

Converting Colors

$Yxy(9.2955, 0.5500, 0.2804)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(9.2955, 0.5500, 0.2804)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(9.2544, 0.5487, 0.2796)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AD0040
RGB	173, 0, 64
RGB Percent	68%, 0%, 25%
CMY	0.3215, 1.0000, 0.7489
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.63, 0.32
HSL	338°, 100%, 34%
HSV	338°, 100%, 68%
XYZ	18.1613, 9.2544, 5.6830
YIQ	59.0230, 82.5640, 56.5800

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

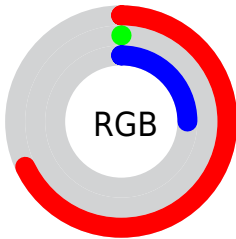
Format	Color
R_{YB}	173, 0, 64
Decimal	11337792
CIE Lab	36.47, 61.82, 15.72
CIE LCh	36, 63.793, 14.268
Yxy	9.2544, 0.5487, 0.2796
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289527872 (0xFFAD0040)
YUV	59.0230, 2.4537, 99.9578
Hunter-Lab	30.4210, 53.3271, 10.2186

Details

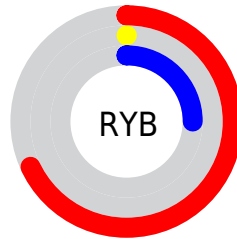
The Yxy color **9.2544, 0.5487, 0.2796** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990033**. A complement of this color would be **30.9949, 0.2596, 0.4544**, and the grayscale version is **4.3657, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **24.4018, 0.4871, 0.2977**, and **3.5726, 0.5968, 0.3061** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.2558, 0.5487, 0.2796**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **9.8026, 0.5188, 0.2718**.

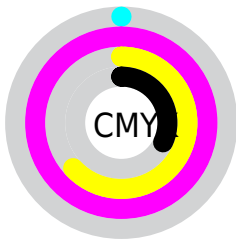
Distribution



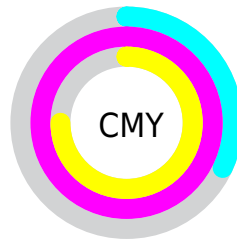
- Red (68%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (25%)



- Red (68%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (25%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (63%)
- Black (32%)





- Cyan (32%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (75%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 9.2544, 0.5487, 0.2796 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 9.2544, 0.5487, 0.2796 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 9.2544, 0.5487,
0.2796


 9.2544, 0.5487,
0.2796


185.2645, 0.4010,
0.3164


 4.9075, 0.5984,
0.2630

 24.3833, 0.4861,
0.2975


 2.1931, 0.6698,
0.2352

 35.9341, 0.4654,
0.3027


 0.7162, 0.8092,
0.1908

 50.6550, 0.4490,
0.3065

 0.0000, 1.0000,
0.0000

 68.9304, 0.4358,
0.3095

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 91.1446, 0.4248,
0.3118

 117.6821, 0.4156,

0.3136

148.9273, 0.4078,
0.3152

■ 9.2544, 0.5487,
0.2796

■ 9.2544, 0.5487,
0.2796

■ 9.2558, 0.5487,
0.2796

■ 9.8026, 0.5188,
0.2718

■ 10.7332, 0.4869,
0.2681

■ 12.1906, 0.4548,
0.2691

■ 14.2414, 0.4245,
0.2740

■ 16.9422, 0.3974,
0.2816

■ 20.3431, 0.3739,
0.2908

■ 24.4889, 0.3540,
0.3006

■ 29.4210, 0.3375,
0.3104

■ 35.1774, 0.3239,
0.3200

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



9.2544, 0.4075, 0.2086



9.2544, 0.5487, 0.2796



9.2544, 0.5909, 0.3580

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



9.2544, 0.5487, 0.2796



9.2544, 0.3031, 0.6156



9.2544, 0.1085, 0.1449

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



9.2544, 0.5487, 0.2796



30.9949, 0.2596, 0.4544

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



9.2544, 0.0947, 0.1960



9.2544, 0.5487, 0.2796



9.2544, 0.1891, 0.5145

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



9.2544, 0.5487, 0.2796



9.2544, 0.4317, 0.5638



9.2544, 0.1167, 0.3199



9.2544, 0.1580, 0.1359

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



9.2544, 0.5487, 0.2796



9.2544, 0.5636, 0.4193



9.2544, 0.1167, 0.3199



9.2544, 0.1003, 0.1562

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



9.2558, 0.5487, 0.2796



43.4294, 0.3550, 0.3001



6.1241, 0.2273, 0.1026



8.7519, 0.3627, 0.2960



86.8899, 0.3127, 0.3290



16.2647, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



9.2558, 0.5487, 0.2796



16.5364, 0.5530, 0.2820



9.3922, 0.6297, 0.3382



8.0625, 0.3230, 0.3206



6.8092, 0.5459, 0.2781



0.2002, 0.4634, 0.2327

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



9.2558, 0.5487, 0.2796



16.5364, 0.5530, 0.2820



25.7430, 0.2145, 0.2920



8.0625, 0.3230, 0.3206



6.8092, 0.5459, 0.2781



0.2002, 0.4634, 0.2327

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 9.2544, 0.5487, 0.2796 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 9.2544, 0.5487, 0.2796 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 9.2544, 0.5487, 0.2796

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 9.2544, 0.5487, 0.2796.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 9.2544, 0.5487, 0.2796.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

9.2544, 0.5487, 0.2796

Protanopia

9.9114, 0.3054, 0.3143

Deuteranopia

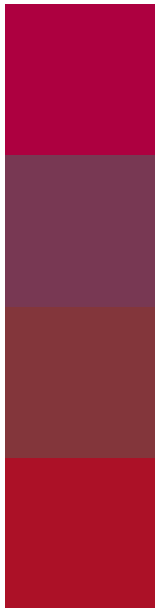
9.9083, 0.4001, 0.3954



Tritanopia

9.5754, 0.6070, 0.3312

Trichromacy



Original Color

9.2544, 0.5487, 0.2796

Protanomaly

7.4459, 0.3938, 0.2735

Deuteranomaly

7.7794, 0.4723, 0.3204

Tritanomaly

9.3180, 0.5921, 0.3139

Monochromacy



Original Color

9.2544, 0.5487, 0.2796

Achromatopsia

4.3735, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

4.4325, 0.4209, 0.2747

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 9.2544, 0.5487, 0.2796 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(173, 0, 64)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(173, 0, 64)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(173, 0, 64) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(173, 0, 64) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 9.2544, 0.5487, 0.2796 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(173, 0, 64) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(173, 0, 64) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(173, 0, 64) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(173, 0, 64); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 0, 64);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 0, 64)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 9.2544, 0.5487, 0.2796 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(173, 0, 64) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(173, 0,  
64) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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