

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(90.3382, 0.4101, 0.5126)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(90.3382, 0.4101, 0.5126)  
contains.

<b>Yxy(90.3972, 0.4103, 0.5124)</b> .....	3
<b>Conversions</b> .....	4
<b>Details</b> .....	6
<b>Harmonies</b> .....	12
<b>Previews</b> .....	24
<b>Color Blindness Simulation</b> .....	27
<b>CSS Examples</b> .....	30

**Color**

**Yxy(90.3972, 0.4103, 0.5124)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F2FF00
RGB	242, 255, 0
RGB Percent	95%, 100%, 0%
CMY	0.0509, 0.0000, 0.9993
CMYK	0.05, 0.00, 1.00, 0.00
HSL	63°, 100%, 50%
HSV	63°, 100%, 100%
XYZ	72.3848, 90.3972, 13.6372
YIQ	222.0430, 74.1070, -82.0610

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

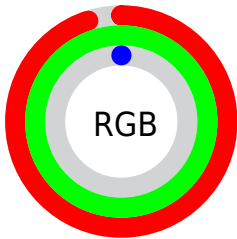
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 255, 13
Decimal	15924992
CIELab	96.16, -26.85, 93.32
CIELCh	96, 97.102, 106.052
Yxy	90.3972, 0.4103, 0.5124
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294115072 (0xFFFF2FF00)
YUV	222.0430, -109.4672, 17.5023
Hunter-Lab	95.0774, -30.4891, 58.0501

# Details

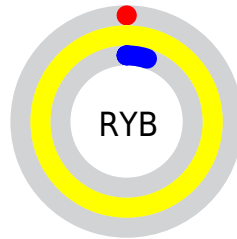
The Yxy color **90.3972, 0.4103, 0.5124** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFF00**. The color can be described as light saturated yellow. A complement of this color would be **7.3105, 0.1511, 0.0606**, and the grayscale version is **73.8479, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **93.6245, 0.4002, 0.4736**, and **50.6706, 0.4035, 0.5178** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **90.3994, 0.4103, 0.5124**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **90.7048, 0.4094, 0.5086**.

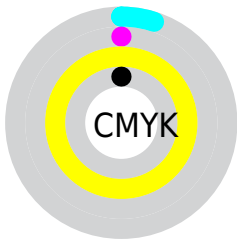
# Distribution



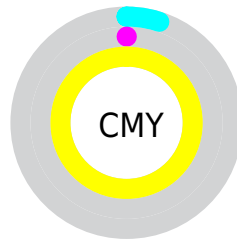
- Red (95%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (0%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (5%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (100%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 90.3972, 0.4103, 0.5124 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 90.3972, 0.4103, 0.5124 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 90.3972, 0.4103,  
0.5124


 90.3972, 0.4103,  
0.5124


529.3221, 0.3774,  
0.4361

 68.3101, 0.4142,  
0.5263


 147.8900, 0.4018,  
0.4886


 50.1501, 0.4171,  
0.5414


 184.0645, 0.3977,  
0.4786


 35.5327, 0.4183,  
0.5576


 225.7036, 0.3937,  
0.4696

 24.0735, 0.4178,  
0.5763

 273.1917, 0.3900,  
0.4614

 15.3881, 0.4091,  
0.5909

 326.9133, 0.3865,  
0.4541

 9.0922, 0.3936,  
0.6064


 387.2526, 0.3832,


 4.8014, 0.3704,


0.4476

0.6296


454.5940, 0.3802,  
0.4416


 2.1312, 0.3326,  
0.6674


 0.6821, 0.0000,  
1.0000


 90.3972, 0.4103,  
0.5124


 90.3972, 0.4103,  
0.5124

 90.3994, 0.4103,  
0.5124


 90.7048, 0.4094,  
0.5086


 91.1044, 0.4063,  
0.5010


 91.6290, 0.4006,  
0.4890


 92.2961, 0.3922,  
0.4726

 93.1204, 0.3816,  
0.4525

 94.1150, 0.3691,  
0.4295

 95.2913, 0.3555,  
0.4047

 96.6599, 0.3411,  
0.3791

 98.2306, 0.3267,  
0.3536

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



90.3972, 0.4885, 0.4460



90.3972, 0.4103, 0.5124



90.3972, 0.3138, 0.5274

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



90.3972, 0.4103, 0.5124



90.3972, 0.1391, 0.2297



90.3972, 0.3902, 0.2406

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



90.3972, 0.4103, 0.5124



7.3105, 0.1511, 0.0606

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



90.3972, 0.2797, 0.1963



90.3972, 0.4103, 0.5124



90.3972, 0.1516, 0.1851

# Square

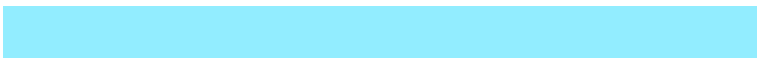
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



