

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(88.1857, 0.3118, 0.3296)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(88.1857, 0.3118, 0.3296)  
contains.

<b>Yxy(88.3804, 0.3120, 0.3300)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	23
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	26
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	29

# Color

**Yxy(88.3804, 0.3120, 0.3300)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F0F2F1
RGB	240, 242, 241
RGB Percent	94%, 95%, 95%
CMY	0.0589, 0.0509, 0.0549
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 0.00, 0.05
HSL	150°, 7%, 95%
HSV	150°, 1%, 95%
XYZ	83.5597, 88.3804, 95.8793
YIQ	241.2880, -0.8710, -0.7350

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

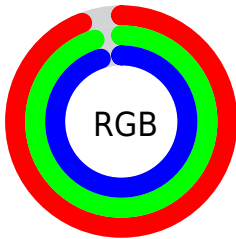
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	240, 241, 242
Decimal	15790833
CIE Lab	95.32, -0.85, 0.23
CIE LCh	95, 0.877, 164.515
Yxy	88.3804, 0.3120, 0.3300
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293980913 (0xFFFF0F2F1)
YUV	241.2880, -0.1420, -1.1296
Hunter-Lab	94.0109, -5.8629, 5.3392

# Details

The Yxy color **88.3804, 0.3120, 0.3300** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **87.5371, 0.3134, 0.3280**, and the grayscale version is **88.2038, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290**, and **48.8109, 0.3118, 0.3303** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **83.7369, 0.3035, 0.3427**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **91.8602, 0.3145, 0.3185**.

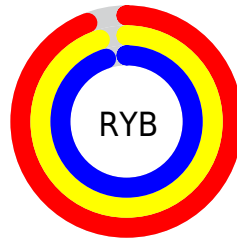
# Distribution



Red (94%)

Green (95%)

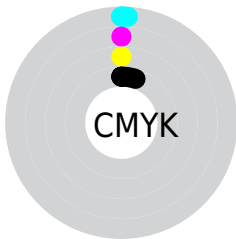
Blue (95%)



Red (94%)

Yellow (95%)

Blue (95%)

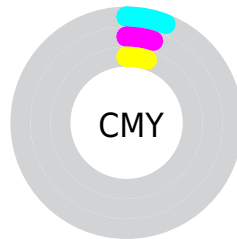


Cyan (1%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (5%)



Cyan (6%)

Magenta (5%)

Yellow (5%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 88.3804, 0.3120, 0.3300 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 88.3804, 0.3120, 0.3300 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



88.3804, 0.3120,  
0.3300

88.3804, 0.3120,  
0.3300

522.7482, 0.3123,  
0.3296

66.6382, 0.3119,  
0.3301

145.0866, 0.3121,  
0.3299

48.7906, 0.3118,  
0.3302

180.8194, 0.3122,  
0.3298

34.4534, 0.3117,  
0.3304

221.9845, 0.3122,  
0.3297

23.2421, 0.3116,  
0.3305

268.9663, 0.3122,  
0.3297

14.7724, 0.3114,  
0.3308

322.1491, 0.3123,  
0.3297

8.6598, 0.3111,  
0.3311

381.9175, 0.3123,

4.5200, 0.3108,

0.3296

0.3317

448.6557, 0.3123,  
0.3296

■ 1.9685, 0.3101,  
0.3325

■ 0.5891, 0.3076,  
0.3360

■ 88.3804, 0.3120,  
0.3300

■ 88.3804, 0.3120,  
0.3300

■ 83.7369, 0.3035,  
0.3427

■ 91.8602, 0.3145,  
0.3185

■ 79.6782, 0.2953,  
0.3569

■ 91.9912, 0.3133,  
0.3166

■ 76.1835, 0.2876,  
0.3726

■ 73.2265, 0.2808,  
0.3897

■ 70.7787, 0.2751,  
0.4079

■ 68.8087, 0.2709,  
0.4270

■ 67.2819, 0.2684,  
0.4466

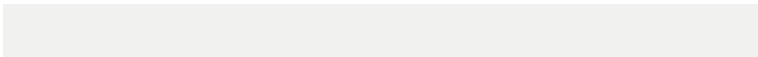
■ 66.1584, 0.2680,  
0.4661

■ 65.3906, 0.2697,  
0.4850

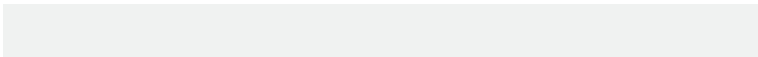
# Harmonies

## Analogous

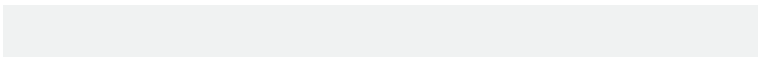
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



88.3804, 0.3130, 0.3306



88.3804, 0.3120, 0.3300



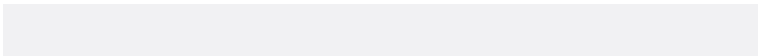
88.3804, 0.3112, 0.3292

# Triad

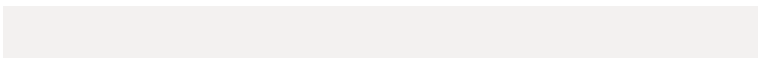
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



88.3804, 0.3120, 0.3300



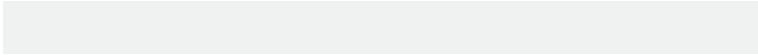
88.3804, 0.3115, 0.3273



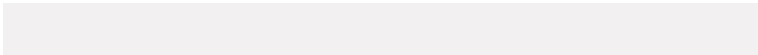
88.3804, 0.3146, 0.3298

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



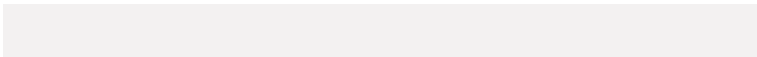
88.3804, 0.3120, 0.3300



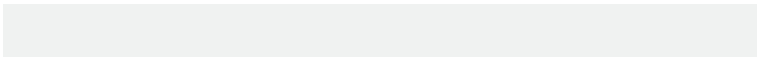
87.5371, 0.3134, 0.3280

# Split Complementary

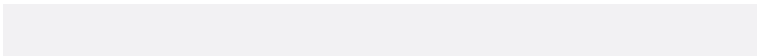
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



88.3804, 0.3143, 0.3289



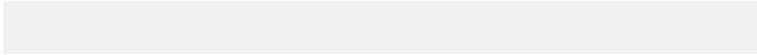
88.3804, 0.3120, 0.3300



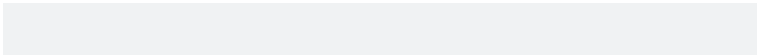
88.3804, 0.3125, 0.3275

# Square

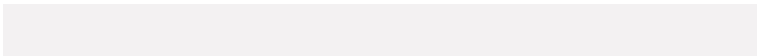
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



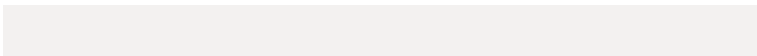
88.3804, 0.3120, 0.3300



88.3804, 0.3109, 0.3276



88.3804, 0.3135, 0.3280



88.3804, 0.3145, 0.3304

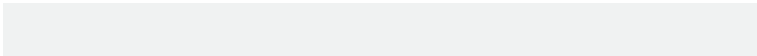


# Rectangle

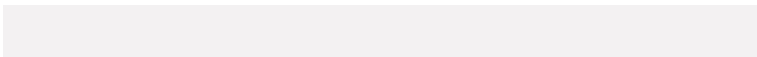
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



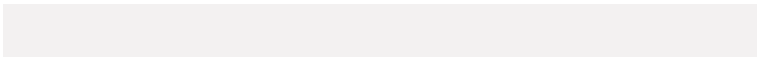
88.3804, 0.3120, 0.3300



88.3804, 0.3109, 0.3286



88.3804, 0.3135, 0.3280



88.3804, 0.3146, 0.3295

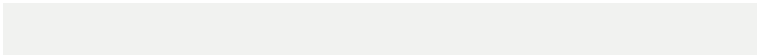
# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



88.3842, 0.3120, 0.3300

100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290



88.5012, 0.3133, 0.3310



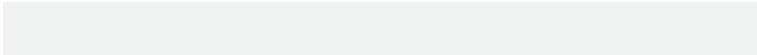
21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

# Same Dimension

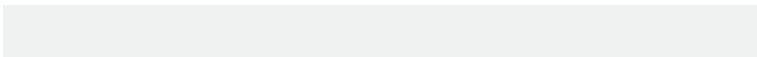
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



88.3842, 0.3120, 0.3300



99.4387, 0.3119, 0.3302



88.4443, 0.3114, 0.3290



18.6323, 0.3119, 0.3301



34.9047, 0.2718, 0.4985



2.9238, 0.2652, 0.4747



# Inverse Universe

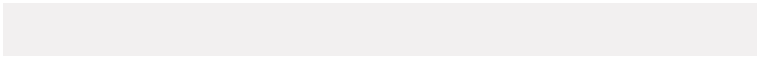
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



87.5371, 0.3134, 0.3280



98.3009, 0.3136, 0.3278



87.4773, 0.3141, 0.3290



18.4310, 0.3135, 0.3279



10.8901, 0.4985, 0.2520

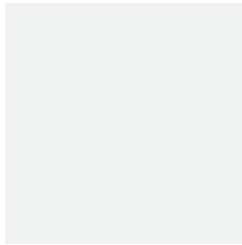


0.9260, 0.4689, 0.2357



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 88.3804, 0.3120, 0.3300 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

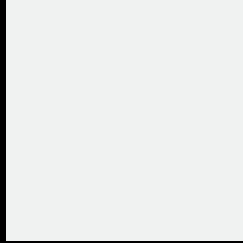
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 88.3804, 0.3120, 0.3300 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

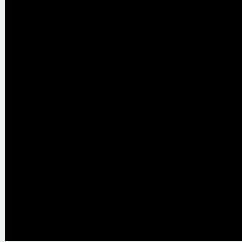
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

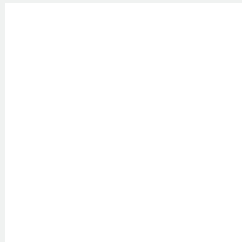


**Yxy 88.3804, 0.3120, 0.3300**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 88.3804, 0.3120, 0.3300.

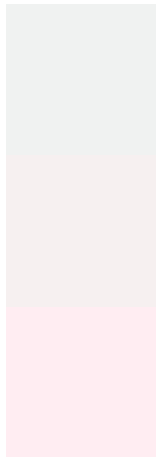


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 88.3804, 0.3120, 0.3300.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

88.3804, 0.3120, 0.3300

### Protanopia

88.2043, 0.3167, 0.3290

### Deuteranopia

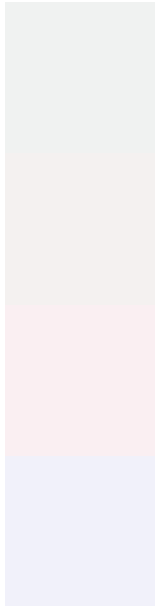
88.2392, 0.3216, 0.3242



## Tritanopia

88.4174, 0.3050, 0.3142

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

88.3804, 0.3120, 0.3300

## Protanomaly

88.4350, 0.3153, 0.3300

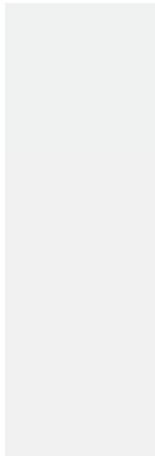
## Deuteranomaly

88.4678, 0.3181, 0.3261

## Tritanomaly

88.5135, 0.3073, 0.3201

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

88.3804, 0.3120, 0.3300

## Achromatopsia

87.9622, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

87.9622, 0.3127, 0.3290

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 88.3804, 0.3120, 0.3300 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(240, 242, 241)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(240, 242, 241)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(240, 242, 241) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(240, 242, 241) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 88.3804, 0.3120, 0.3300 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(240, 242, 241) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(240, 242, 241) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(240, 242, 241) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(240, 242, 241); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(240, 242, 241);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(240, 242,  
241) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 88.3804, 0.3120, 0.3300 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(240, 242, 241) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(240,  
242, 241) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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