

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(88.9875, 0.3102, 0.3827)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(88.9875, 0.3102, 0.3827)  
contains.

<b>Yxy(88.9069, 0.3102, 0.3832)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	27
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	30

# Color

**Yxy(88.9069, 0.3102, 0.3832)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	<a href="#">CDFEED</a>
RGB	<a href="#">205, 255, 205</a>
RGB Percent	<a href="#">80%, 100%, 80%</a>
CMY	<a href="#">0.1958, 0.0000, 0.1960</a>
CMYK	<a href="#">0.20, 0.00, 0.20, 0.00</a>
HSL	<a href="#">120°, 100%, 90%</a>
HSV	<a href="#">120°, 20%, 100%</a>
XYZ	<a href="#">71.9700, 88.9069, 71.1348</a>
YIQ	<a href="#">234.3500, -13.7500, -26.1500</a>

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

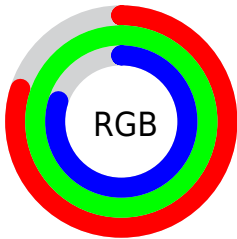
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	205, 255, 255
Decimal	13500365
CIE Lab	95.54, -25.05, 18.77
CIE LCh	96, 31.304, 143.156
Yxy	88.9069, 0.3102, 0.3832
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291690445 (0xFFCDDFFCD)
YUV	234.3500, -14.4695, -25.7399
Hunter-Lab	94.2905, -28.7628, 21.2736

# Details

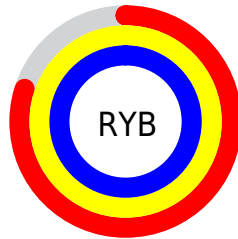
The Yxy color **88.9069, 0.3102, 0.3832** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **72.1403, 0.3150, 0.2802**, and the grayscale version is **82.6892, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290**, and **49.1066, 0.3088, 0.3954** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **84.4434, 0.3087, 0.4159**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **94.1686, 0.3116, 0.3538**.

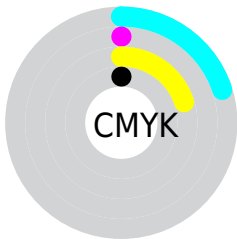
# Distribution



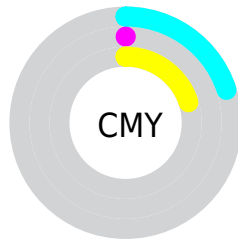
- Red (80%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (20%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 88.9069, 0.3102, 0.3832 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 88.9069, 0.3102, 0.3832 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 88.9069, 0.3102,  
0.3832

 88.9069, 0.3102,  
0.3832

524.4686, 0.3118,  
0.3581

 67.0744, 0.3097,  
0.3889


145.8191, 0.3108,  
0.3745

 49.1451, 0.3091,  
0.3960

181.6676, 0.3110,  
0.3711

 34.7346, 0.3083,  
0.4049


222.9568, 0.3112,  
0.3682

 23.4585, 0.3071,  
0.4166

270.0713, 0.3114,  
0.3657

 14.9324, 0.3052,  
0.4323

323.3953, 0.3115,  
0.3634

 8.7720, 0.3020,  
0.4549

383.3132, 0.3116,

 4.5927, 0.2961,

0.3615

0.4897

450.2095, 0.3117,  
0.3597

■ 2.0104, 0.2874,  
0.5571

■ 0.6135, 0.0000,  
1.0000

■ 88.9069, 0.3102,  
0.3832

■ 88.9069, 0.3102,  
0.3832

■ 84.4434, 0.3087,  
0.4159

■ 94.1686, 0.3116,  
0.3538

■ 80.7286, 0.3070,  
0.4512

99.9942, 0.3127,  
0.3290

■ 77.7248, 0.3053,  
0.4875

■ 75.3866, 0.3037,  
0.5225

■ 73.6636, 0.3022,  
0.5534

■ 72.4978, 0.3011,  
0.5774

■ 71.8204, 0.3004,  
0.5927

■ 71.5245, 0.3000,  
0.5998

■ 71.5156, 0.3000,  
0.6000

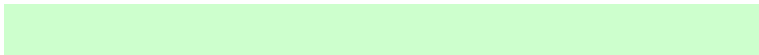
# Harmonies

## Analogous

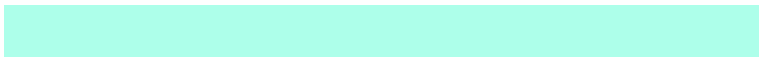
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



88.9069, 0.3450, 0.3923



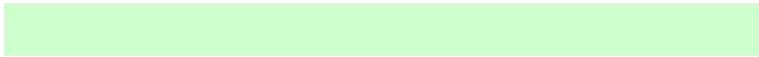
88.9069, 0.3102, 0.3832



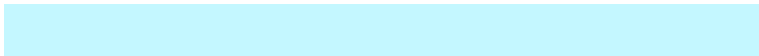
88.9069, 0.2773, 0.3566

# Triad

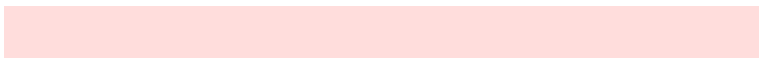
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



