

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(9.9972, 0.6202, 0.3298)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(9.9972, 0.6202, 0.3298)  
contains.

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**Color**

**Yxy(10.0600, 0.6203, 0.3299)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B31212
RGB	179, 18, 18
RGB Percent	70%, 7%, 7%
CMY	0.2981, 0.9293, 0.9293
CMYK	0.00, 0.90, 0.90, 0.30
HSL	360°, 82%, 39%
HSV	360°, 90%, 70%
XYZ	18.9155, 10.0600, 1.5186
YIQ	66.1390, 95.9560, 34.1320

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

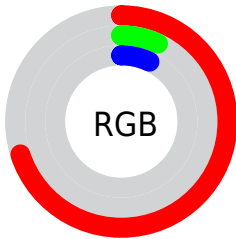
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	179, 18, 18
Decimal	11735570
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	37.95, 59.38, 44.87
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	38, 74.427, 37.081
Yxy	10.0600, 0.6203, 0.3299
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289925650 (0xFFB31212)
YUV	66.1390, -23.7325, 98.9791
Hunter-Lab	31.7175, 50.9471, 19.3635

# Details

The Yxy color **10.0600, 0.6203, 0.3299** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990000**. A complement of this color would be **35.6217, 0.2262, 0.3288**, and the grayscale version is **5.5008, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **25.9219, 0.5504, 0.3468**, and **3.7130, 0.6401, 0.3300** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.5864, 0.6399, 0.3300**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **10.9678, 0.5875, 0.3298**.

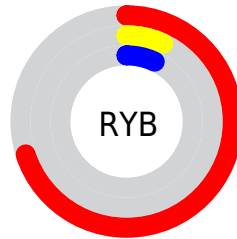
# Distribution



Red (70%)

Green (7%)

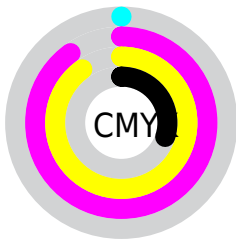
Blue (7%)



Red (70%)

Yellow (7%)

Blue (7%)

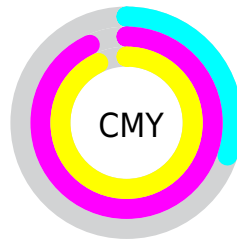


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (90%)

Yellow (90%)

Black (30%)



Cyan (30%)

Magenta (93%)


Yellow (93%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 10.0600, 0.6203, 0.3299 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 10.0600, 0.6203, 0.3299 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 10.0600, 0.6203,  
0.3299


 10.0600, 0.6203,  
0.3299


 191.0998, 0.4389,  
0.3510


 5.4388, 0.6738,  
0.3129

 25.9083, 0.5504,  
0.3469


 2.5069, 0.7253,  
0.2747

 37.9041, 0.5248,  
0.3500


 0.8801, 0.7879,  
0.2121

 53.1270, 0.5038,  
0.3516

 0.0000, 1.0000,  
0.0000


 71.9612, 0.4863,  
0.3522

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 94.7912, 0.4715,  
0.3523


 122.0013, 0.4590,

0.3520


 153.9761, 0.4482,  
0.3516

 10.0600, 0.6203,  
0.3299


 10.0600, 0.6203,  
0.3299


 9.5864, 0.6399,  
0.3300

 10.9678, 0.5875,  
0.3298

 9.5832, 0.6401,  
0.3300

 12.4707, 0.5436,  
0.3297

 14.6476, 0.4961,  
0.3295

 17.5653, 0.4509,  
0.3294

 21.2823, 0.4113,  
0.3293

■ 25.8512, 0.3783,  
0.3292

■ 31.3204, 0.3514,  
0.3291

■ 37.7343, 0.3299,  
0.3291

■ 45.1348, 0.3126,  
0.3290

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.0600, 0.5474, 0.2518



10.0600, 0.6203, 0.3299



10.0600, 0.5748, 0.4252

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.0600, 0.6203, 0.3299



10.0600, 0.1974, 0.5922



10.0600, 0.1278, 0.1197

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.0600, 0.6203, 0.3299



35.6217, 0.2262, 0.3288

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.0600, 0.0868, 0.1362



10.0600, 0.6203, 0.3299



10.0600, 0.1100, 0.3642

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.0600, 0.6203, 0.3299



10.0600, 0.3241, 0.6487



10.0600, 0.0795, 0.2024



10.0600, 0.2180, 0.1351



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.0600, 0.6203, 0.3299



10.0600, 0.4994, 0.5006



10.0600, 0.0795, 0.2024



10.0600, 0.1097, 0.1213

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.0606, 0.6203, 0.3299



48.5674, 0.3711, 0.3292



12.9548, 0.3171, 0.1560



10.0813, 0.3810, 0.3292



91.1408, 0.3127, 0.3290



17.8868, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.0606, 0.6203, 0.3299



17.1642, 0.6401, 0.3300



17.9620, 0.5237, 0.4114



8.5053, 0.3287, 0.3290



6.7723, 0.6401, 0.3300



0.2131, 0.6401, 0.3300



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.0606, 0.6203, 0.3299



17.1642, 0.6401, 0.3300



12.7290, 0.1860, 0.1813



8.5053, 0.3287, 0.3290



6.7723, 0.6401, 0.3300



0.2131, 0.6401, 0.3300



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.0600, 0.6203, 0.3299 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 10.0600, 0.6203, 0.3299**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.0600, 0.6203, 0.3299.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.0600, 0.6203, 0.3299.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

10.0600, 0.6203, 0.3299

### Protanopia

10.4168, 0.4153, 0.4557

### Deuteranopia

10.4612, 0.4676, 0.4669



## Tritanopia

10.0760, 0.6242, 0.3330

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

10.0600, 0.6203, 0.3299

## Protanomaly

8.4965, 0.5139, 0.3881

## Deuteranomaly

8.8639, 0.5472, 0.3962

## Tritanomaly

10.0812, 0.6228, 0.3322

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

10.0600, 0.6203, 0.3299

## Achromatopsia

5.4480, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

5.5442, 0.4585, 0.3294

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 10.0600, 0.6203, 0.3299 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(179, 18, 18)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(179, 18, 18)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(179, 18, 18) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(179, 18, 18) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 10.0600, 0.6203, 0.3299 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(179, 18, 18) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(179, 18, 18) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(179, 18, 18)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(179, 18, 18); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 18, 18);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 18,  
18) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 10.0600, 0.6203, 0.3299 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(179, 18, 18) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(179, 18,  
18) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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