

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(90.6802, 0.3133, 0.3442)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(90.6802, 0.3133, 0.3442)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(90.6802, 0.3133, 0.3442)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EBF8E9
RGB	235, 248, 233
RGB Percent	92%, 97%, 91%
CMY	0.0783, 0.0274, 0.0863
CMYK	0.05, 0.00, 0.06, 0.03
HSL	112°, 52%, 94%
HSV	112°, 6%, 97%
XYZ	82.5395, 90.6802, 90.2323
YIQ	242.4030, -2.9330, -7.4210

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

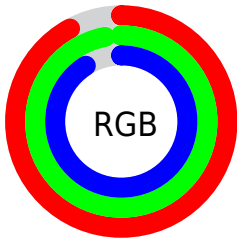
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	233, 248, 246
Decimal	15464681
CIE Lab	96.28, -6.93, 5.72
CIE LCh	96, 8.988, 140.437
Yxy	90.6802, 0.3133, 0.3442
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293654761 (0xFFE8F8E9)
YUV	242.4030, -4.6357, -6.4924
Hunter-Lab	95.2262, -11.9266, 10.4776

# Details

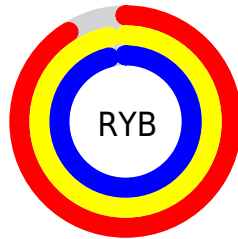
The Yxy color **90.6802, 0.3133, 0.3442** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **84.6347, 0.3121, 0.3141**, and the grayscale version is **89.1723, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290**, and **50.4573, 0.3134, 0.3485** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **85.9324, 0.3141, 0.3719**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **95.6158, 0.3130, 0.3223**.

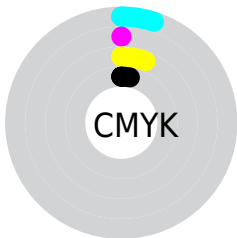
# Distribution



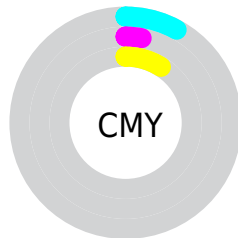
- Red (92%)
- Green (97%)
- Blue (91%)



- Red (91%)
- Yellow (97%)
- Blue (96%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Black (3%)




- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (9%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 90.6802, 0.3133, 0.3442 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 90.6802, 0.3133, 0.3442 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 90.6802, 0.3133,  
0.3442

 90.6802, 0.3133,  
0.3442


530.2410, 0.3131,  
0.3374

 68.5449, 0.3133,  
0.3457


148.2829, 0.3132,  
0.3419

 50.3412, 0.3134,  
0.3476


184.5190, 0.3132,  
0.3410

 35.6846, 0.3134,  
0.3499


226.2243, 0.3132,  
0.3402

 24.1907, 0.3135,  
0.3529

273.7831, 0.3132,  
0.3395

 15.4751, 0.3136,  
0.3568

327.5798, 0.3131,  
0.3388

 9.1535, 0.3136,  
0.3624

387.9987, 0.3131,

 4.8415, 0.3136,

0.3383

0.3706

455.4243, 0.3131,  
0.3378

■ 2.1545, 0.3134,  
0.3844

■ 0.6950, 0.3185,  
0.4504

■ 90.6802, 0.3133,  
0.3442

■ 90.6802, 0.3133,  
0.3442

■ 85.9324, 0.3141,  
0.3719

■ 95.6158, 0.3130,  
0.3223

■ 81.7959, 0.3147,  
0.4026

■ 78.2493, 0.3149,  
0.4359

■ 75.2654, 0.3145,  
0.4707

■ 72.8152, 0.3136,  
0.5051

■ 70.8666, 0.3119,  
0.5370

■ 69.3843, 0.3097,  
0.5638

■ 68.3282, 0.3069,  
0.5834

■ 67.6509, 0.3040,  
0.5948

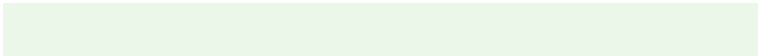
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



90.6802, 0.3231, 0.3466



90.6802, 0.3133, 0.3442



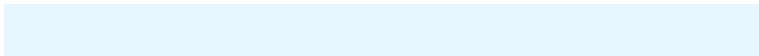
90.6802, 0.3035, 0.3375

# Triad

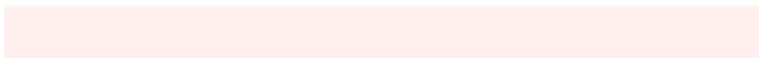
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



90.6802, 0.3133, 0.3442



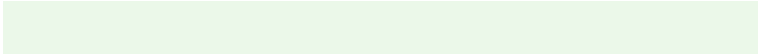
90.6802, 0.2955, 0.3138



90.6802, 0.3295, 0.3292

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



90.6802, 0.3133, 0.3442



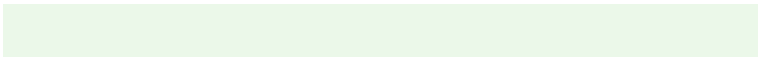
84.6347, 0.3121, 0.3141

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



90.6802, 0.3219, 0.3207



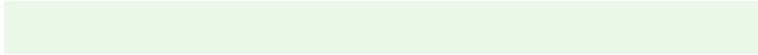
90.6802, 0.3133, 0.3442



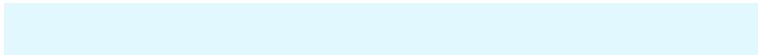
90.6802, 0.3022, 0.3119

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



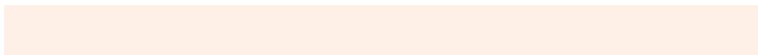
90.6802, 0.3133, 0.3442



90.6802, 0.2933, 0.3198



90.6802, 0.3119, 0.3144



90.6802, 0.3326, 0.3378

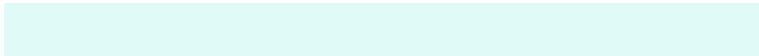


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



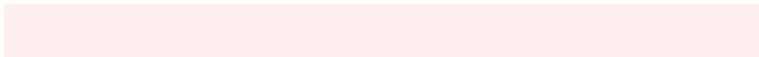
90.6802, 0.3133, 0.3442



90.6802, 0.2982, 0.3316



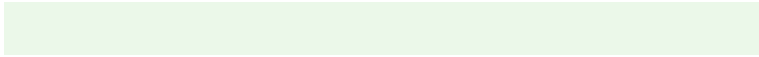
90.6802, 0.3119, 0.3144



90.6802, 0.3274, 0.3263

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



90.6841, 0.3133, 0.3442



98.8492, 0.3129, 0.3339



91.5984, 0.3219, 0.3416



21.1699, 0.3129, 0.3337



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

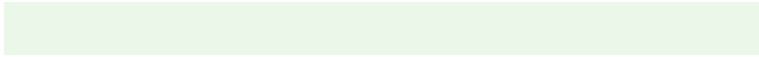


21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

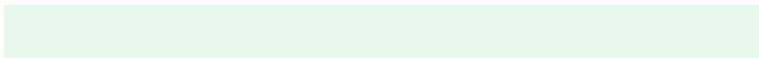
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



90.6841, 0.3133, 0.3442



96.0931, 0.3134, 0.3467



90.6445, 0.3089, 0.3389



19.6255, 0.3134, 0.3483



36.4802, 0.3036, 0.5971

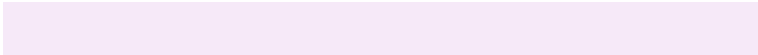


3.4124, 0.3096, 0.5924



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



84.6347, 0.3121, 0.3141



88.6794, 0.3119, 0.3117



84.6829, 0.3167, 0.3193



17.9854, 0.3119, 0.3103



11.4614, 0.2869, 0.1354

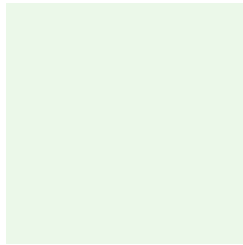


1.0935, 0.2912, 0.1378



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 90.6802, 0.3133, 0.3442 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

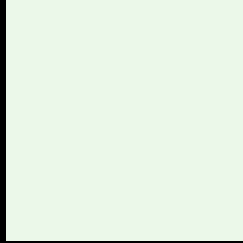
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 90.6802, 0.3133, 0.3442 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

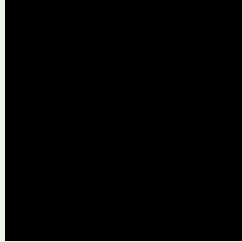
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

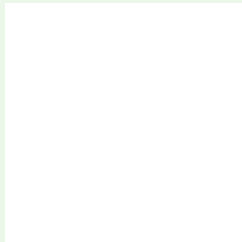
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 90.6802, 0.3133, 0.3442**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 90.6802, 0.3133, 0.3442.

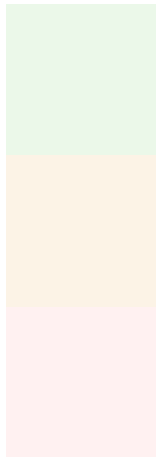


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 90.6802, 0.3133, 0.3442.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

90.6802, 0.3133, 0.3442

### Protanopia

90.5098, 0.3266, 0.3419

### Deuteranopia

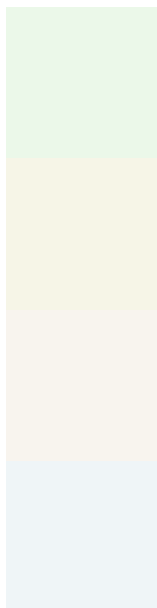
90.5215, 0.3219, 0.3290



## Tritanopia

90.7986, 0.3049, 0.3182

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

90.6802, 0.3133, 0.3442

## Protanomaly

90.6672, 0.3218, 0.3430

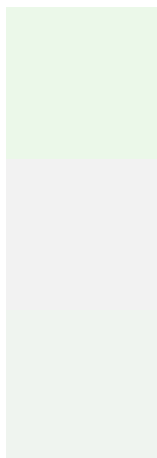
## Deuteranomaly

90.8309, 0.3189, 0.3349

## Tritanomaly

90.3709, 0.3077, 0.3270

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

90.6802, 0.3133, 0.3442

## Achromatopsia

88.7923, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

89.2841, 0.3125, 0.3340

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 90.6802, 0.3133, 0.3442 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(235, 248, 233)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(235, 248, 233)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(235, 248, 233) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(235, 248, 233) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 90.6802, 0.3133, 0.3442 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(235, 248, 233) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(235, 248, 233) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(235, 248, 233)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(235, 248, 233); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 248, 233);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 248,  
233) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 90.6802, 0.3133, 0.3442 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(235, 248, 233) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(235,  
248, 233) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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