

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(91.1930, 0.2850, 0.3331)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(91.1930, 0.2850, 0.3331)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(91.3224, 0.2848, 0.3331)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CCFFFB
RGB	204, 255, 251
RGB Percent	80%, 100%, 98%
CMY	0.1998, 0.0000, 0.0158
CMYK	0.20, 0.00, 0.02, 0.00
HSL	175°, 100%, 90%
HSV	175°, 20%, 100%
XYZ	78.0805, 91.3224, 104.7562
YIQ	239.2950, -29.1120, -12.0560

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

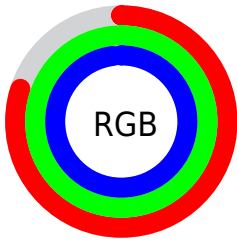
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	204, 231, 255
Decimal	13434875
CIELab	96.54, -16.82, -3.40
CIELCh	97, 17.159, 191.434
Yxy	91.3224, 0.2848, 0.3331
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291624955 (0xFFCCFFFB)
YUV	239.2950, 5.7706, -30.9537
Hunter-Lab	95.5628, -21.3896, 1.9000

# Details

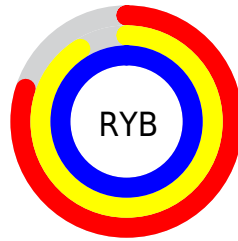
The Yxy color **91.3224, 0.2848, 0.3331** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **69.0263, 0.3495, 0.3250**, and the grayscale version is **86.5374, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290**, and **50.7179, 0.2786, 0.3329** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **87.8856, 0.2723, 0.3354**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **95.3579, 0.2984, 0.3310**.

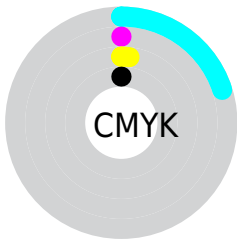
# Distribution



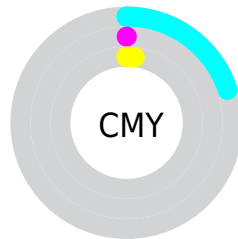
- Red (80%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (98%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (91%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (2%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 91.3224, 0.2848, 0.3331 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 91.3224, 0.2848, 0.3331 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 91.3224, 0.2848,  
0.3331

 91.3224, 0.2848,  
0.3331


532.3232, 0.2971,  
0.3314

 69.0780, 0.2821,  
0.3335

149.1739, 0.2890,  
0.3325

 50.7752, 0.2789,  
0.3339


185.5498, 0.2906,  
0.3323

 36.0297, 0.2748,  
0.3344


227.4049, 0.2921,  
0.3321

 24.4572, 0.2697,  
0.3350

275.1237, 0.2933,  
0.3319

 15.6731, 0.2630,  
0.3357

329.0905, 0.2944,  
0.3318

 9.2931, 0.2539,  
0.3367

389.6898, 0.2954,

 4.9329, 0.2406,

0.3316

0.3379

457.3059, 0.2963,  
0.3315

■ 2.2079, 0.2199,  
0.3393

■ 0.7243, 0.1369,  
0.3568

■ 91.3224, 0.2848,  
0.3331

■ 91.3224, 0.2848,  
0.3331

■ 87.8856, 0.2723,  
0.3354

■ 95.3579, 0.2984,  
0.3310

■ 85.0077, 0.2611,  
0.3379

99.9984, 0.3127,  
0.3290

■ 82.6613, 0.2515,  
0.3405

■ 80.8124, 0.2438,  
0.3431

■ 79.4229, 0.2379,  
0.3458

■ 78.4493, 0.2341,  
0.3485

■ 77.8396, 0.2321,  
0.3512

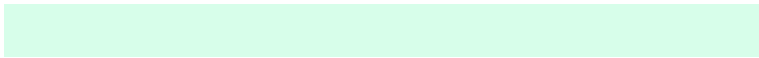
■ 77.5092, 0.2316,  
0.3539

■ 77.5087, 0.2316,  
0.3539

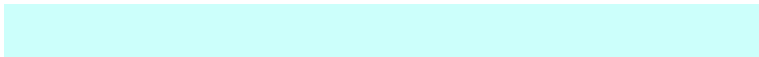
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



91.3224, 0.3003, 0.3500



91.3224, 0.2848, 0.3331



91.3224, 0.2768, 0.3156

# Triad

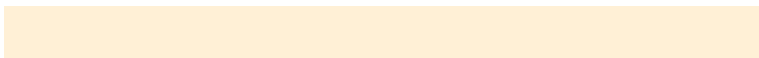
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



91.3224, 0.2848, 0.3331



91.3224, 0.3051, 0.2995



91.3224, 0.3485, 0.3546

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



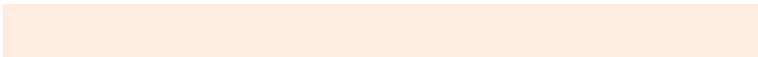
91.3224, 0.2848, 0.3331



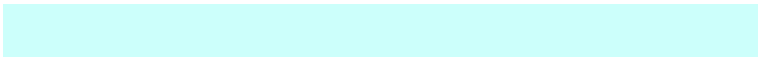
69.0263, 0.3495, 0.3250

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



91.3224, 0.3501, 0.3405



91.3224, 0.2848, 0.3331



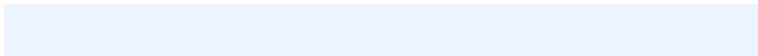
91.3224, 0.3246, 0.3093

# Square

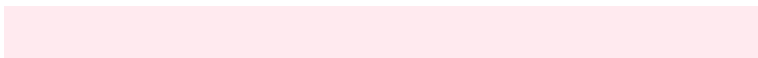
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



