

Converting Colors

$Yxy(9.6474, 0.6377, 0.3319)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(9.6474, 0.6377, 0.3319)
contains.

Yxy(9.5952, 0.6375, 0.3320)	3
Conversions	4
Details	6
Harmonies	12
Previews	24
Color Blindness Simulation	27
CSS Examples	30

Color

Yxy(9.5952, 0.6375, 0.3320)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B20600
RGB	178, 6, 0
RGB Percent	70%, 2%, 0%
CMY	0.3020, 0.9763, 0.9999
CMYK	0.00, 0.97, 1.00, 0.30
HSL	2°, 100%, 35%
HSV	2°, 100%, 70%
XYZ	18.4245, 9.5952, 0.8815
YIQ	56.7440, 104.4380, 34.5980

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

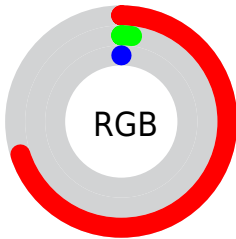
Format	Color
R_{YB}	178, 6, 0
Decimal	11666944
CIE Lab	37.11, 60.47, 51.37
CIE LCh	37, 79.340, 40.348
Yxy	9.5952, 0.6375, 0.3320
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289857024 (0xFFB20600)
YUV	56.7440, -27.9748, 106.3415
Hunter-Lab	30.9761, 51.9631, 19.9961

Details

The Yxy color **9.5952, 0.6375, 0.3320** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990000**. A complement of this color would be **32.7039, 0.2218, 0.3184**, and the grayscale version is **4.0877, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **25.1613, 0.5678, 0.3531**, and **3.6448, 0.6401, 0.3300** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.5954, 0.6375, 0.3320**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **10.1302, 0.6169, 0.3328**.

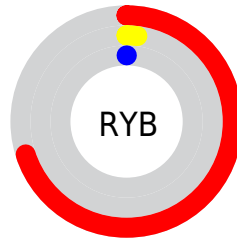
Distribution



Red (70%)

Green (2%)

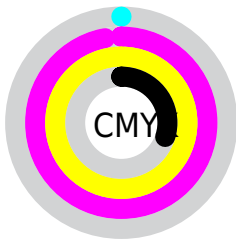
Blue (0%)



Red (70%)

Yellow (2%)

Blue (0%)

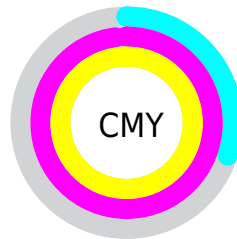


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (97%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (30%)



Cyan (30%)


Magenta (98%)


Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 9.5952, 0.6375, 0.3320 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 9.5952, 0.6375, 0.3320 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 9.5952, 0.6375,
0.3320

 9.5952, 0.6375,
0.3320


 187.7580, 0.4496,
0.3573


 5.1314, 0.6888,
0.3112

 25.0313, 0.5675,
0.3526

 2.3246, 0.7328,
0.2672

 36.7724, 0.5410,
0.3565

 0.7867, 0.7985,
0.2015

 51.7080, 0.5189,
0.3584

 0.0000, 1.0000,
0.0000


 70.2225, 0.5004,
0.3591


 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


 92.7004, 0.4847,
0.3591


 119.5260, 0.4712,


0.3587


 151.0838, 0.4597,
0.3581


 9.5952, 0.6375,
0.3320


 9.5952, 0.6375,
0.3320

 9.5954, 0.6375,
0.3320

 10.1302, 0.6169,
0.3328

 11.1372, 0.5831,
0.3340

 12.7153, 0.5394,
0.3345

 14.9322, 0.4928,
0.3343

 17.8459, 0.4487,
0.3337

■ 21.5082, 0.4100,
0.3328

■ 25.9658, 0.3777,
0.3319

■ 31.2616, 0.3512,
0.3308

■ 37.4356, 0.3299,
0.3299

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



9.5952, 0.5806, 0.2533



9.5952, 0.6375, 0.3320



9.5952, 0.5695, 0.4305

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



9.5952, 0.6375, 0.3320



9.5952, 0.1731, 0.5960



9.5952, 0.1257, 0.1104

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



9.5952, 0.6375, 0.3320



32.7039, 0.2218, 0.3184

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



9.5952, 0.0801, 0.1223



9.5952, 0.6375, 0.3320



9.5952, 0.0921, 0.3387

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



9.5952, 0.6375, 0.3320



9.5952, 0.3019, 0.6807



9.5952, 0.0686, 0.1811



9.5952, 0.2257, 0.1294

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



9.5952, 0.6375, 0.3320



9.5952, 0.4857, 0.5143



9.5952, 0.0686, 0.1811



9.5952, 0.1058, 0.1107

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



9.5958, 0.6375, 0.3320



46.6249, 0.3792, 0.3319



12.4457, 0.3294, 0.1588



9.5503, 0.3921, 0.3323



91.1408, 0.3127, 0.3290



17.8868, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



9.5958, 0.6375, 0.3320



17.3350, 0.6382, 0.3314



17.6379, 0.5306, 0.4169



8.5499, 0.3286, 0.3298



6.8849, 0.6370, 0.3324



0.2319, 0.6244, 0.3424

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



32.7039, 0.2218, 0.3184



59.2377, 0.2217, 0.3182



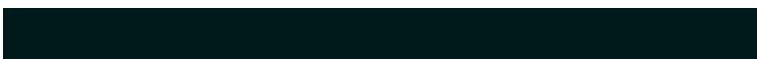
9.4121, 0.1743, 0.1473



9.5811, 0.2986, 0.3282



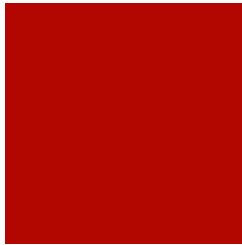
23.4207, 0.2218, 0.3185



0.7521, 0.2227, 0.3216

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 9.5952, 0.6375, 0.3320 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 9.5952, 0.6375, 0.3320 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 9.5952, 0.6375, 0.3320

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 9.5952, 0.6375, 0.3320.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 9.5952, 0.6375, 0.3320.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

9.5952, 0.6375, 0.3320

Protanopia

10.1409, 0.4248, 0.4694

Deuteranopia

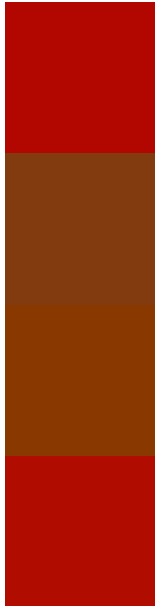
10.0077, 0.4685, 0.4662



Tritanopia

9.7177, 0.6328, 0.3357

Trichromacy



Original Color

9.5952, 0.6375, 0.3320

Protanomaly

7.8295, 0.5370, 0.3928

Deuteranomaly

8.1467, 0.5631, 0.3911

Tritanomaly

9.6101, 0.6349, 0.3341

Monochromacy



Original Color

9.5952, 0.6375, 0.3320

Achromatopsia

4.0915, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

4.2803, 0.4976, 0.3339

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 9.5952, 0.6375, 0.3320 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(178, 6, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(178, 6, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(178, 6, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(178, 6, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 9.5952, 0.6375, 0.3320 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(178, 6, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(178, 6, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(178, 6, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(178, 6, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(178, 6, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(178, 6, 0) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 9.5952, 0.6375, 0.3320 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(178, 6, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(178, 6,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet
interesting? Support Converting
Colors with the new Membership
Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you
double the colors in the color bucket, and more
awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor