

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(9.5308, 0.2509, 0.1610)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(9.5308, 0.2509, 0.1610)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(9.5730, 0.2514, 0.1616)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	703FA1
RGB	112, 63, 161
RGB Percent	44%, 25%, 63%
CMY	0.5607, 0.7529, 0.3687
CMYK	0.30, 0.61, 0.00, 0.37
HSL	270°, 44%, 44%
HSV	270°, 61%, 63%
XYZ	14.8926, 9.5730, 34.7732
YIQ	88.8230, -2.2540, 40.8660

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

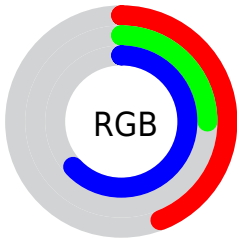
Format	Color
R_{YB}	112, 63, 161
Decimal	7356321
CIE _{Lab}	37.06, 40.83, -45.22
CIE _{LCh}	37, 60.921, 312.080
Yxy	9.5730, 0.2514, 0.1616
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285546401 (0xFF703FA1)
YUV	88.8230, 35.5833, 20.3262
Hunter-Lab	30.9403, 31.7729, -44.9768

Details

The Yxy color **9.5730, 0.2514, 0.1616** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663399**. A complement of this color would be **29.2855, 0.3450, 0.4973**, and the grayscale version is **9.8699, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **24.9836, 0.2691, 0.1964**, and **2.3218, 0.2170, 0.1070** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **7.5390, 0.2384, 0.1367**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.1762, 0.2641, 0.1893**.

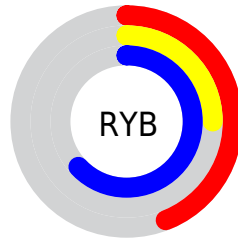
Distribution



Red (44%)

Green (25%)

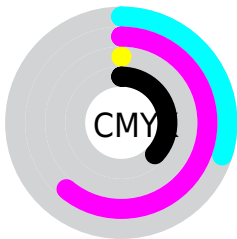
Blue (63%)



Red (44%)

Yellow (25%)

Blue (63%)

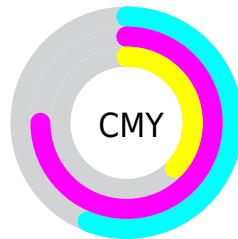


Cyan (30%)

Magenta (61%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (37%)



Cyan (56%)


Magenta (75%)


Yellow (37%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 9.5730, 0.2514, 0.1616 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 9.5730, 0.2514, 0.1616 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 9.5730, 0.2514,
0.1616


 9.5730, 0.2514,
0.1616


 187.5968, 0.2912,
0.2528

 5.1168, 0.2377,
0.1377


 24.9892, 0.2685,
0.1960


 2.3159, 0.2176,
0.1075

 36.7180, 0.2741,
0.2086

 0.7821, 0.1867,
0.0696

 51.6397, 0.2785,
0.2191

 0.0000, 0.1398,
0.0000

 70.1388, 0.2821,
0.2280

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 92.5997, 0.2850,
0.2355

 119.4067, 0.2874,

0.2421

150.9442, 0.2894,
0.2478

■ 9.5730, 0.2514,
0.1616

■ 9.5730, 0.2514,
0.1616

■ 7.5390, 0.2384,
0.1367

■ 12.1762, 0.2641,
0.1893

■ 6.0250, 0.2256,
0.1158

■ 15.3899, 0.2760,
0.2183

■ 4.9748, 0.2135,
0.1001

■ 19.2529, 0.2869,
0.2474

■ 4.3013, 0.2034,
0.0894

■ 23.8001, 0.2965,
0.2756

■ 29.0642, 0.3049,
0.3022

■ 35.0755, 0.3121,
0.3270

■ 41.8625, 0.3183,
0.3496

■ 49.4524, 0.3234,
0.3700

■ 57.8709, 0.3277,
0.3884

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



9.5730, 0.1593, 0.1425



9.5730, 0.2514, 0.1616



9.5730, 0.3919, 0.2094

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



9.5730, 0.2514, 0.1616



9.5730, 0.5357, 0.4450



9.5730, 0.1284, 0.3339

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



9.5730, 0.2514, 0.1616



29.2855, 0.3450, 0.4973

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



9.5730, 0.2036, 0.5147



9.5730, 0.2514, 0.1616



9.5730, 0.4368, 0.5459

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



9.5730, 0.2514, 0.1616



9.5730, 0.5795, 0.3549



9.5730, 0.3159, 0.5996



9.5730, 0.1026, 0.2090

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



9.5730, 0.2514, 0.1616



9.5730, 0.4895, 0.2537



9.5730, 0.3159, 0.5996



9.5730, 0.1476, 0.3929

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



9.5734, 0.2514, 0.1616



44.8936, 0.2988, 0.2825



15.2159, 0.2183, 0.2327



9.3075, 0.2963, 0.2750



80.7346, 0.3127, 0.3290



13.9985, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



9.5734, 0.2514, 0.1616



12.4528, 0.2338, 0.1288



13.7030, 0.3192, 0.1910



7.0258, 0.3062, 0.3063



3.4603, 0.2042, 0.0899



0.1008, 0.2457, 0.1127

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



12.2995, 0.4010, 0.2543



18.1291, 0.4320, 0.2449



26.8996, 0.3037, 0.5207



7.1422, 0.3210, 0.3178



6.5279, 0.4920, 0.2484



0.1467, 0.4156, 0.2063

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 9.5730, 0.2514, 0.1616 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 9.5730, 0.2514, 0.1616 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

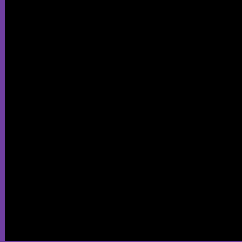
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 9.5730, 0.2514, 0.1616

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 9.5730, 0.2514, 0.1616.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 9.5730, 0.2514, 0.1616.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

9.5730, 0.2514, 0.1616

Protanopia

9.5953, 0.1745, 0.1481

Deuteranopia

9.7392, 0.1895, 0.1855



Tritanopia

9.5773, 0.3290, 0.3125

Trichromacy



Original Color

9.5730, 0.2514, 0.1616



Protanomaly

8.6189, 0.1834, 0.1444



Deuteranomaly

9.0467, 0.2004, 0.1699



Tritanomaly

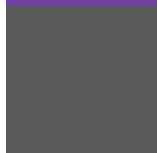
9.3729, 0.2969, 0.2432

Monochromacy



Original Color

9.5730, 0.2514, 0.1616



Achromatopsia

9.9899, 0.3127, 0.3290



Achromatomaly

9.5165, 0.2875, 0.2511

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 9.5730, 0.2514, 0.1616 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(112, 63, 161)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(112, 63, 161)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(112, 63, 161) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(112, 63, 161) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 9.5730, 0.2514, 0.1616 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(112, 63, 161) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(112, 63, 161) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(112, 63, 161) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(112, 63, 161); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 63, 161);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 63,  
161) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 9.5730, 0.2514, 0.1616 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(112, 63, 161) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(112, 63,  
161) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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