

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(90.2409, 0.2939, 0.3481)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(90.2409, 0.2939, 0.3481)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(90.0616, 0.2938, 0.3480)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CEFEEC
RGB	206, 254, 236
RGB Percent	81%, 100%, 93%
CMY	0.1921, 0.0039, 0.0747
CMYK	0.19, 0.00, 0.07, 0.00
HSL	157°, 96%, 90%
HSV	157°, 19%, 100%
XYZ	76.0348, 90.0616, 92.7013
YIQ	237.5960, -22.8300, -15.7740

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

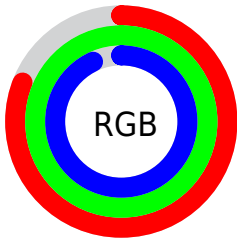
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	206, 236, 254
Decimal	13565676
CIE Lab	96.02, -18.70, 3.59
CIE LCh	96, 19.042, 169.147
Yxy	90.0616, 0.2938, 0.3480
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291755756 (0xFFCFEEEC)
YUV	237.5960, -0.7868, -27.7097
Hunter-Lab	94.9008, -23.0617, 8.5147

# Details

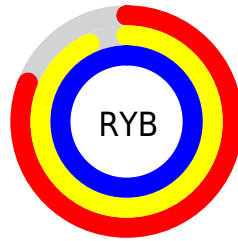
The Yxy color **90.0616, 0.2938, 0.3480** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **70.6098, 0.3363, 0.3108**, and the grayscale version is **85.1941, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290**, and **49.8071, 0.2897, 0.3522** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **86.1781, 0.2845, 0.3596**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **94.5698, 0.3037, 0.3375**.

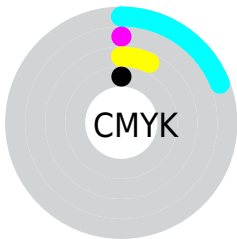
# Distribution



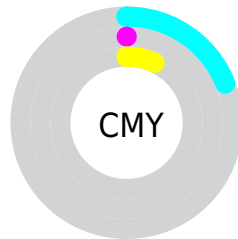
- Red (81%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (93%)



- Red (81%)
- Yellow (93%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (7%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 90.0616, 0.2938, 0.3480 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 90.0616, 0.2938, 0.3480 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 90.0616, 0.2938,  
0.3480

 90.0616, 0.2938,  
0.3480


528.2312, 0.3023,  
0.3394

 68.0317, 0.2919,  
0.3499

147.4240, 0.2967,  
0.3451

 49.9236, 0.2896,  
0.3522


183.5252, 0.2978,  
0.3439

 35.3527, 0.2868,  
0.3552


225.0858, 0.2988,  
0.3429

 23.9347, 0.2831,  
0.3589

272.4900, 0.2997,  
0.3420

 15.2852, 0.2783,  
0.3640

326.1222, 0.3004,  
0.3413

 9.0198, 0.2716,  
0.3710

386.3669, 0.3011,

 4.7541, 0.2616,

0.3406

0.3816

453.6084, 0.3017,  
0.3400

■ 2.1037, 0.2452,  
0.3993

■ 0.6667, 0.1343,  
0.5054

■ 90.0616, 0.2938,  
0.3480

■ 90.0616, 0.2938,  
0.3480

■ 86.1781, 0.2845,  
0.3596

■ 94.5698, 0.3037,  
0.3375

■ 82.8794, 0.2762,  
0.3722

99.3667, 0.3128,  
0.3281

■ 80.1382, 0.2691,  
0.3856

■ 77.9207, 0.2636,  
0.3998

■ 76.1893, 0.2598,  
0.4144

■ 74.9009, 0.2582,  
0.4293

■ 74.0049, 0.2585,  
0.4439

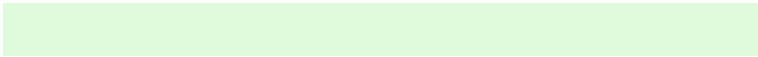
■ 73.4271, 0.2608,  
0.4583

■ 73.3721, 0.2611,  
0.4598

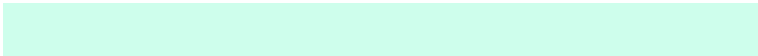
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



90.0616, 0.3145, 0.3624



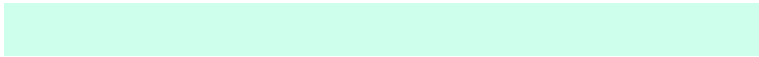
90.0616, 0.2938, 0.3480



90.0616, 0.2784, 0.3283

# Triad

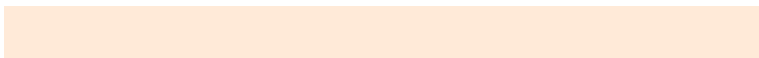
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



90.0616, 0.2938, 0.3480



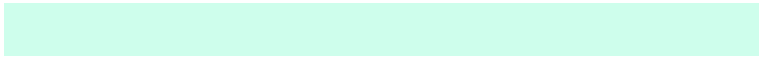
90.0616, 0.2897, 0.2932



90.0616, 0.3551, 0.3462

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



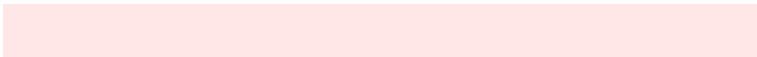
90.0616, 0.2938, 0.3480



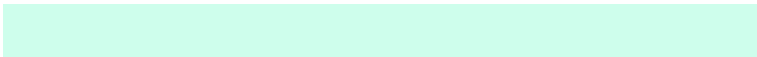
70.6098, 0.3363, 0.3108

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



90.0616, 0.3481, 0.3282



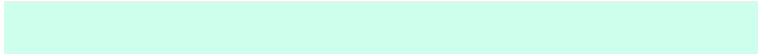
90.0616, 0.2938, 0.3480



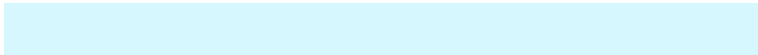
90.0616, 0.3097, 0.2984

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



90.0616, 0.2938, 0.3480



90.0616, 0.2761, 0.2971



90.0616, 0.3312, 0.3110

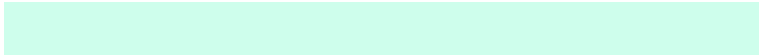


90.0616, 0.3503, 0.3605



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



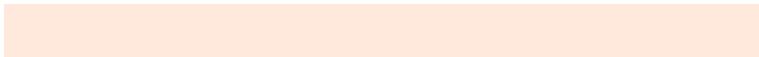
90.0616, 0.2938, 0.3480



90.0616, 0.2731, 0.3154



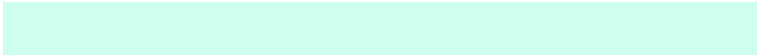
90.0616, 0.3312, 0.3110



90.0616, 0.3541, 0.3403

# Sweetspot

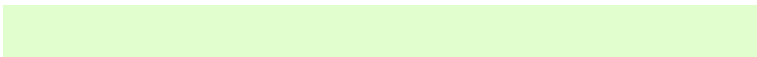
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



90.0654, 0.2938, 0.3480



96.8477, 0.3066, 0.3346



91.2576, 0.3219, 0.3792



20.6590, 0.3059, 0.3353



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

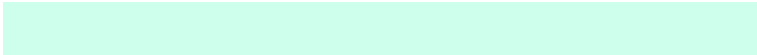


21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

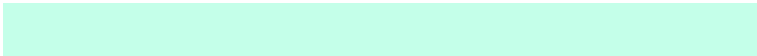


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



90.0654, 0.2938, 0.3480



89.1828, 0.2899, 0.3526



87.6661, 0.2839, 0.3231



20.3588, 0.3030, 0.3381



38.7106, 0.2604, 0.4575



3.7903, 0.2559, 0.4411



# Inverse Universe

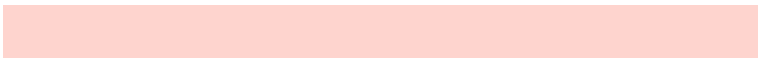
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



70.6098, 0.3363, 0.3108



65.9812, 0.3428, 0.3066



72.4257, 0.3489, 0.3348



18.1001, 0.3235, 0.3201



11.5757, 0.5481, 0.2793

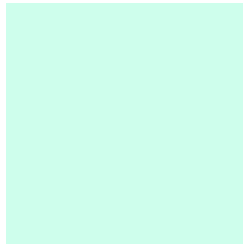


1.1475, 0.5172, 0.2623



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 90.0616, 0.2938, 0.3480 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

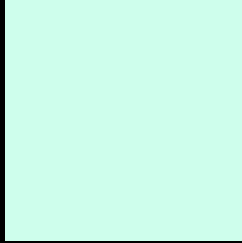
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 90.0616, 0.2938, 0.3480 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

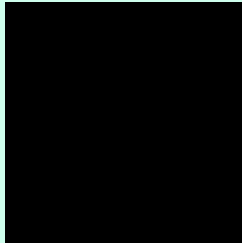
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

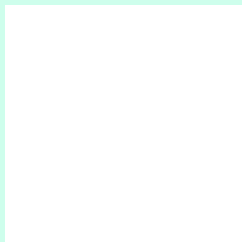
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 90.0616, 0.2938, 0.3480**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 90.0616, 0.2938, 0.3480.

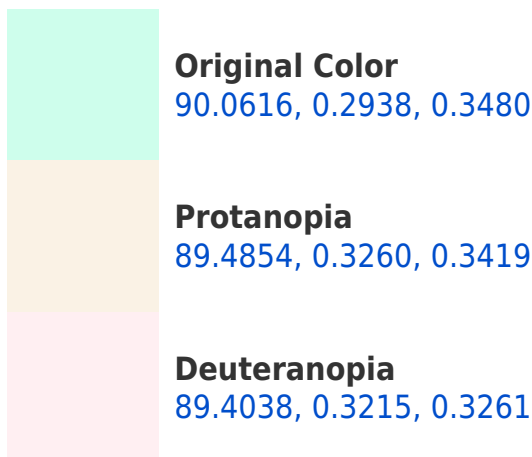


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 90.0616, 0.2938, 0.3480.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





## Tritanopia

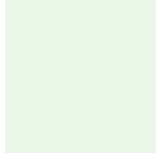
89.9545, 0.2975, 0.3199

# Trichromacy



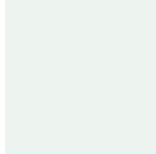
## Original Color

90.0616, 0.2938, 0.3480



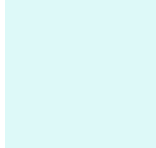
## Protanomaly

89.2302, 0.3133, 0.3432



## Deuteranomaly

88.9972, 0.3106, 0.3330



## Tritanomaly

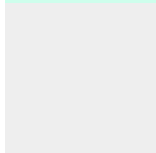
89.9008, 0.2960, 0.3300

# Monochromacy



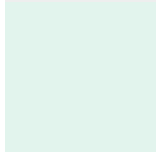
## Original Color

90.0616, 0.2938, 0.3480



## Achromatopsia

85.4993, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

86.9845, 0.3053, 0.3362

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 90.0616, 0.2938, 0.3480 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(206, 254, 236)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(206, 254, 236)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(206, 254, 236) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(206, 254, 236) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 90.0616, 0.2938, 0.3480 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(206, 254, 236) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(206, 254, 236) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(206, 254, 236)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(206, 254, 236); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(206, 254, 236);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(206, 254,  
236) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 90.0616, 0.2938, 0.3480 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(206, 254, 236) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(206,  
254, 236) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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