

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(9.4783, 0.1203, 0.3034)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(9.4783, 0.1203, 0.3034)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(11.9861, 0.2190, 0.3082)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	006C74
RGB	0, 108, 116
RGB Percent	0%, 42%, 45%
CMY	0.9991, 0.5765, 0.5451
CMYK	1.00, 0.07, 0.00, 0.55
HSL	184°, 100%, 23%
HSV	184°, 100%, 45%
XYZ	8.5171, 11.9861, 18.3875
YIQ	76.6200, -66.9360, -20.4080

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

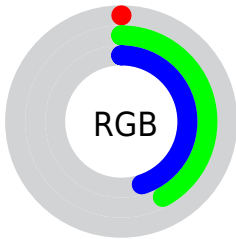
Format	Color
RYB	0, 56, 116
Decimal	27764
CIELab	41.19, -22.78, -11.94
CIELCh	41, 25.719, 207.656
Yxy	11.9861, 0.2190, 0.3082
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278217844 (0xFF006C74)
YUV	76.6200, 19.4143, -67.1957
Hunter-Lab	34.6209, -16.6741, -7.2548

Details

The Yxy color **11.9861, 0.2190, 0.3082** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006666**. A complement of this color would be **3.8926, 0.6309, 0.3367**, and the grayscale version is **7.3335, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **29.5465, 0.2420, 0.3150**, and **3.6491, 0.2155, 0.2957** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.9815, 0.2189, 0.3082**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.2320, 0.2220, 0.3104**.

Distribution



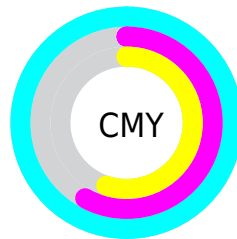
- Red (0%)
- Green (42%)
- Blue (45%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Blue (45%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (55%)




- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (55%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 11.9861, 0.2190, 0.3082 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 11.9861, 0.2190, 0.3082 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 11.9861, 0.2190,
0.3082


 11.9861, 0.2190,
0.3082


 204.3132, 0.2746,
0.3224


 6.7342, 0.2012,
0.3024


 29.4698, 0.2418,
0.3147


 3.2964, 0.1756,
0.2926

 42.4704, 0.2496,
0.3167


 1.2884, 0.1328,
0.2753

 58.8227, 0.2558,
0.3182

 0.1322, 0.0000,
0.1190

 78.9110, 0.2609,
0.3194

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 103.1199, 0.2652,
0.3204

 131.8336, 0.2688,

0.3212

165.4366, 0.2719,
0.3219

11.9861, 0.2190,
0.3082

11.9861, 0.2190,
0.3082

11.9815, 0.2189,
0.3082

12.2320, 0.2220,
0.3104

12.5139, 0.2261,
0.3127

12.8577, 0.2318,
0.3149

13.2702, 0.2394,
0.3172

13.7574, 0.2485,
0.3194

■ 14.3246, 0.2592,
0.3215

■ 14.9768, 0.2713,
0.3236

■ 15.7182, 0.2844,
0.3255

■ 16.5531, 0.2984,
0.3273

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



11.9861, 0.2496, 0.3653



11.9861, 0.2190, 0.3082



11.9861, 0.2117, 0.2646

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



11.9861, 0.2190, 0.3082



11.9861, 0.3193, 0.2607



11.9861, 0.4006, 0.4162

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11.9861, 0.2190, 0.3082



3.8926, 0.6309, 0.3367

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.9861, 0.4246, 0.3796



11.9861, 0.2190, 0.3082



11.9861, 0.3760, 0.2938

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



11.9861, 0.2190, 0.3082



11.9861, 0.2654, 0.2423



11.9861, 0.4160, 0.3358



11.9861, 0.3539, 0.4321

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11.9861, 0.2190, 0.3082



11.9861, 0.2199, 0.2476



11.9861, 0.4160, 0.3358



11.9861, 0.4118, 0.4055

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11.9865, 0.2190, 0.3082



26.2087, 0.2701, 0.3234



12.5098, 0.2980, 0.5925



6.1582, 0.2660, 0.3227



60.3827, 0.3127, 0.3290



7.3239, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11.9865, 0.2190, 0.3082



20.9860, 0.2188, 0.3076



3.5784, 0.1734, 0.1438



4.1140, 0.2995, 0.3275



13.4351, 0.2189, 0.3080



64.9575, 0.2186, 0.3069

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4.8009, 0.3382, 0.1638



8.4216, 0.3388, 0.1640



7.5911, 0.5158, 0.4283



3.7538, 0.3146, 0.3095



5.3803, 0.3384, 0.1638



26.1669, 0.3394, 0.1643

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 11.9861, 0.2190, 0.3082 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 11.9861, 0.2190, 0.3082 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

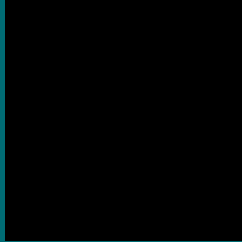
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 11.9861, 0.2190, 0.3082

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 11.9861, 0.2190, 0.3082.

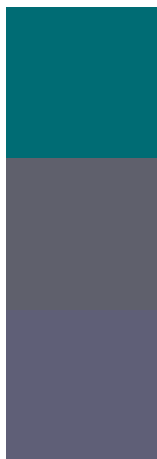


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 11.9861, 0.2190, 0.3082.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

11.9861, 0.2190, 0.3082

Protanopia

11.8813, 0.2949, 0.3019

Deuteranopia

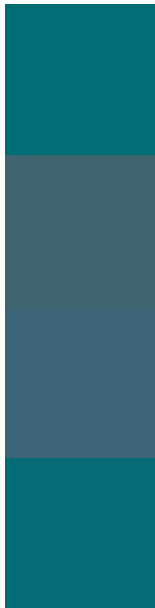
11.9492, 0.2810, 0.2765



Tritanopia

12.0546, 0.2197, 0.3058

Trichromacy



Original Color

11.9861, 0.2190, 0.3082

Protanomaly

11.2541, 0.2505, 0.3015

Deuteranomaly

11.4144, 0.2438, 0.2854

Tritanomaly

12.0417, 0.2193, 0.3058

Monochromacy



Original Color

11.9861, 0.2190, 0.3082

Achromatopsia

7.4214, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

8.3877, 0.2536, 0.3202

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 11.9861, 0.2190, 0.3082 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 108, 116)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 108, 116)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 108, 116) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 108, 116) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 11.9861, 0.2190, 0.3082 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 108, 116) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 108, 116) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 108, 116)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 108, 116); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 108, 116);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 108,  
116) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 11.9861, 0.2190, 0.3082 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 108, 116) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 108,  
116) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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