

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(90.7084, 0.2799, 0.3297)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(90.7084, 0.2799, 0.3297)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(90.6815, 0.2799, 0.3300)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C6FFFE
RGB	198, 255, 254
RGB Percent	78%, 100%, 100%
CMY	0.2239, 0.0000, 0.0040
CMYK	0.22, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	179°, 100%, 89%
HSV	179°, 22%, 100%
XYZ	76.9144, 90.6815, 107.1965
YIQ	237.8430, -33.6510, -12.3950

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	198, 227, 255
Decimal	13041662
CIE Lab	96.28, -18.02, -5.38
CIE LCh	96, 18.809, 196.614
Yxy	90.6815, 0.2799, 0.3300
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291231742 (0xFFC6FFFE)
YUV	237.8430, 7.9654, -34.9423
Hunter-Lab	95.2268, -22.4731, -0.0838

# Details

The Yxy color **90.6815, 0.2799, 0.3300** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **65.7205, 0.3580, 0.3281**, and the grayscale version is **85.3013, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290**, and **50.2590, 0.2733, 0.3302** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **87.4609, 0.2670, 0.3305**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **94.4547, 0.2940, 0.3295**.

# Distribution



- Red (78%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (78%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 90.6815, 0.2799, 0.3300 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 90.6815, 0.2799, 0.3300 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 90.6815, 0.2799,  
0.3300

 90.6815, 0.2799,  
0.3300


530.2453, 0.2944,  
0.3297

 68.5460, 0.2768,  
0.3300


148.2847, 0.2848,  
0.3299

 50.3421, 0.2729,  
0.3300


184.5211, 0.2867,  
0.3299

 35.6853, 0.2682,  
0.3300


226.2267, 0.2884,  
0.3299

 24.1912, 0.2623,  
0.3299

273.7858, 0.2899,  
0.3298

 15.4755, 0.2545,  
0.3298

327.5828, 0.2912,  
0.3298

 9.1538, 0.2438,  
0.3294

388.0021, 0.2924,

 4.8416, 0.2285,

0.3298

0.3286

455.4282, 0.2934,  
0.3298

■ 2.1546, 0.2047,  
0.3265

■ 0.6951, 0.1072,  
0.3377

■ 90.6815, 0.2799,  
0.3300

■ 90.6815, 0.2799,  
0.3300

■ 87.4609, 0.2670,  
0.3305

■ 94.4547, 0.2940,  
0.3295

■ 84.8096, 0.2557,  
0.3310

■ 98.8537, 0.3090,  
0.3291

■ 82.6808, 0.2461,  
0.3315

■ 100.0000, 0.3127,  
0.3290

■ 81.0394, 0.2384,  
0.3321

■ 79.8462, 0.2327,  
0.3327

■ 79.0560, 0.2289,  
0.3333

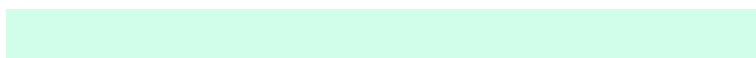
■ 78.6142, 0.2268,  
0.3338

■ 78.4499, 0.2262,  
0.3343

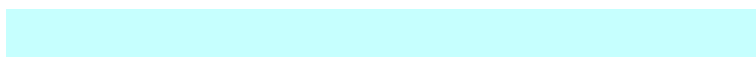
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



90.6815, 0.2957, 0.3492



90.6815, 0.2799, 0.3300



90.6815, 0.2728, 0.3113

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



90.6815, 0.2799, 0.3300



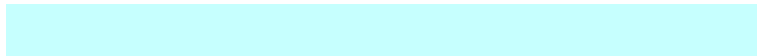
90.6815, 0.3080, 0.2981



90.6815, 0.3506, 0.3591

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



90.6815, 0.2799, 0.3300



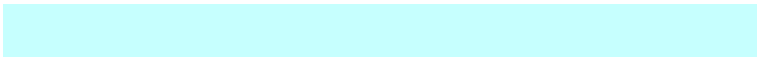
65.7205, 0.3580, 0.3281

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



90.6815, 0.3544, 0.3445



90.6815, 0.2799, 0.3300



90.6815, 0.3293, 0.3099

# Square

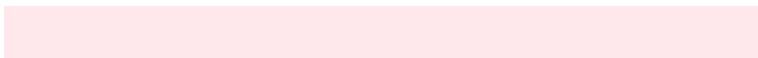
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



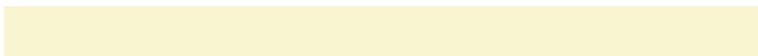
90.6815, 0.2799, 0.3300



90.6815, 0.2886, 0.2937



90.6815, 0.3465, 0.3267



90.6815, 0.3365, 0.3661



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



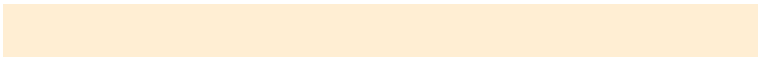
90.6815, 0.2799, 0.3300



90.6815, 0.2737, 0.3017



90.6815, 0.3465, 0.3267



90.6815, 0.3532, 0.3549

# Sweetspot

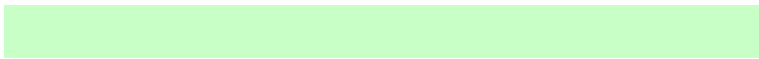
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



90.6661, 0.2799, 0.3300



96.7498, 0.3020, 0.3293



87.8443, 0.3109, 0.3918



20.6515, 0.3011, 0.3293



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

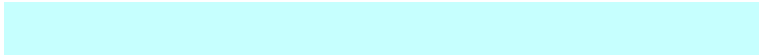


21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

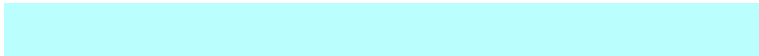


# Same Dimension

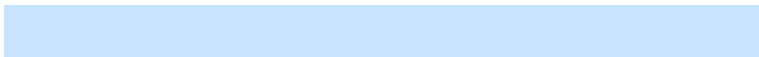
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



90.6661, 0.2799, 0.3300



89.1189, 0.2738, 0.3302



74.8922, 0.2772, 0.3002



20.4755, 0.2983, 0.3294



40.9943, 0.2262, 0.3342



3.9932, 0.2260, 0.3335



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



65.7205, 0.3580, 0.3281



60.0452, 0.3705, 0.3279



78.9371, 0.3529, 0.3562



17.9923, 0.3292, 0.3286



11.1163, 0.6383, 0.3290

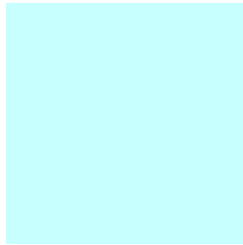


1.0841, 0.6339, 0.3266



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 90.6815, 0.2799, 0.3300 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

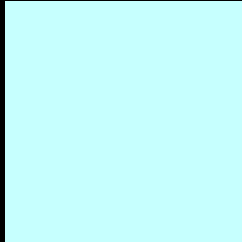
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 90.6815, 0.2799, 0.3300 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

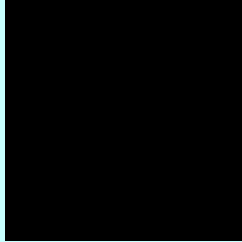
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

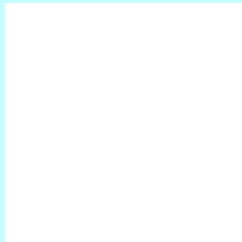
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 90.6815, 0.2799, 0.3300**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 90.6815, 0.2799, 0.3300.

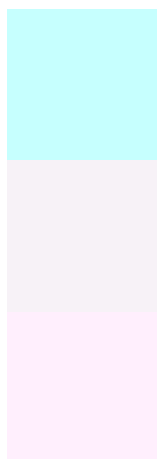


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 90.6815, 0.2799, 0.3300.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

90.6815, 0.2799, 0.3300

### Protanopia

89.9938, 0.3129, 0.3241

### Deuteranopia

90.0849, 0.3147, 0.3155



## Tritanopia

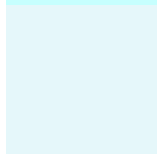
90.3995, 0.2969, 0.3209

# Trichromacy



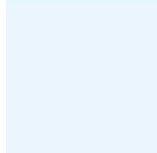
## Original Color

90.6815, 0.2799, 0.3300



## Protanomaly

90.0817, 0.2997, 0.3259



## Deuteranomaly

89.8891, 0.3011, 0.3210



## Tritanomaly

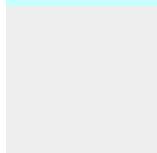
90.4966, 0.2904, 0.3238

# Monochromacy



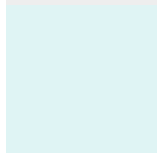
## Original Color

90.6815, 0.2799, 0.3300



## Achromatopsia

85.4993, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

86.9210, 0.2994, 0.3290

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 90.6815, 0.2799, 0.3300 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(198, 255, 254)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(198, 255, 254)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(198, 255, 254) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(198, 255, 254) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 90.6815, 0.2799, 0.3300 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

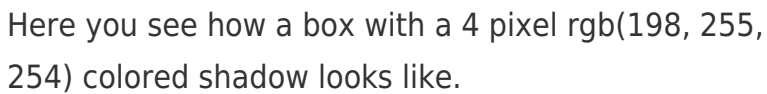
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(198, 255, 254) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(198, 255, 254) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(198, 255, 254)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 255, 254); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 255, 254); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 255, 254) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 90.6815, 0.2799, 0.3300 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(198, 255, 254) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(198,  
255, 254) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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