

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(9.8356, 0.2032, 0.2957)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(9.8356, 0.2032, 0.2957)
contains.

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Color

$\text{Yxy}(10.0714, 0.2156, 0.2962)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00636F
RGB	0, 99, 111
RGB Percent	0%, 39%, 44%
CMY	1.0000, 0.6118, 0.5647
CMYK	1.00, 0.11, 0.00, 0.56
HSL	186°, 100%, 22%
HSV	186°, 100%, 44%
XYZ	7.3308, 10.0714, 16.5998
YIQ	70.7670, -62.8560, -17.2560

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

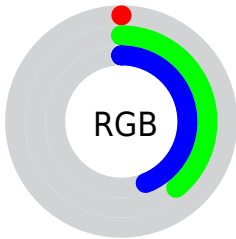
Format	Color
RYB	0, 52, 111
Decimal	25455
CIELab	37.97, -19.80, -13.79
CIElCh	38, 24.126, 214.862
Yxy	10.0714, 0.2156, 0.2962
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278215535 (0xFF00636F)
YUV	70.7670, 19.8349, -62.0627
Hunter-Lab	31.7355, -14.3039, -8.7978

Details

The Yxy color **10.0714, 0.2156, 0.2962** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006666**. A complement of this color would be **3.6434, 0.6261, 0.3411**, and the grayscale version is **6.2342, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **25.9129, 0.2398, 0.3055**, and **2.8149, 0.2110, 0.2794** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.0722, 0.2156, 0.2962**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **10.3733, 0.2192, 0.2998**.

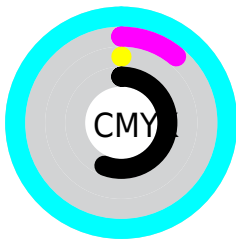
Distribution



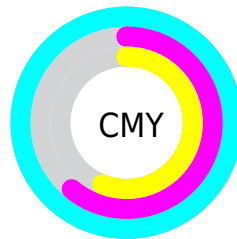
- Red (0%)
- Green (39%)
- Blue (44%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Blue (44%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (56%)





- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (61%)
- Yellow (56%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 10.0714, 0.2156, 0.2962 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 10.0714, 0.2156, 0.2962 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 10.0714, 0.2156,
0.2962


 10.0714, 0.2156,
0.2962


191.1809, 0.2744,
0.3182


 5.4463, 0.1961,
0.2873

 25.9297, 0.2401,
0.3062


 2.5114, 0.1676,
0.2726


 37.9317, 0.2483,
0.3093

 0.8824, 0.1011,
0.2509

 53.1615, 0.2548,
0.3116

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 72.0035, 0.2602,
0.3135

 94.8420, 0.2646,
0.3150

 122.0615, 0.2684,

0.3162

154.0463, 0.2716,
0.3173

10.0714, 0.2156,
0.2962

10.0714, 0.2156,
0.2962

10.0722, 0.2156,
0.2962

10.3733, 0.2192,
0.2998

10.7070, 0.2238,
0.3033

11.0986, 0.2300,
0.3069

11.5542, 0.2380,
0.3105

12.0792, 0.2476,
0.3139

■ 12.6785, 0.2586,
0.3173

■ 13.3563, 0.2709,
0.3205

■ 14.1167, 0.2842,
0.3236

■ 14.9633, 0.2982,
0.3264

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.0714, 0.2406, 0.3512



10.0714, 0.2156, 0.2962



10.0714, 0.2140, 0.2577

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.0714, 0.2156, 0.2962



10.0714, 0.3332, 0.2678



10.0714, 0.3906, 0.4220

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.0714, 0.2156, 0.2962



3.6434, 0.6261, 0.3411

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.0714, 0.4209, 0.3891



10.0714, 0.2156, 0.2962



10.0714, 0.3874, 0.3035

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.0714, 0.2156, 0.2962



10.0714, 0.2775, 0.2456



10.0714, 0.4206, 0.3463



10.0714, 0.3407, 0.4306

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.0714, 0.2156, 0.2962



10.0714, 0.2258, 0.2443



10.0714, 0.4206, 0.3463



10.0714, 0.4035, 0.4130

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.0722, 0.2156, 0.2962



23.8067, 0.2699, 0.3203



11.3959, 0.2969, 0.5887



5.6213, 0.2657, 0.3192



58.7016, 0.3127, 0.3290



6.8385, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.0722, 0.2156, 0.2962



17.9212, 0.2154, 0.2953



2.9796, 0.1707, 0.1343



3.7566, 0.2996, 0.3267



11.8438, 0.2155, 0.2959



58.2349, 0.2150, 0.2940

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4.2812, 0.3488, 0.1695



7.6533, 0.3496, 0.1700



7.3480, 0.5067, 0.4359



3.4476, 0.3151, 0.3105



5.0415, 0.3490, 0.1696



25.0366, 0.3508, 0.1706

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.0714, 0.2156, 0.2962 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.0714, 0.2156, 0.2962 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

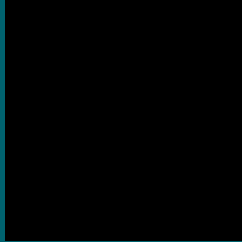
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 10.0714, 0.2156, 0.2962

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.0714, 0.2156, 0.2962.

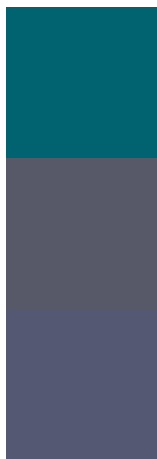


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.0714, 0.2156, 0.2962.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.0714, 0.2156, 0.2962

Protanopia

10.1705, 0.2882, 0.2931

Deuteranopia

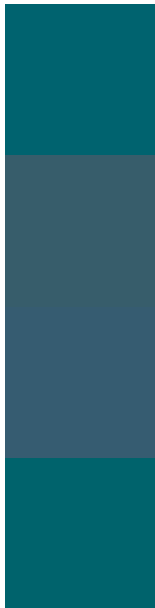
10.1256, 0.2723, 0.2684



Tritanopia

9.9852, 0.2185, 0.3066

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.0714, 0.2156, 0.2962

Protanomaly

9.7025, 0.2453, 0.2922

Deuteranomaly

9.6308, 0.2380, 0.2751

Tritanomaly

10.0064, 0.2178, 0.3040

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.0714, 0.2156, 0.2962

Achromatopsia

6.3010, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

7.1146, 0.2513, 0.3135

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 10.0714, 0.2156, 0.2962 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 99, 111)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 99, 111)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 99, 111) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 99, 111) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 10.0714, 0.2156, 0.2962 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 99, 111) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 99, 111) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 99, 111)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 99, 111); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 99, 111);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 99, 111)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 10.0714, 0.2156, 0.2962 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 99, 111) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 99,  
111) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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