

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(88.3986, 0.2523, 0.3829)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(88.3986, 0.2523, 0.3829)  
contains.

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# Color

**$\text{Yxy}(79.2290, 0.2488, 0.3669)$**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5DFFE0
RGB	93, 255, 224
RGB Percent	36%, 100%, 88%
CMY	0.6354, 0.0000, 0.1215
CMYK	0.64, 0.00, 0.12, 0.00
HSL	169°, 100%, 68%
HSV	169°, 64%, 100%
XYZ	53.7263, 79.2290, 82.9864
YIQ	203.0280, -86.6010, -43.9850

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

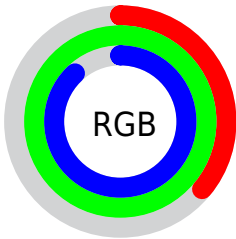
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	93, 183, 255
Decimal	6160352
CIE Lab	91.34, -49.25, 2.38
CIE LCh	91, 49.305, 177.238
Yxy	79.2290, 0.2488, 0.3669
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284350432 (0xFF5DFFE0)
YUV	203.0280, 10.3392, -96.4946
Hunter-Lab	89.0107, -48.0272, 7.0302

# Details

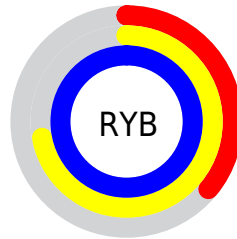
The Yxy color **79.2290, 0.2488, 0.3669** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66FFCC**. The color can be described as light muted cyan. A complement of this color would be **30.5367, 0.4797, 0.3003**, and the grayscale version is **59.7072, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **86.1109, 0.2601, 0.3288**, and **42.7971, 0.2374, 0.3745** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **77.8512, 0.2445, 0.3739**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **81.0549, 0.2550, 0.3600**.

# Distribution



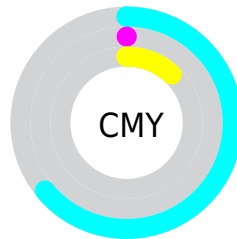
- Red (36%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (88%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (72%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (64%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (64%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (12%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 79.2290, 0.2488, 0.3669 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 79.2290, 0.2488, 0.3669 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 79.2290, 0.2488,  
0.3669

