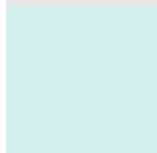
## Original Color

88.1320, 0.2710, 0.3321



## Achromatopsia

80.6952, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

82.6983, 0.2960, 0.3300

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 88.1320, 0.2710, 0.3321 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(179, 255, 252)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(179, 255, 252)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(179, 255, 252) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(179, 255, 252) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 88.1320, 0.2710, 0.3321 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(179, 255, 252) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(179, 255, 252) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(179, 255, 252)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(179, 255, 252); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 255, 252);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 255,  
252) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 88.1320, 0.2710, 0.3321 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(179, 255, 252) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(179,  
255, 252) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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