90.3972, 0.4103, 0.5124



90.3972, 0.1607, 0.3218



90.3972, 0.1973, 0.1765



90.3972, 0.4877, 0.3022



# Rectangle

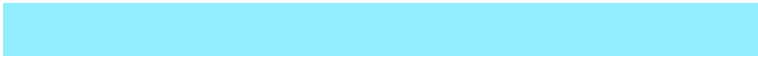
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



90.3972, 0.4103, 0.5124



90.3972, 0.2503, 0.4838



90.3972, 0.1973, 0.1765



90.3972, 0.3521, 0.2234

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



90.4014, 0.4103, 0.5124



95.2831, 0.3556, 0.4049



21.5460, 0.6375, 0.3319



20.2836, 0.3614, 0.4155



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



90.4014, 0.4103, 0.5124



90.4000, 0.4103, 0.5124



75.1544, 0.3288, 0.5771



21.0409, 0.3261, 0.3525



47.2565, 0.4105, 0.5123



4.6151, 0.4115, 0.5114



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



7.3105, 0.1511, 0.0606



7.3054, 0.1511, 0.0606



12.8278, 0.2106, 0.0934



17.4219, 0.2986, 0.3045



3.8354, 0.1515, 0.0608

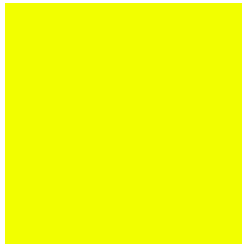


0.3883, 0.1550, 0.0628



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 90.3972, 0.4103, 0.5124 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

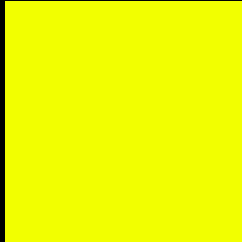
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 90.3972, 0.4103, 0.5124 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 90.3972, 0.4103, 0.5124**

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 90.3972, 0.4103, 0.5124.

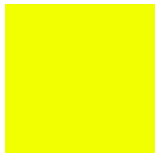


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 90.3972, 0.4103, 0.5124.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



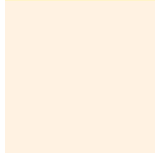
### Original Color

90.3972, 0.4103, 0.5124



### Protanopia

90.1784, 0.3469, 0.3718



### Deuteranopia

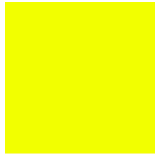
90.2552, 0.3313, 0.3448



## Tritanopia

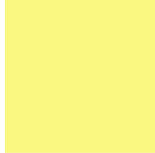
90.0213, 0.3153, 0.3165

# Trichromacy



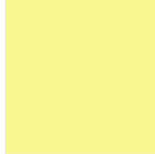
## Original Color

90.3972, 0.4103, 0.5124



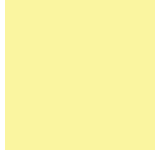
## Protanomaly

89.0173, 0.3855, 0.4463



## Deuteranomaly

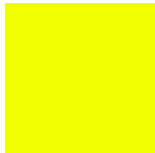
88.8591, 0.3772, 0.4313



## Tritanomaly

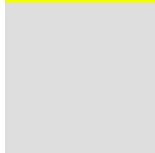
88.1669, 0.3686, 0.4145

# Monochromacy



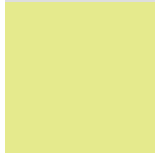
## Original Color

90.3972, 0.4103, 0.5124



## Achromatopsia

73.0461, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

77.4267, 0.3684, 0.4287

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 90.3972, 0.4103, 0.5124 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(242, 255, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(242, 255, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(242, 255, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(242, 255, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 90.3972, 0.4103, 0.5124 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(242, 255, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(242, 255, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(242, 255, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(242, 255, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 255, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 255,  
0) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 90.3972, 0.4103, 0.5124 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(242, 255, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(242,  
255, 0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor