

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(9.6406, 0.4352, 0.4068)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(9.6406, 0.4352, 0.4068)
contains.

Yxy(9.6441, 0.4365, 0.4073)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	27
<i>CSS Examples</i>	30

Color

Yxy(9.6441, 0.4365, 0.4073)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	72512C
RGB	114, 81, 44
RGB Percent	45%, 32%, 17%
CMY	0.5530, 0.6823, 0.8275
CMYK	0.00, 0.29, 0.61, 0.55
HSL	32°, 44%, 31%
HSV	32°, 61%, 45%
XYZ	10.3355, 9.6441, 3.6985
YIQ	86.6490, 31.5450, -4.5110

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

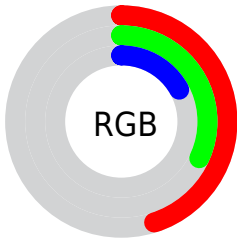
Format	Color
R _Y B	106, 114, 44
Decimal	7491884
CIE Lab	37.20, 9.36, 26.95
CIE LCh	37, 28.525, 70.843
Yxy	9.6441, 0.4365, 0.4073
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285681964 (0xFF72512C)
YUV	86.6490, -21.0260, 23.9868
Hunter-Lab	31.0550, 5.0610, 14.6773

Details

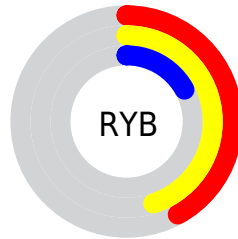
The Yxy color **9.6441, 0.4365, 0.4073** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996633**. A complement of this color would be **7.0540, 0.2191, 0.2297**, and the grayscale version is **9.4925, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **25.0454, 0.4039, 0.3888**, and **2.3185, 0.5053, 0.4370** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **8.8033, 0.4615, 0.4160**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **10.5726, 0.4119, 0.3961**.

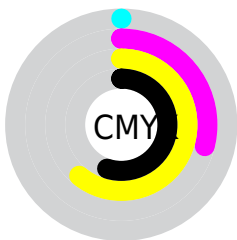
Distribution



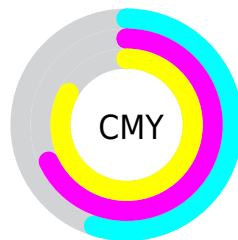
- Red (45%)
- Green (32%)
- Blue (17%)



- Red (42%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Blue (17%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (61%)
- Black (55%)





- Cyan (55%)
- Magenta (68%)
- Yellow (83%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 9.6441, 0.4365, 0.4073 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 9.6441, 0.4365, 0.4073 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 9.6441, 0.4365,
0.4073


 9.6441, 0.4365,
0.4073


188.1127, 0.3597,
0.3618


 5.1636, 0.4619,
0.4194

 25.1239, 0.4042,
0.3895


 2.3436, 0.5154,
0.4484


 36.8920, 0.3934,
0.3831

 0.7966, 0.5551,
0.4449

 51.8582, 0.3849,
0.3779

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 70.4067, 0.3779,
0.3735

 92.9220, 0.3722,
0.3699

 119.7886, 0.3674,

0.3668

151.3907, 0.3633,
0.3641

■ 9.6441, 0.4365,
0.4073

■ 9.6441, 0.4365,
0.4073

■ 8.8033, 0.4615,
0.4160

■ 10.5726, 0.4119,
0.3961

■ 8.0453, 0.4857,
0.4210

■ 11.5905, 0.3886,
0.3833

■ 7.3667, 0.5078,
0.4215

■ 12.7013, 0.3671,
0.3699

■ 6.8380, 0.5265,
0.4201

■ 13.9077, 0.3476,
0.3564

■ 15.2124, 0.3302,
0.3432

■ 16.6179, 0.3147,
0.3307

■ 18.1265, 0.3011,
0.3189

■ 19.7407, 0.2891,
0.3080

■ 21.4626, 0.2785,
0.2979

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



9.6441, 0.4453, 0.3577



9.6441, 0.4365, 0.4073



9.6441, 0.3934, 0.4444

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



9.6441, 0.4365, 0.4073



9.6441, 0.2191, 0.3408



9.6441, 0.2825, 0.2351

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



9.6441, 0.4365, 0.4073



7.0540, 0.2191, 0.2297

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



9.6441, 0.2294, 0.2252



9.6441, 0.4365, 0.4073



9.6441, 0.1960, 0.2775

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



9.6441, 0.4365, 0.4073



9.6441, 0.2675, 0.4096



9.6441, 0.1999, 0.2383



9.6441, 0.3506, 0.2643

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



9.6441, 0.4365, 0.4073



9.6441, 0.3531, 0.4527



9.6441, 0.1999, 0.2383



9.6441, 0.2625, 0.2294

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



9.6446, 0.4365, 0.4073



25.1013, 0.3423, 0.3525



5.9250, 0.4009, 0.2580



5.6858, 0.3465, 0.3555



58.7016, 0.3127, 0.3290



6.8385, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



9.6446, 0.4365, 0.4073



14.8556, 0.4726, 0.4187



15.7136, 0.3936, 0.4664



3.6662, 0.3263, 0.3401



7.5794, 0.5272, 0.4196



36.0172, 0.5348, 0.4136

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



7.0540, 0.2191, 0.2297



9.8720, 0.2000, 0.2013



3.5768, 0.2015, 0.1434



3.5355, 0.2996, 0.3176



4.2267, 0.1763, 0.1547



19.3546, 0.1737, 0.1452

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 9.6441, 0.4365, 0.4073 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 9.6441, 0.4365, 0.4073 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 9.6441, 0.4365, 0.4073

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 9.6441, 0.4365, 0.4073.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 9.6441, 0.4365, 0.4073.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

9.6441, 0.4365, 0.4073

Protanopia

9.7181, 0.3940, 0.4296

Deuteranopia

9.7032, 0.4232, 0.4194



Tritanopia

9.6989, 0.3780, 0.3184

Trichromacy



Original Color

9.6441, 0.4365, 0.4073

Protanomaly

9.5700, 0.4099, 0.4211

Deuteranomaly

9.6759, 0.4281, 0.4159

Tritanomaly

9.5791, 0.4020, 0.3510

Monochromacy



Original Color

9.6441, 0.4365, 0.4073

Achromatopsia

9.5307, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

9.4933, 0.3568, 0.3636

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 9.6441, 0.4365, 0.4073 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(114, 81, 44)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(114, 81, 44)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(114, 81, 44) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(114, 81, 44) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 9.6441, 0.4365, 0.4073 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(114, 81, 44) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(114, 81, 44) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(114, 81, 44)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(114, 81, 44); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(114, 81, 44);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(114, 81,  
44) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 9.6441, 0.4365, 0.4073 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(114, 81, 44) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(114, 81,  
44) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor