

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(9.1473, 0.1549, 0.3148)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(9.1473, 0.1549, 0.3148)
contains.

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Color

$\text{Yxy}(10.7620, 0.2216, 0.3179)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00676B
RGB	0, 103, 107
RGB Percent	0%, 40%, 42%
CMY	1.0000, 0.5960, 0.5804
CMYK	1.00, 0.04, 0.00, 0.58
HSL	182°, 100%, 21%
HSV	182°, 100%, 42%
XYZ	7.5019, 10.7620, 15.5895
YIQ	72.6590, -62.6720, -20.5920

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	0, 52, 107
Decimal	26475
CIELab	39.18, -23.35, -9.50
CIELCh	39, 25.211, 202.130
Yxy	10.7620, 0.2216, 0.3179
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278216555 (0xFF00676B)
YUV	72.6590, 16.9301, -63.7219
Hunter-Lab	32.8055, -16.5905, -5.2114

Details

The Yxy color **10.7620, 0.2216, 0.3179** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006666**. A complement of this color would be **3.2118, 0.6350, 0.3340**, and the grayscale version is **6.5792, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **27.3672, 0.2448, 0.3234**, and **3.0586, 0.2184, 0.3061** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.7636, 0.2216, 0.3179**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **10.9121, 0.2245, 0.3191**.

Distribution



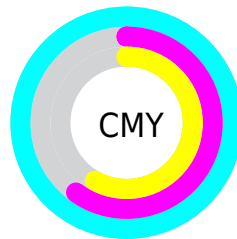
- Red (0%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Blue (42%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (58%)





- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 10.7620, 0.2216, 0.3179 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 10.7620, 0.2216, 0.3179 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 10.7620, 0.2216,
0.3179

 10.7620, 0.2216,
0.3179


196.0274, 0.2766,
0.3262

 5.9070, 0.2034,
0.3139

 27.2192, 0.2445,
0.3220

 2.7886, 0.1765,
0.3067


 39.5903, 0.2522,
0.3232

 1.0224, 0.1152,
0.2978

 55.2354, 0.2583,
0.3240

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


 74.5392, 0.2633,
0.3247


 97.8858, 0.2675,
0.3252


 125.6598, 0.2710,


0.3256

 158.2455, 0.2740,
0.3259


 10.7620, 0.2216,
0.3179


 10.7620, 0.2216,
0.3179


 10.7636, 0.2216,
0.3179

 10.9121, 0.2245,
0.3191

 11.0867, 0.2282,
0.3202

 11.3117, 0.2337,
0.3214

 11.5929, 0.2408,
0.3226

 11.9350, 0.2496,
0.3238

■ 12.3425, 0.2599,
0.3249

■ 12.8193, 0.2716,
0.3260

■ 13.3690, 0.2845,
0.3271

■ 13.9950, 0.2983,
0.3281

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.7620, 0.2566, 0.3765



10.7620, 0.2216, 0.3179



10.7620, 0.2098, 0.2701

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.7620, 0.2216, 0.3179



10.7620, 0.3085, 0.2550



10.7620, 0.4086, 0.4117

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.7620, 0.2216, 0.3179



3.2118, 0.6350, 0.3340

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.7620, 0.4274, 0.3722



10.7620, 0.2216, 0.3179



10.7620, 0.3670, 0.2862

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.7620, 0.2216, 0.3179



10.7620, 0.2562, 0.2397



10.7620, 0.4123, 0.3275



10.7620, 0.3643, 0.4331

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.7620, 0.2216, 0.3179



10.7620, 0.2152, 0.2501



10.7620, 0.4123, 0.3275



10.7620, 0.4182, 0.3998

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.7636, 0.2216, 0.3179



22.8809, 0.2706, 0.3259



10.5216, 0.2989, 0.5960



5.4698, 0.2667, 0.3256



57.0482, 0.3127, 0.3290



6.3724, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.7636, 0.2216, 0.3179



19.2366, 0.2216, 0.3176



3.3366, 0.1765, 0.1553



3.4736, 0.2997, 0.3282



13.0866, 0.2216, 0.3178



66.3900, 0.2214, 0.3171

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4.1048, 0.3300, 0.1591



7.3472, 0.3302, 0.1593



6.0578, 0.5243, 0.4219



3.1620, 0.3142, 0.3092



4.9935, 0.3301, 0.1592



25.4144, 0.3306, 0.1595

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.7620, 0.2216, 0.3179 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.7620, 0.2216, 0.3179 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

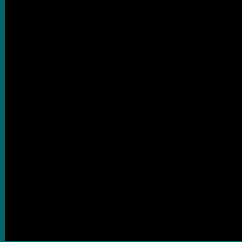
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 10.7620, 0.2216, 0.3179

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.7620, 0.2216, 0.3179.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.7620, 0.2216, 0.3179.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.7620, 0.2216, 0.3179

Protanopia

10.8497, 0.3013, 0.3101

Deuteranopia

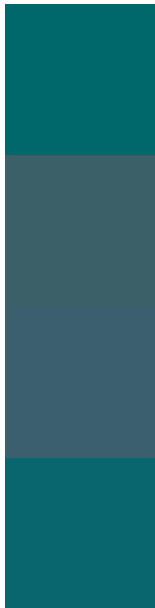
10.7653, 0.2891, 0.2833



Tritanopia

10.7438, 0.2213, 0.3048

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.7620, 0.2216, 0.3179

Protanomaly

10.2748, 0.2550, 0.3106

Deuteranomaly

10.2184, 0.2483, 0.2931

Tritanomaly

10.6866, 0.2208, 0.3073

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.7620, 0.2216, 0.3179

Achromatopsia

6.6626, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

7.5774, 0.2553, 0.3258

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 10.7620, 0.2216, 0.3179 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 103, 107)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(0, 103, 107)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 103, 107) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 103, 107) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 10.7620, 0.2216, 0.3179 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 103, 107) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 103, 107) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 103, 107)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 103, 107); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 103, 107);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 103,  
107) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 10.7620, 0.2216, 0.3179 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 103, 107) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 103,  
107) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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