

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(89.1666, 0.3204, 0.3330)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(89.1666, 0.3204, 0.3330)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(89.1648, 0.3204, 0.3330)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F9F1ED
RGB	249, 241, 237
RGB Percent	98%, 95%, 93%
CMY	0.0238, 0.0548, 0.0706
CMYK	0.00, 0.03, 0.05, 0.02
HSL	20°, 50%, 95%
HSV	20°, 5%, 98%
XYZ	85.7910, 89.1648, 92.8064
YIQ	242.9360, 6.0520, 0.4520

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

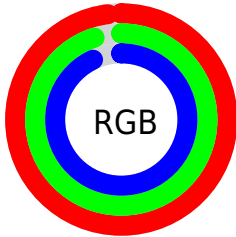
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	249, 243, 237
Decimal	16380397
CIE Lab	95.65, 1.97, 2.87
CIE LCh	96, 3.479, 55.604
Yxy	89.1648, 0.3204, 0.3330
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294570477 (0xFFFF9F1ED)
YUV	242.9360, -2.9264, 5.3181
Hunter-Lab	94.4271, -3.0727, 7.8266

# Details

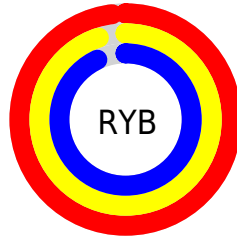
The Yxy color **89.1648, 0.3204, 0.3330** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **90.0896, 0.3053, 0.3250**, and the grayscale version is **89.5905, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290**, and **49.3716, 0.3226, 0.3341** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **78.4845, 0.3385, 0.3418**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **98.8683, 0.3090, 0.3290**.

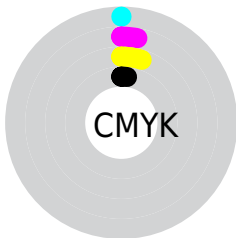
# Distribution



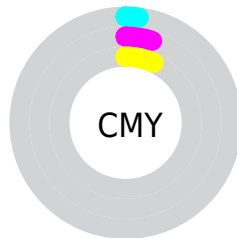
- Red (98%)
- Green (95%)
- Blue (93%)



- Red (98%)
- Yellow (95%)
- Blue (93%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (2%)




- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (7%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 89.1648, 0.3204, 0.3330 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 89.1648, 0.3204, 0.3330 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 89.1648, 0.3204,  
0.3330

 89.1648, 0.3204,  
0.3330

525.3102, 0.3170,  
0.3312

 67.2881, 0.3212,  
0.3334

146.1777, 0.3192,  
0.3324

 49.3188, 0.3221,  
0.3339


182.0828, 0.3188,  
0.3322

 34.8725, 0.3232,  
0.3344


223.4327, 0.3184,  
0.3320

 23.5646, 0.3247,  
0.3352

270.6120, 0.3180,  
0.3318

 15.0110, 0.3267,  
0.3362

324.0050, 0.3177,  
0.3316

 8.8271, 0.3294,  
0.3375

383.9961, 0.3174,

 4.6286, 0.3334,

0.3315

450.9697, 0.3172,  
0.3313

0.3395

2.0310, 0.3400,  
0.3427

0.6254, 0.3675,  
0.3578

89.1648, 0.3204,  
0.3330

89.1648, 0.3204,  
0.3330

78.4845, 0.3385,  
0.3418

98.8683, 0.3090,  
0.3290

68.8550, 0.3599,  
0.3510

60.2469, 0.3849,  
0.3604

52.6252, 0.4137,  
0.3695

■ 45.9529, 0.4461,  
0.3774

■ 40.1903, 0.4811,  
0.3831

■ 35.2948, 0.5167,  
0.3852

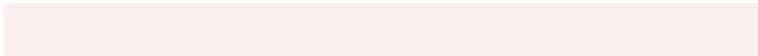
■ 31.2194, 0.5501,  
0.3827

■ 27.9116, 0.5778,  
0.3751

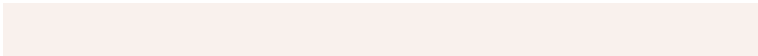
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



89.1648, 0.3196, 0.3297



89.1648, 0.3204, 0.3330



89.1648, 0.3192, 0.3352

# Triad

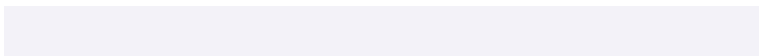
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



89.1648, 0.3204, 0.3330



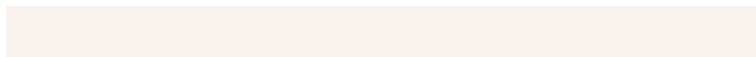
89.1648, 0.3085, 0.3317



89.1648, 0.3093, 0.3223

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



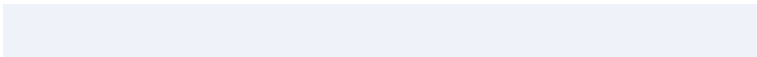
89.1648, 0.3204, 0.3330



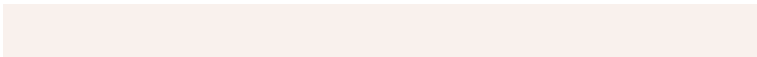
90.0896, 0.3053, 0.3250

# Split Complementary

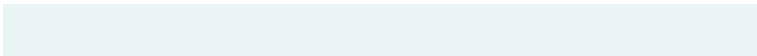
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



89.1648, 0.3063, 0.3228



89.1648, 0.3204, 0.3330



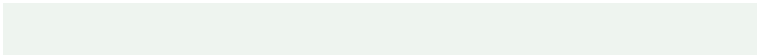
89.1648, 0.3059, 0.3282

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



89.1648, 0.3204, 0.3330



89.1648, 0.3123, 0.3345



89.1648, 0.3051, 0.3250



89.1648, 0.3131, 0.3236



# Rectangle

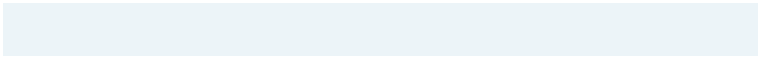
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



89.1648, 0.3204, 0.3330



89.1648, 0.3173, 0.3358



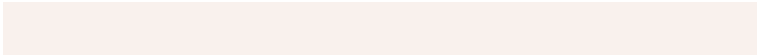
89.1648, 0.3051, 0.3250



89.1648, 0.3081, 0.3223

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



89.1687, 0.3204, 0.3330



98.7635, 0.3143, 0.3298



87.2852, 0.3157, 0.3212



21.1525, 0.3142, 0.3298



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

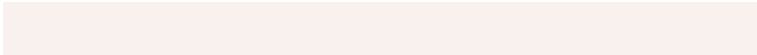


21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

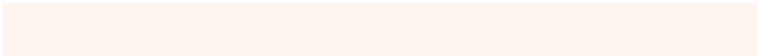


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



89.1687, 0.3204, 0.3330



92.7550, 0.3224, 0.3340



92.7322, 0.3200, 0.3388



18.8524, 0.3235, 0.3346



14.4099, 0.5869, 0.3722



1.5220, 0.5640, 0.3904

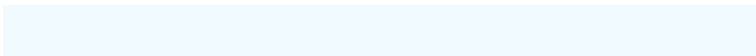


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



90.0896, 0.3053, 0.3250



93.9632, 0.3034, 0.3239



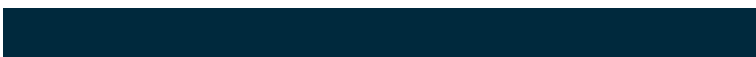
86.5655, 0.3054, 0.3190



19.1252, 0.3024, 0.3234



18.3365, 0.1929, 0.2145

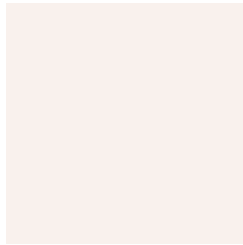


1.8941, 0.1972, 0.2298



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 89.1648, 0.3204, 0.3330 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

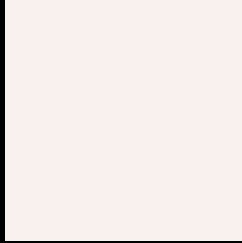
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 89.1648, 0.3204, 0.3330 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

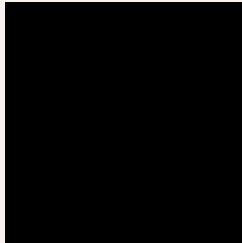
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

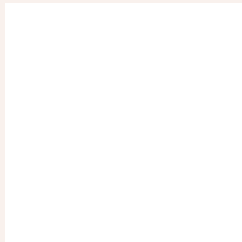
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 89.1648, 0.3204, 0.3330**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 89.1648, 0.3204, 0.3330.

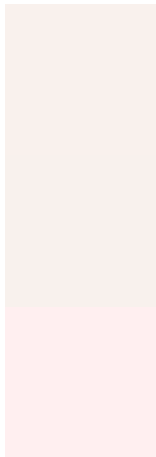


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 89.1648, 0.3204, 0.3330.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

89.1648, 0.3204, 0.3330

### Protanopia

88.9815, 0.3198, 0.3330

### Deuteranopia

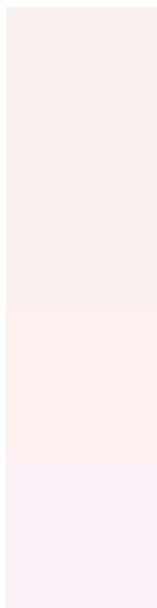
89.2843, 0.3227, 0.3281



## Tritanopia

89.4622, 0.3108, 0.3135

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

89.1648, 0.3204, 0.3330

## Protanomaly

88.9815, 0.3198, 0.3330

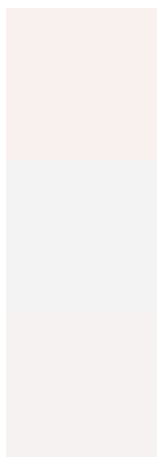
## Deuteranomaly

89.4348, 0.3219, 0.3300

## Tritanomaly

89.4215, 0.3144, 0.3212

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

89.1648, 0.3204, 0.3330

## Achromatopsia

89.6269, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

89.2676, 0.3153, 0.3300

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 89.1648, 0.3204, 0.3330 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(249, 241, 237) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(249, 241, 237)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(249, 241, 237) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(249, 241, 237) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 89.1648, 0.3204, 0.3330 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(249, 241, 237) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(249, 241, 237) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(249, 241, 237)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(249, 241, 237); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(249, 241, 237);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(249, 241,  
237) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 89.1648, 0.3204, 0.3330 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(249, 241, 237) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(249,  
241, 237) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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