 79.2290, 0.2488,  
0.3669


492.3307, 0.2778,  
0.3495


 59.0841, 0.2423,  
0.3708


 132.2812, 0.2587,  
0.3609

 42.6808, 0.2344,  
0.3756

 165.9573, 0.2626,  
0.3586

 29.6348, 0.2246,  
0.3817


 204.9126, 0.2660,  
0.3566

 19.5615, 0.2119,  
0.3895

249.5315, 0.2690,  
0.3548

 12.0767, 0.1952,  
0.4000

300.1983, 0.2716,  
0.3532

 6.7960, 0.1721,  
0.4147


357.2975, 0.2739,


 3.3348, 0.1387,

0.3519

0.4366


421.2135, 0.2759,  
0.3506


 1.3089, 0.0000,  
0.5175


 0.1481, 0.0000,  
1.0000


 79.2290, 0.2488,  
0.3669


 79.2290, 0.2488,  
0.3669


 77.8512, 0.2445,  
0.3739

 81.0549, 0.2550,  
0.3600


 76.8795, 0.2422,  
0.3809


 83.3730, 0.2631,  
0.3534


 76.2564, 0.2418,  
0.3879

 86.2173, 0.2727,  
0.3471

 75.9873, 0.2423,  
0.3924

 89.6198, 0.2836,  
0.3411

 93.6101, 0.2955,  
0.3357

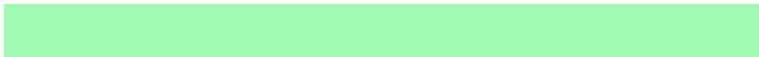
 98.2157, 0.3081,  
0.3307

100.0000, 0.3127,  
0.3290

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



79.2290, 0.2989, 0.4167



79.2290, 0.2488, 0.3669



79.2290, 0.2174, 0.3084

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



79.2290, 0.2488, 0.3669



79.2290, 0.2638, 0.2406



79.2290, 0.4271, 0.3798

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



79.2290, 0.2488, 0.3669



30.5367, 0.4797, 0.3003

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



79.2290, 0.4179, 0.3351



79.2290, 0.2488, 0.3669



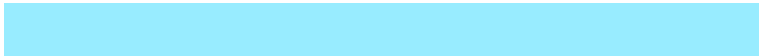
79.2290, 0.3185, 0.2590

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



79.2290, 0.2488, 0.3669



79.2290, 0.2257, 0.2412



79.2290, 0.3766, 0.2925

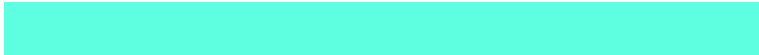


79.2290, 0.4029, 0.4174



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



79.2290, 0.2488, 0.3669



79.2290, 0.2096, 0.2763



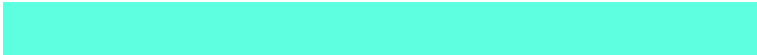
79.2290, 0.3766, 0.2925



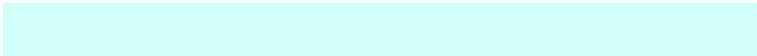
79.2290, 0.4280, 0.3651

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



79.2276, 0.2488, 0.3669



91.3581, 0.2889, 0.3386



76.6977, 0.3175, 0.5266



19.3171, 0.2856, 0.3402



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



79.2276, 0.2488, 0.3669



77.5769, 0.2438, 0.3756



53.8757, 0.2222, 0.2677



20.4184, 0.3006, 0.3336



39.7262, 0.2420, 0.3912



3.8826, 0.2398, 0.3833



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



30.5367, 0.4797, 0.3003



25.5058, 0.5322, 0.3007



41.2696, 0.4819, 0.3765



18.0438, 0.3264, 0.3245



11.2398, 0.6102, 0.3135

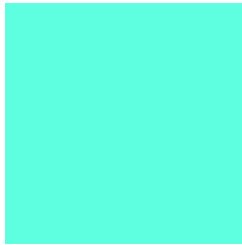


1.1086, 0.5809, 0.2974



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 79.2290, 0.2488, 0.3669 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

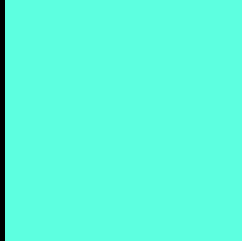
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 79.2290, 0.2488, 0.3669 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

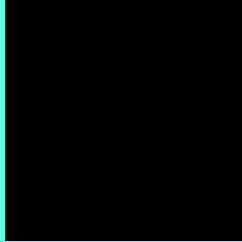
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

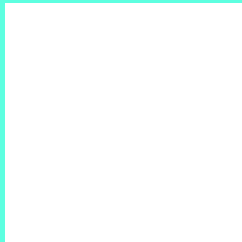
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 79.2290, 0.2488, 0.3669**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 79.2290, 0.2488, 0.3669.

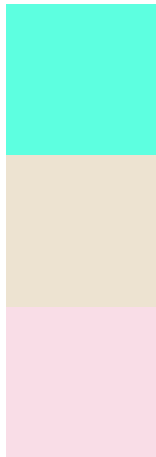


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 79.2290, 0.2488, 0.3669.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

79.2290, 0.2488, 0.3669

### Protanopia

77.5461, 0.3316, 0.3480

### Deuteranopia

77.6222, 0.3260, 0.3189



## Tritanopia

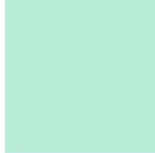
78.8313, 0.2613, 0.3144

# Trichromacy



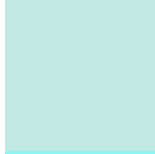
## Original Color

79.2290, 0.2488, 0.3669



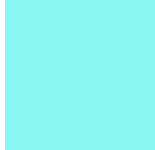
## Protanomaly

75.7377, 0.2929, 0.3554



## Deuteranomaly

75.0857, 0.2891, 0.3345



## Tritanomaly

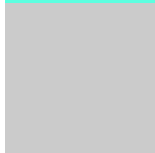
78.5421, 0.2549, 0.3323

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

79.2290, 0.2488, 0.3669



## Achromatopsia

59.7202, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

64.7322, 0.2803, 0.3424

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 79.2290, 0.2488, 0.3669 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(93, 255, 224)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(93, 255, 224)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(93, 255, 224) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(93, 255, 224) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 79.2290, 0.2488, 0.3669 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(93, 255, 224) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(93, 255, 224) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(93, 255, 224)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(93, 255, 224); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 255, 224);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 255,  
224) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 79.2290, 0.2488, 0.3669 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(93, 255, 224) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(93, 255,  
224) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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