

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(91.0986, 0.3175, 0.3223)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(91.0986, 0.3175, 0.3223)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(90.9479, 0.3176, 0.3223)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFF1F8
RGB	255, 241, 248
RGB Percent	100%, 95%, 97%
CMY	0.0002, 0.0548, 0.0276
CMYK	0.00, 0.05, 0.03, 0.00
HSL	330°, 99%, 97%
HSV	330°, 5%, 100%
XYZ	89.6216, 90.9479, 101.6145
YIQ	245.9840, 6.0970, 5.1450

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

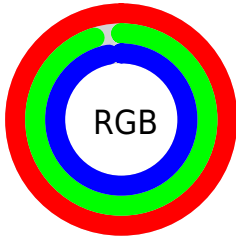
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 241, 248
Decimal	16773624
CIE Lab	96.39, 5.87, -1.67
CIE LCh	96, 6.100, 344.079
Yxy	90.9479, 0.3176, 0.3223
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294963704 (0xFFFFF1F8)
YUV	245.9840, 0.9939, 7.9070
Hunter-Lab	95.3666, 0.8554, 3.5823

# Details

The Yxy color 90.9479, 0.3176, 0.3223 is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be 96.9725, 0.3081, 0.3358, and the grayscale version is 92.1304, 0.3127, 0.3290.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290, and 50.5095, 0.3181, 0.3204 is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get 76.1314, 0.3280, 0.3095, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is 99.9910, 0.3127, 0.3290.

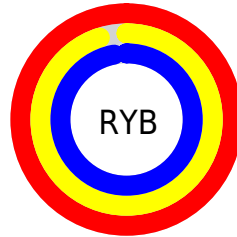
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (95%)

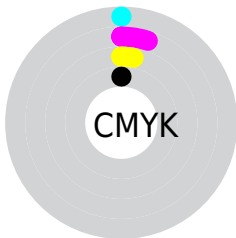
Blue (97%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (95%)

Blue (97%)

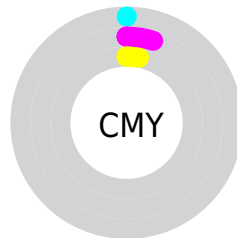


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (5%)

Yellow (3%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (5%)


Yellow (3%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 90.9479, 0.3176, 0.3223 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 90.9479, 0.3176, 0.3223 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 90.9479, 0.3176,  
0.3223

 90.9479, 0.3176,  
0.3223


531.1095, 0.3154,  
0.3253

 68.7671, 0.3181,  
0.3217


148.6544, 0.3169,  
0.3233

 50.5221, 0.3186,  
0.3209


184.9488, 0.3166,  
0.3237

 35.8284, 0.3194,  
0.3199


226.7166, 0.3163,  
0.3241

 24.3017, 0.3203,  
0.3186

274.3422, 0.3161,  
0.3244

 15.5576, 0.3215,  
0.3170

328.2098, 0.3159,  
0.3246

 9.2116, 0.3231,  
0.3148

388.7040, 0.3157,

 4.8795, 0.3255,

0.3249

0.3115

456.2091, 0.3156,  
0.3251

■ 2.1767, 0.3294,  
0.3063

■ 0.7073, 0.3384,  
0.2935

■ 90.9479, 0.3176,  
0.3223

■ 90.9479, 0.3176,  
0.3223

■ 76.1314, 0.3280,  
0.3095

99.9910, 0.3127,  
0.3290

■ 63.3891, 0.3405,  
0.2961

■ 52.6305, 0.3554,  
0.2826

■ 43.7539, 0.3730,  
0.2696

■ 36.6484, 0.3932,  
0.2580

■ 31.1913, 0.4160,  
0.2490

■ 27.2443, 0.4404,  
0.2439

■ 24.6458, 0.4656,  
0.2438

■ 23.1965, 0.4899,  
0.2493

# Harmonies

## Analogous

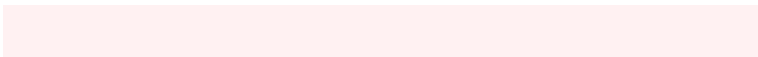
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



90.9479, 0.3107, 0.3185



90.9479, 0.3176, 0.3223



90.9479, 0.3232, 0.3279

# Triad

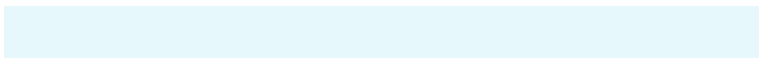
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



90.9479, 0.3176, 0.3223



90.9479, 0.3210, 0.3408



90.9479, 0.2996, 0.3240

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



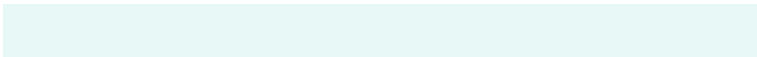
90.9479, 0.3176, 0.3223



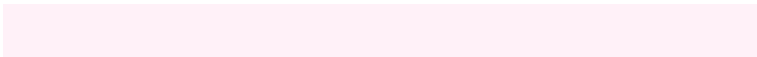
96.9725, 0.3081, 0.3358

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



90.9479, 0.3023, 0.3300



90.9479, 0.3176, 0.3223



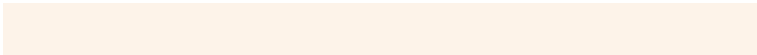
90.9479, 0.3146, 0.3399

# Square

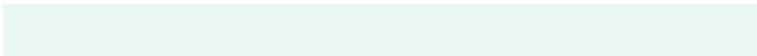
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



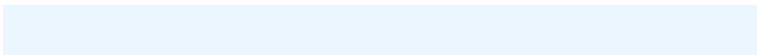
90.9479, 0.3176, 0.3223



90.9479, 0.3252, 0.3386



90.9479, 0.3078, 0.3359



90.9479, 0.3004, 0.3193

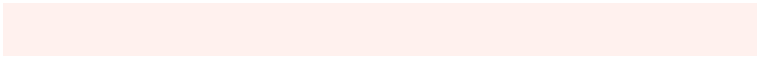


# Rectangle

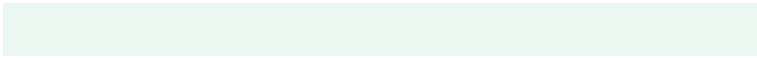
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



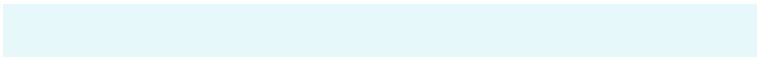
90.9479, 0.3176, 0.3223



90.9479, 0.3255, 0.3319



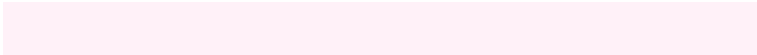
90.9479, 0.3078, 0.3359



90.9479, 0.3002, 0.3259

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



90.9518, 0.3176, 0.3223



96.6255, 0.3144, 0.3266



90.0965, 0.3088, 0.3154



20.7172, 0.3144, 0.3267



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

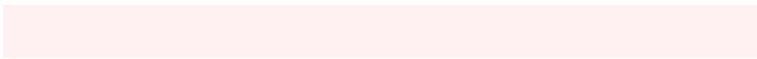
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



90.9518, 0.3176, 0.3223



88.5724, 0.3191, 0.3204



90.5286, 0.3219, 0.3290



18.7579, 0.3197, 0.3196



11.9424, 0.4969, 0.2511



1.1848, 0.4714, 0.2371



# Inverse Universe

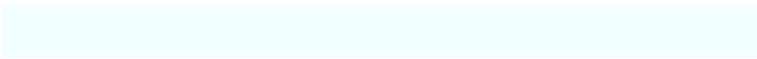
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



90.9518, 0.3176, 0.3223



88.5724, 0.3191, 0.3204



97.4119, 0.3042, 0.3290



18.7579, 0.3197, 0.3196



11.9424, 0.4969, 0.2511

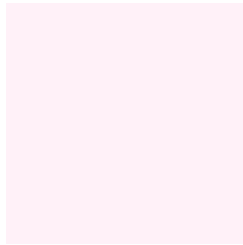


1.1848, 0.4714, 0.2371



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 90.9479, 0.3176, 0.3223 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 90.9479, 0.3176, 0.3223 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

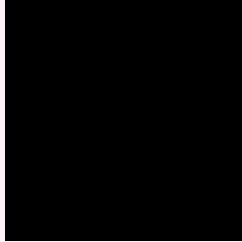
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

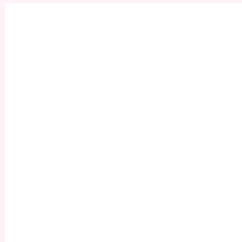
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 90.9479, 0.3176, 0.3223**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 90.9479, 0.3176, 0.3223.

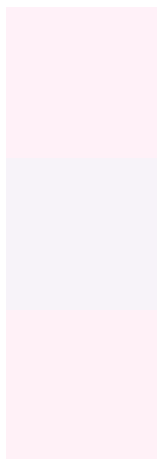


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 90.9479, 0.3176, 0.3223.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

90.9479, 0.3176, 0.3223

### Protanopia

90.7149, 0.3117, 0.3231

### Deuteranopia

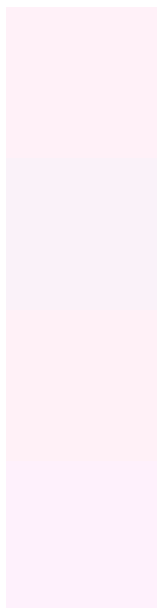
90.8860, 0.3182, 0.3232



## Tritanopia

91.2014, 0.3127, 0.3155

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

90.9479, 0.3176, 0.3223

## Protanomaly

90.6678, 0.3137, 0.3222

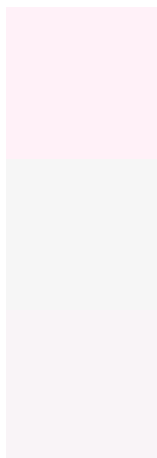
## Deuteranomaly

90.8860, 0.3182, 0.3232

## Tritanomaly

91.0097, 0.3145, 0.3184

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

90.9479, 0.3176, 0.3223

## Achromatopsia

92.1582, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

91.5565, 0.3141, 0.3261

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 90.9479, 0.3176, 0.3223 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 241, 248)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 241, 248)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 241, 248) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 241, 248) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 90.9479, 0.3176, 0.3223 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 241, 248) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 241, 248) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 241, 248)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 241, 248); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 241, 248);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 241,  
248) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 90.9479, 0.3176, 0.3223 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 241, 248) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
241, 248) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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