88.9069, 0.3102, 0.3832



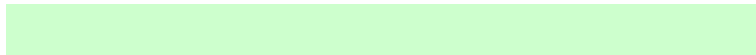
88.9069, 0.2554, 0.2751



88.9069, 0.3742, 0.3306

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



88.9069, 0.3102, 0.3832



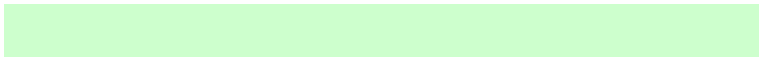
72.1403, 0.3150, 0.2802

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



88.9069, 0.3475, 0.3030



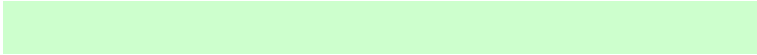
88.9069, 0.3102, 0.3832



88.9069, 0.2786, 0.2717

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



88.9069, 0.3102, 0.3832



88.9069, 0.2469, 0.2928



88.9069, 0.3121, 0.2820

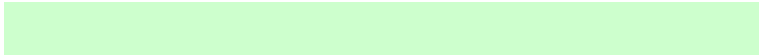


88.9069, 0.3832, 0.3594



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



88.9069, 0.3102, 0.3832



88.9069, 0.2607, 0.3339



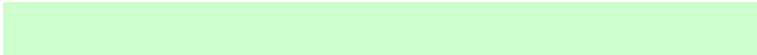
88.9069, 0.3121, 0.2820



88.9069, 0.3669, 0.3210

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



88.9107, 0.3102, 0.3832



96.2686, 0.3120, 0.3441



96.6508, 0.3425, 0.3772



20.5224, 0.3119, 0.3459



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

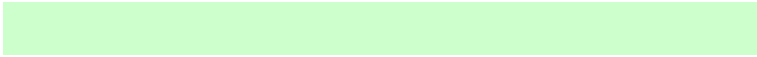


21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

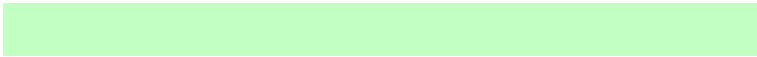


# Same Dimension

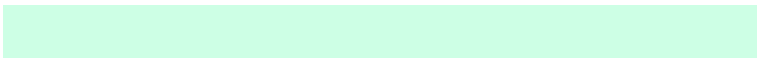
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



88.9107, 0.3102, 0.3832



86.8561, 0.3095, 0.3972



90.1625, 0.2969, 0.3564



20.1689, 0.3116, 0.3536



37.3718, 0.3000, 0.6000



3.6390, 0.3001, 0.6000



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



72.1403, 0.3150, 0.2802



66.9644, 0.3155, 0.2691



70.6896, 0.3322, 0.3031



18.2996, 0.3138, 0.3056



14.8596, 0.3207, 0.1540

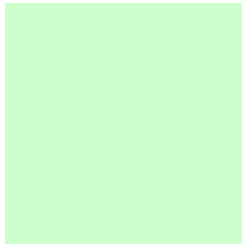


1.4471, 0.3207, 0.1540



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 88.9069, 0.3102, 0.3832 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

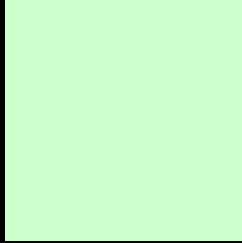
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 88.9069, 0.3102, 0.3832 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

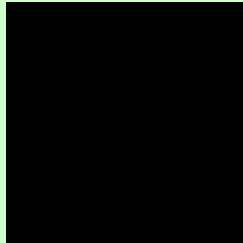
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

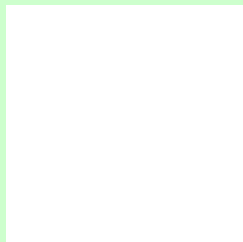
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 88.9069, 0.3102, 0.3832**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 88.9069, 0.3102, 0.3832.

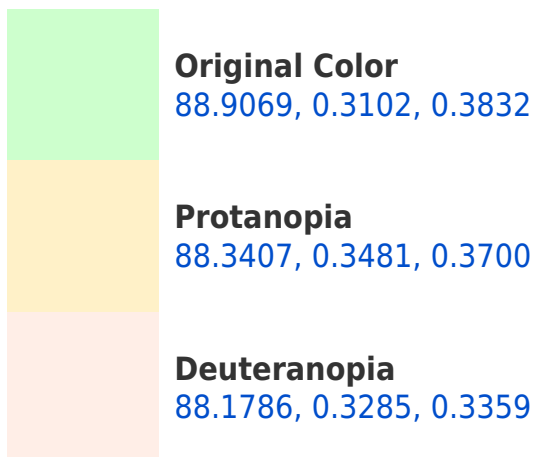


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 88.9069, 0.3102, 0.3832.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





## Tritanopia

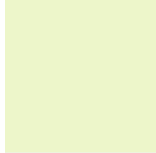
88.4153, 0.2962, 0.3179

# Trichromacy



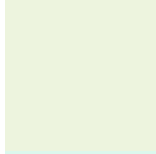
## Original Color

88.9069, 0.3102, 0.3832



## Protanomaly

88.1803, 0.3335, 0.3745



## Deuteranomaly

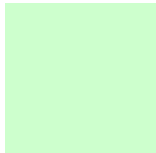
87.9798, 0.3215, 0.3515



## Tritanomaly

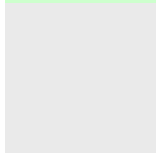
88.4649, 0.3015, 0.3404

# Monochromacy



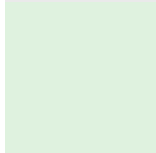
## Original Color

88.9069, 0.3102, 0.3832



## Achromatopsia

82.2786, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

84.5199, 0.3118, 0.3490

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 88.9069, 0.3102, 0.3832 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(205, 255, 205)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(205, 255, 205)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(205, 255, 205) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(205, 255, 205) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 88.9069, 0.3102, 0.3832 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(205, 255, 205) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(205, 255, 205) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(205, 255, 205)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(205, 255, 205); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 255, 205);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 255,  
205) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 88.9069, 0.3102, 0.3832 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(205, 255, 205) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(205,  
255, 205) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor