

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(88.9252, 0.3176, 0.3305)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(88.9252, 0.3176, 0.3305)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(88.9167, 0.3179, 0.3310)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F7F1EF
RGB	247, 241, 239
RGB Percent	97%, 95%, 94%
CMY	0.0313, 0.0549, 0.0628
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.03, 0.03
HSL	15°, 33%, 95%
HSV	15°, 3%, 97%
XYZ	85.3976, 88.9167, 94.3162
YIQ	242.5660, 4.2180, 0.6500

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

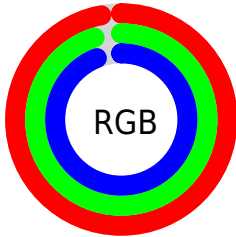
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	247, 242, 239
Decimal	16249327
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	95.55, 1.67, 1.67
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	96, 2.363, 44.944
Yxy	88.9167, 0.3179, 0.3310
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294439407 (0xFFFF7F1EF)
YUV	242.5660, -1.7580, 3.8886
Hunter-Lab	94.2957, -3.3612, 6.7041

# Details

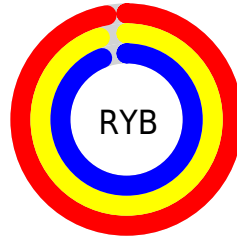
The Yxy color **88.9167, 0.3179, 0.3310** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **90.3807, 0.3077, 0.3270**, and the grayscale version is **89.2810, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290**, and **49.1932, 0.3193, 0.3316** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **77.1421, 0.3359, 0.3375**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **98.5183, 0.3078, 0.3290**.

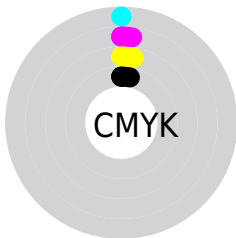
# Distribution



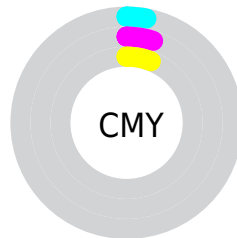
- Red (97%)
- Green (95%)
- Blue (94%)



- Red (97%)
- Yellow (95%)
- Blue (94%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (3%)




- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (6%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 88.9167, 0.3179, 0.3310 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 88.9167, 0.3179, 0.3310 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 88.9167, 0.3179,  
0.3310

 88.9167, 0.3179,  
0.3310

524.5006, 0.3156,  
0.3301

 67.0825, 0.3184,  
0.3312


145.8327, 0.3171,  
0.3307

 49.1517, 0.3190,  
0.3314

181.6834, 0.3168,  
0.3306

 34.7398, 0.3198,  
0.3317

222.9749, 0.3165,  
0.3305

 23.4625, 0.3208,  
0.3321

270.0918, 0.3163,  
0.3304

 14.9354, 0.3221,  
0.3326

323.4184, 0.3161,  
0.3303

 8.7741, 0.3240,  
0.3333

383.3392, 0.3159,

 4.5941, 0.3267,

0.3302

450.2384, 0.3157,  
0.3302

0.3342

■ 2.0111, 0.3311,  
0.3358

■ 0.6139, 0.3488,  
0.3430

■ 88.9167, 0.3179,  
0.3310

■ 88.9167, 0.3179,  
0.3310

■ 77.1421, 0.3359,  
0.3375

■ 98.5183, 0.3078,  
0.3290

■ 66.6375, 0.3575,  
0.3443

■ 57.3635, 0.3833,  
0.3514

■ 49.2741, 0.4137,  
0.3582

■ 42.3207, 0.4485,  
0.3641

■ 36.4510, 0.4869,  
0.3682

■ 31.6085, 0.5267,  
0.3694

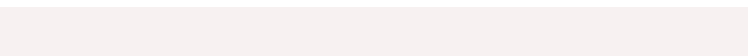
■ 27.7310, 0.5641,  
0.3666

■ 24.7489, 0.5948,  
0.3596

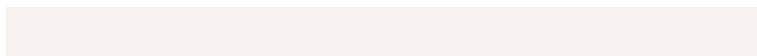
# Harmonies

## Analogous

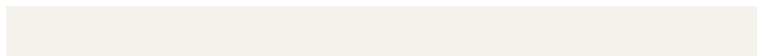
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



88.9167, 0.3169, 0.3287



88.9167, 0.3179, 0.3310



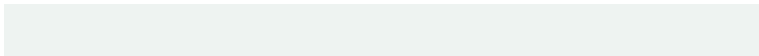
88.9167, 0.3175, 0.3328

# Triad

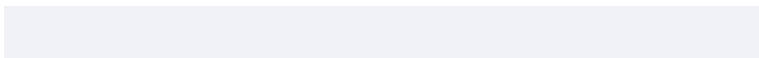
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



88.9167, 0.3179, 0.3310



88.9167, 0.3107, 0.3316



88.9167, 0.3096, 0.3244

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



88.9167, 0.3179, 0.3310



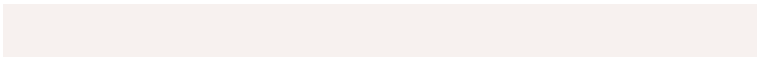
90.3807, 0.3077, 0.3270

# Split Complementary

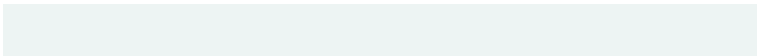
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



88.9167, 0.3079, 0.3252



88.9167, 0.3179, 0.3310



88.9167, 0.3086, 0.3294

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



88.9167, 0.3179, 0.3310



88.9167, 0.3134, 0.3332



88.9167, 0.3076, 0.3270

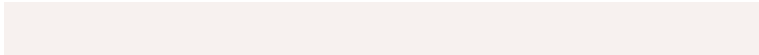


88.9167, 0.3120, 0.3249

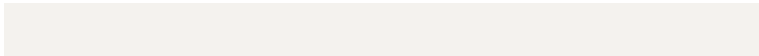


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



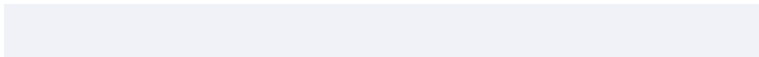
88.9167, 0.3179, 0.3310



88.9167, 0.3166, 0.3335



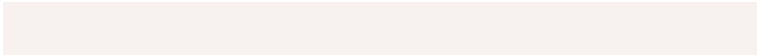
88.9167, 0.3076, 0.3270



88.9167, 0.3089, 0.3246

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



88.9206, 0.3179, 0.3310



98.6226, 0.3143, 0.3296



88.1088, 0.3142, 0.3229



21.1238, 0.3142, 0.3296



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

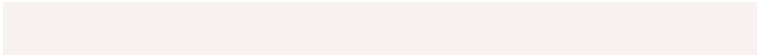


21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

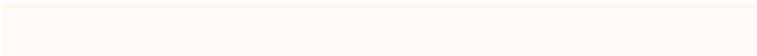


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



88.9206, 0.3179, 0.3310



94.5759, 0.3191, 0.3315



91.2431, 0.3176, 0.3348



18.3464, 0.3204, 0.3319



12.4536, 0.6078, 0.3556



1.2513, 0.5837, 0.3747



# Inverse Universe

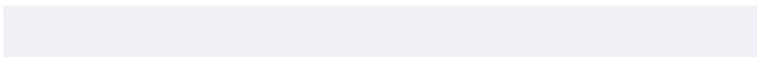
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



90.3807, 0.3077, 0.3270



96.5006, 0.3065, 0.3265



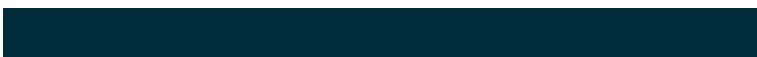
88.0564, 0.3078, 0.3231



18.7905, 0.3054, 0.3260



22.1967, 0.2017, 0.2459

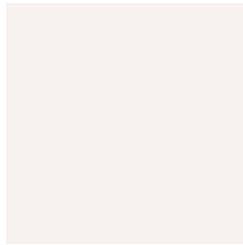


2.1127, 0.2049, 0.2576



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 88.9167, 0.3179, 0.3310 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

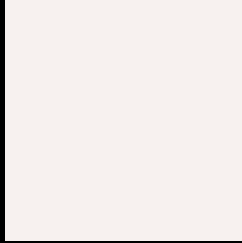
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 88.9167, 0.3179, 0.3310 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

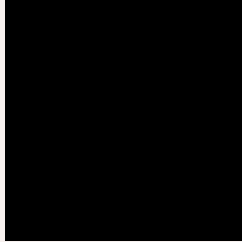
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

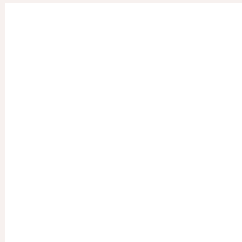
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 88.9167, 0.3179, 0.3310**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 88.9167, 0.3179, 0.3310.

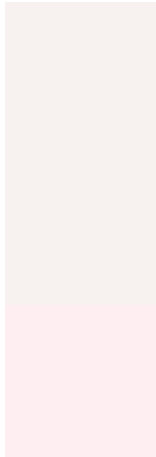


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 88.9167, 0.3179, 0.3310.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

88.9167, 0.3179, 0.3310

### Protanopia

88.9167, 0.3179, 0.3310

### Deuteranopia

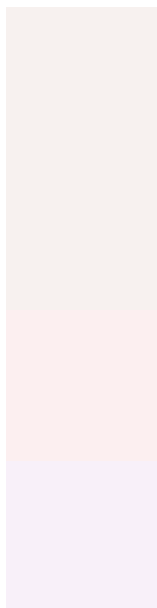
88.7599, 0.3222, 0.3261



## Tritanopia

89.0927, 0.3095, 0.3134

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

88.9167, 0.3179, 0.3310

## Protanomaly

88.9167, 0.3179, 0.3310

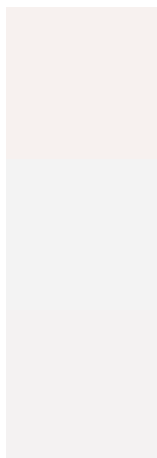
## Deuteranomaly

88.7197, 0.3207, 0.3280

## Tritanomaly

89.1162, 0.3125, 0.3202

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

88.9167, 0.3179, 0.3310

## Achromatopsia

89.6269, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

89.1482, 0.3140, 0.3290

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 88.9167, 0.3179, 0.3310 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(247, 241, 239)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(247, 241, 239)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(247, 241, 239) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(247, 241, 239) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 88.9167, 0.3179, 0.3310 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(247, 241, 239) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(247, 241, 239) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(247, 241, 239) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(247, 241, 239); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(247, 241, 239);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(247, 241,  
239) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 88.9167, 0.3179, 0.3310 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(247, 241, 239) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(247,  
241, 239) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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