

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(91.0899, 0.3221, 0.3304)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(91.0899, 0.3221, 0.3304)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(91.1151, 0.3219, 0.3300)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFF2F1
RGB	255, 242, 241
RGB Percent	100%, 95%, 95%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0510, 0.0549
CMYK	0.00, 0.05, 0.05, 0.00
HSL	4°, 100%, 97%
HSV	4°, 5%, 100%
XYZ	88.8786, 91.1151, 96.1126
YIQ	245.7730, 8.0690, 2.4450

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

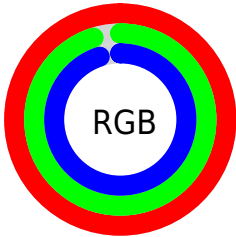
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 242, 241
Decimal	16773873
CIE Lab	96.46, 4.21, 2.04
CIE LCh	96, 4.678, 25.832
Yxy	91.1151, 0.3219, 0.3300
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294963953 (0xFFFFF2F1)
YUV	245.7730, -2.3531, 8.0921
Hunter-Lab	95.4542, -0.8413, 7.1190

# Details

The Yxy color **91.1151, 0.3219, 0.3300** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **96.7998, 0.3042, 0.3280**, and the grayscale version is **91.9761, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290**, and **50.6264, 0.3236, 0.3303** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **76.5020, 0.3416, 0.3319**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

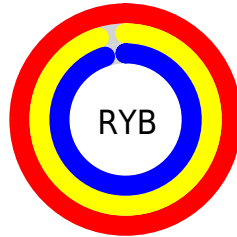
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (95%)

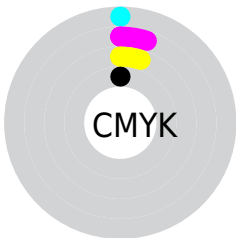
Blue (95%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (95%)

Blue (95%)

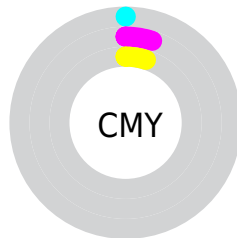


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (5%)

Yellow (5%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (5%)


Yellow (5%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 91.1151, 0.3219, 0.3300 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 91.1151, 0.3219, 0.3300 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 91.1151, 0.3219,  
0.3300

 91.1151, 0.3219,  
0.3300


531.6516, 0.3178,  
0.3296

 68.9059, 0.3228,  
0.3301


148.8864, 0.3205,  
0.3299

 50.6351, 0.3239,  
0.3302

185.2172, 0.3200,  
0.3298

 35.9183, 0.3253,  
0.3303


227.0240, 0.3195,  
0.3298

 24.3711, 0.3270,  
0.3305

274.6912, 0.3191,  
0.3297

 15.6091, 0.3293,  
0.3307

328.6031, 0.3187,  
0.3297

 9.2480, 0.3325,  
0.3310

389.1442, 0.3184,

 4.9033, 0.3372,

0.3296

0.3313

456.6989, 0.3181,  
0.3296

■ 2.1906, 0.3448,  
0.3319

■ 0.7149, 0.3667,  
0.3352

■ 91.1151, 0.3219,  
0.3300

■ 91.1151, 0.3219,  
0.3300

■ 76.5020, 0.3416,  
0.3319

100.0000, 0.3127,  
0.3290

■ 63.8514, 0.3660,  
0.3340

■ 53.0762, 0.3960,  
0.3361

■ 44.0871, 0.4323,  
0.3380

■ 36.7876, 0.4745,  
0.3395

■ 31.0720, 0.5206,  
0.3401

■ 26.8225, 0.5662,  
0.3395

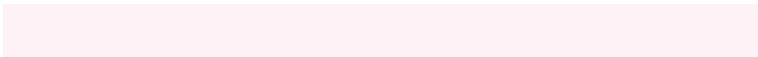
■ 23.9053, 0.6046,  
0.3374

■ 22.1616, 0.6295,  
0.3342

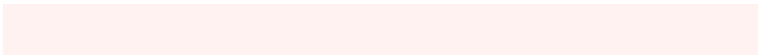
# Harmonies

## Analogous

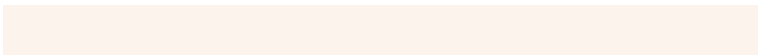
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



91.1151, 0.3183, 0.3254



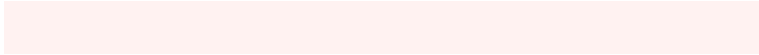
91.1151, 0.3219, 0.3300



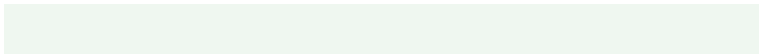
91.1151, 0.3230, 0.3343

# Triad

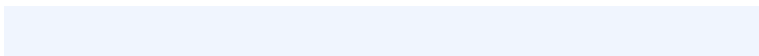
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



91.1151, 0.3219, 0.3300



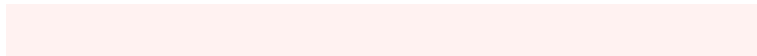
91.1151, 0.3121, 0.3364



91.1151, 0.3042, 0.3207

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



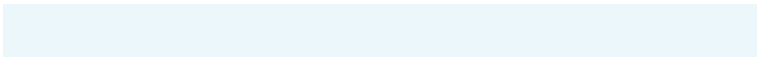
91.1151, 0.3219, 0.3300



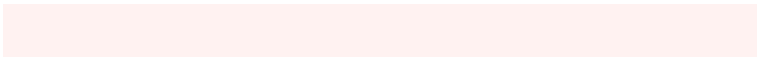
96.7998, 0.3042, 0.3280

# Split Complementary

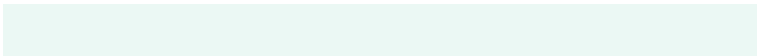
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



91.1151, 0.3026, 0.3236



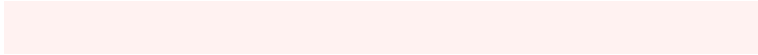
91.1151, 0.3219, 0.3300



91.1151, 0.3071, 0.3326

# Square

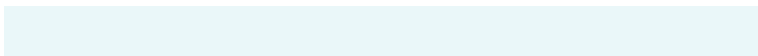
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



91.1151, 0.3219, 0.3300



91.1151, 0.3173, 0.3381



91.1151, 0.3036, 0.3279

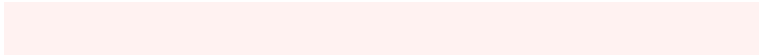


91.1151, 0.3081, 0.3201

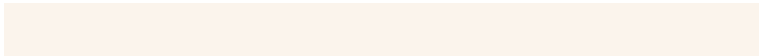


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



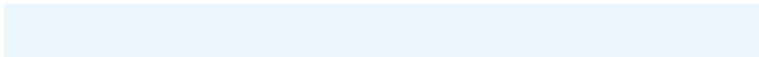
91.1151, 0.3219, 0.3300



91.1151, 0.3221, 0.3365



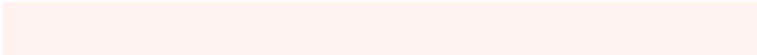
91.1151, 0.3036, 0.3279



91.1151, 0.3034, 0.3215

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



91.1114, 0.3219, 0.3300



96.6923, 0.3159, 0.3294



91.3248, 0.3139, 0.3165



20.7308, 0.3158, 0.3293



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

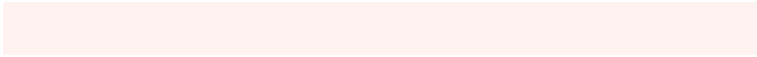


21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



91.1114, 0.3219, 0.3300



88.7829, 0.3246, 0.3303



95.3178, 0.3213, 0.3367



18.8062, 0.3257, 0.3304



11.4152, 0.6350, 0.3340

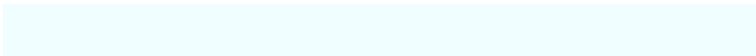


1.1808, 0.6237, 0.3429

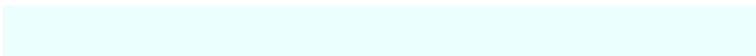


# Inverse Universe

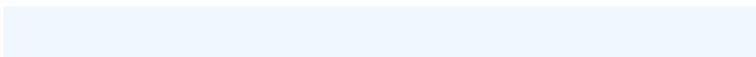
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



96.7998, 0.3042, 0.3280



95.9565, 0.3018, 0.3277



92.4779, 0.3043, 0.3212



20.4672, 0.3009, 0.3276



35.4297, 0.2185, 0.3064

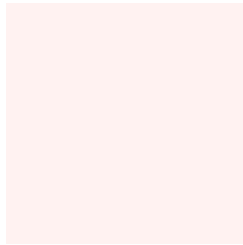


3.5137, 0.2192, 0.3092



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 91.1151, 0.3219, 0.3300 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

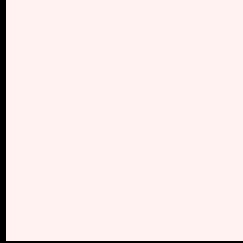
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 91.1151, 0.3219, 0.3300 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

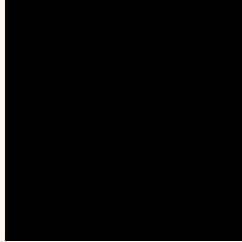
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

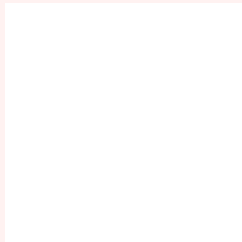
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 91.1151, 0.3219, 0.3300**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 91.1151, 0.3219, 0.3300.

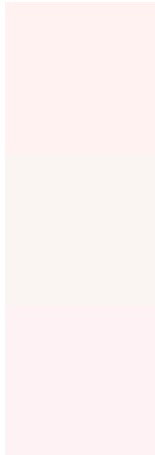


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 91.1151, 0.3219, 0.3300.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

91.1151, 0.3219, 0.3300

### Protanopia

91.4362, 0.3178, 0.3310

### Deuteranopia

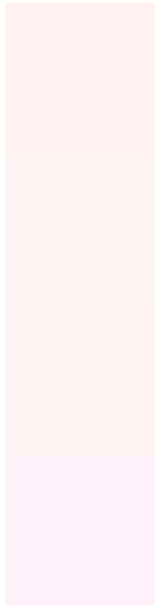
91.2959, 0.3200, 0.3271



## Tritanopia

91.2014, 0.3127, 0.3155

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

91.1151, 0.3219, 0.3300

## Protanomaly

91.2074, 0.3192, 0.3300

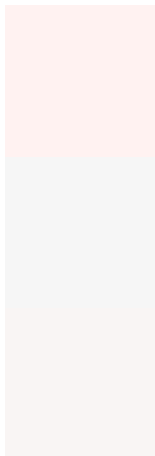
## Deuteranomaly

91.2353, 0.3206, 0.3281

## Tritanomaly

90.8836, 0.3157, 0.3203

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

91.1151, 0.3219, 0.3300

## Achromatopsia

92.1582, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

91.9762, 0.3159, 0.3300

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 91.1151, 0.3219, 0.3300 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 242, 241)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 242, 241)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 242, 241) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 242, 241) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 91.1151, 0.3219, 0.3300 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 242, 241) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 242, 241) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 242, 241)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 242, 241); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 242, 241);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 242,  
241) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 91.1151, 0.3219, 0.3300 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 242, 241) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
242, 241) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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