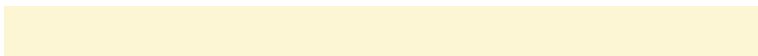
91.3224, 0.2848, 0.3331



91.3224, 0.2882, 0.2969



91.3224, 0.3412, 0.3241



91.3224, 0.3372, 0.3623



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



91.3224, 0.2848, 0.3331



91.3224, 0.2765, 0.3062



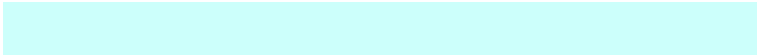
91.3224, 0.3412, 0.3241



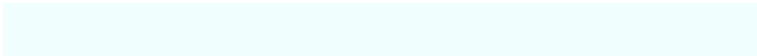
91.3224, 0.3502, 0.3504

# Sweetspot

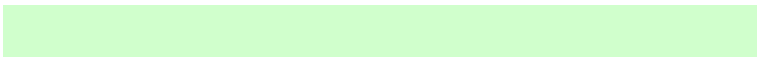
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



91.3262, 0.2848, 0.3331



97.1352, 0.3040, 0.3302



89.3331, 0.3127, 0.3840



20.7271, 0.3031, 0.3303



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

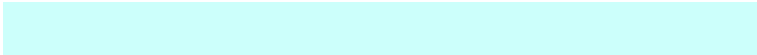


21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

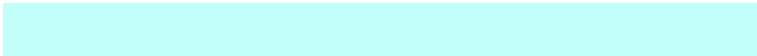


# Same Dimension

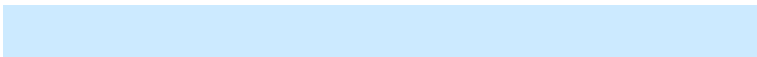
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



91.3262, 0.2848, 0.3331



89.8756, 0.2796, 0.3340



78.7784, 0.2813, 0.3064



20.4553, 0.2991, 0.3309



40.5113, 0.2315, 0.3534



3.9515, 0.2307, 0.3504



# Inverse Universe

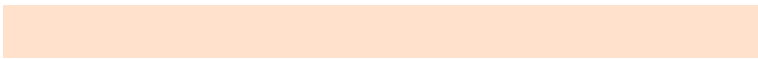
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



69.0263, 0.3495, 0.3250



63.8611, 0.3591, 0.3241



79.6222, 0.3485, 0.3506



18.0103, 0.3282, 0.3272



11.1436, 0.6318, 0.3254

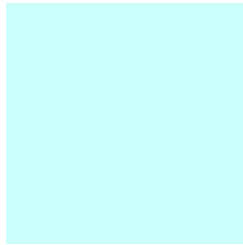


1.0927, 0.6141, 0.3156



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 91.3224, 0.2848, 0.3331 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

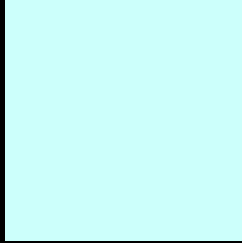
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 91.3224, 0.2848, 0.3331 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

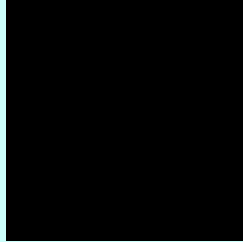
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 91.3224, 0.2848, 0.3331**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 91.3224, 0.2848, 0.3331.

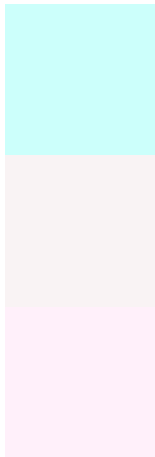


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 91.3224, 0.2848, 0.3331.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

91.3224, 0.2848, 0.3331

### Protanopia

90.7726, 0.3160, 0.3280

### Deuteranopia

90.4823, 0.3164, 0.3194



## Tritanopia

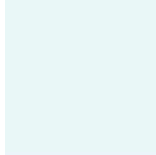
90.8973, 0.2987, 0.3210

# Trichromacy



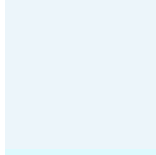
## Original Color

91.3224, 0.2848, 0.3331



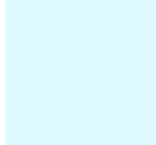
## Protanomaly

90.5606, 0.3039, 0.3290



## Deuteranomaly

90.0398, 0.3041, 0.3240



## Tritanomaly

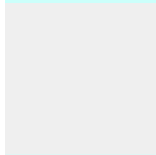
91.0566, 0.2933, 0.3249

# Monochromacy



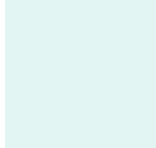
## Original Color

91.3224, 0.2848, 0.3331



## Achromatopsia

86.3157, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

87.9446, 0.3018, 0.3310

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 91.3224, 0.2848, 0.3331 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(204, 255, 251)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(204, 255, 251)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(204, 255, 251) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(204, 255, 251) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 91.3224, 0.2848, 0.3331 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(204, 255, 251) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(204, 255, 251) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(204, 255, 251)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(204, 255, 251); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(204, 255, 251);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(204, 255,  
251) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 91.3224, 0.2848, 0.3331 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(204, 255, 251) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(204,  
255, 251) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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