

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(91.3303, 0.2880, 0.3375)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(91.3303, 0.2880, 0.3375)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(91.3572, 0.2880, 0.3373)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CEFFF7
RGB	206, 255, 247
RGB Percent	81%, 100%, 97%
CMY	0.1920, 0.0000, 0.0315
CMYK	0.19, 0.00, 0.03, 0.00
HSL	170°, 100%, 90%
HSV	170°, 19%, 100%
XYZ	78.0044, 91.3572, 101.4869
YIQ	239.4370, -26.6360, -12.8760

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

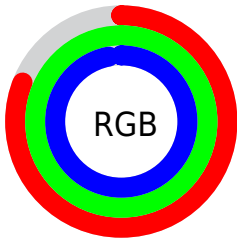
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	206, 233, 255
Decimal	13565943
CIE Lab	96.56, -17.03, -1.30
CIE LCh	97, 17.082, 184.369
Yxy	91.3572, 0.2880, 0.3373
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291756023 (0xFFCEFF7)
YUV	239.4370, 3.7286, -29.3242
Hunter-Lab	95.5810, -21.5914, 3.9531

# Details

The Yxy color **91.3572, 0.2880, 0.3373** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **70.2790, 0.3446, 0.3209**, and the grayscale version is **86.6657, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290**, and **50.7291, 0.2825, 0.3383** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **87.7455, 0.2763, 0.3422**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **95.5728, 0.3006, 0.3328**.

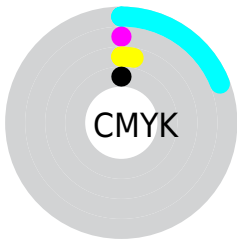
# Distribution



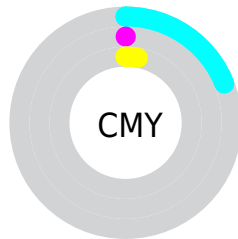
- Red (81%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (97%)



- Red (81%)
- Yellow (91%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (3%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 91.3572, 0.2880, 0.3373 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 91.3572, 0.2880, 0.3373 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 91.3572, 0.2880,  
0.3373

 91.3572, 0.2880,  
0.3373


532.4359, 0.2989,  
0.3337

 69.1069, 0.2856,  
0.3381


149.2222, 0.2917,  
0.3361

 50.7987, 0.2827,  
0.3390

185.6056, 0.2932,  
0.3356

 36.0485, 0.2791,  
0.3402

227.4688, 0.2944,  
0.3352

 24.4716, 0.2745,  
0.3417

275.1963, 0.2956,  
0.3348

 15.6838, 0.2685,  
0.3436

329.1723, 0.2966,  
0.3345

 9.3007, 0.2603,  
0.3462

389.7813, 0.2974,

 4.9378, 0.2483,

0.3342

0.3500

457.4077, 0.2982,  
0.3339

■ 2.2108, 0.2293,  
0.3557

■ 0.7259, 0.1457,  
0.3858

■ 91.3572, 0.2880,  
0.3373

■ 91.3572, 0.2880,  
0.3373

■ 87.7455, 0.2763,  
0.3422

■ 95.5728, 0.3006,  
0.3328

■ 84.7001, 0.2658,  
0.3474


100.0000, 0.3127,  
0.3290


■ 82.1932, 0.2568,  
0.3530


■ 80.1909, 0.2496,  
0.3587

 78.6554, 0.2442,  
0.3646

 77.5438, 0.2408,  
0.3706

 76.8048, 0.2394,  
0.3765

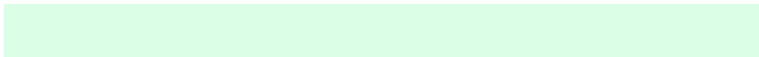
 76.3616, 0.2396,  
0.3824

 76.3315, 0.2397,  
0.3828

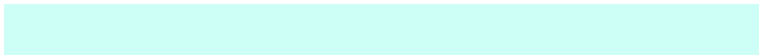
# Harmonies

## Analogous

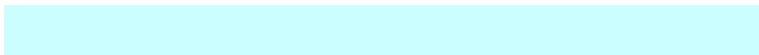
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



91.3572, 0.3047, 0.3531



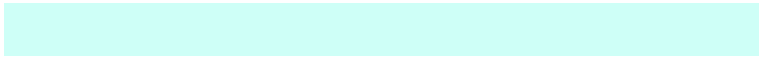
91.3572, 0.2880, 0.3373



91.3572, 0.2780, 0.3196

# Triad

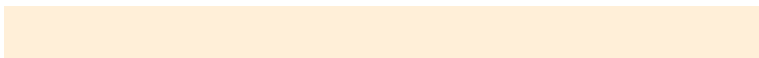
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



91.3572, 0.2880, 0.3373



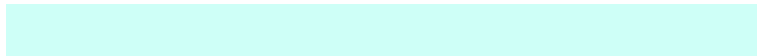
91.3572, 0.3008, 0.2983



91.3572, 0.3497, 0.3516

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



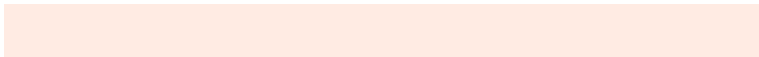
91.3572, 0.2880, 0.3373



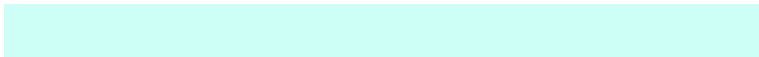
70.2790, 0.3446, 0.3209

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



91.3572, 0.3487, 0.3367



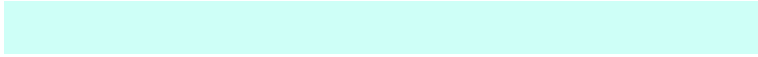
91.3572, 0.2880, 0.3373



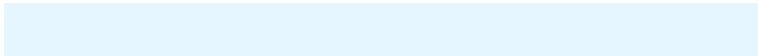
91.3572, 0.3200, 0.3066

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



91.3572, 0.2880, 0.3373



91.3572, 0.2852, 0.2977



91.3572, 0.3377, 0.3204

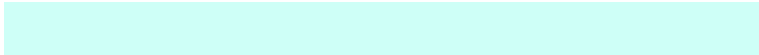


91.3572, 0.3404, 0.3611

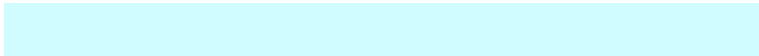


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



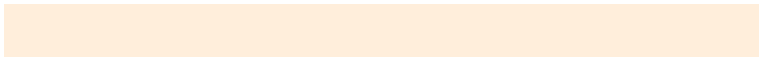
91.3572, 0.2880, 0.3373



91.3572, 0.2763, 0.3093



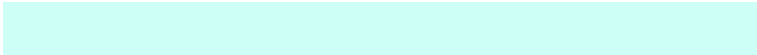
91.3572, 0.3377, 0.3204



91.3572, 0.3506, 0.3470

# Sweetspot

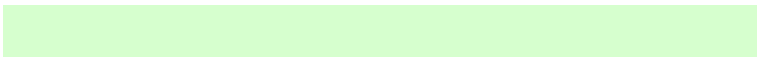
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



91.3602, 0.2880, 0.3373



97.0521, 0.3048, 0.3314



90.3038, 0.3153, 0.3812



20.7074, 0.3039, 0.3317



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

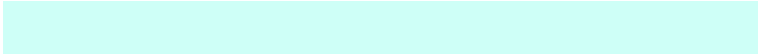


21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

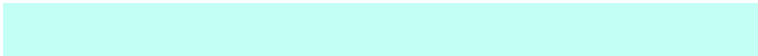


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



91.3602, 0.2880, 0.3373



89.9182, 0.2834, 0.3391



81.8922, 0.2828, 0.3118



20.4272, 0.3002, 0.3329



39.9039, 0.2394, 0.3819



3.8983, 0.2375, 0.3751



# Inverse Universe

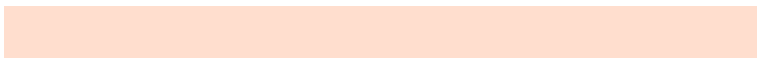
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



70.2790, 0.3446, 0.3209



65.3530, 0.3526, 0.3192



78.1508, 0.3476, 0.3456



18.0357, 0.3268, 0.3251



11.2098, 0.6167, 0.3171



1.1046, 0.5889, 0.3018



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 91.3572, 0.2880, 0.3373 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

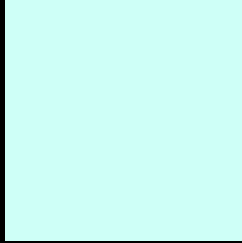
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 91.3572, 0.2880, 0.3373 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

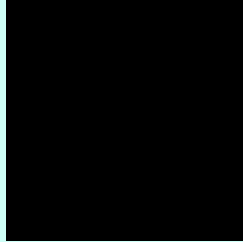
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 91.3572, 0.2880, 0.3373**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 91.3572, 0.2880, 0.3373.

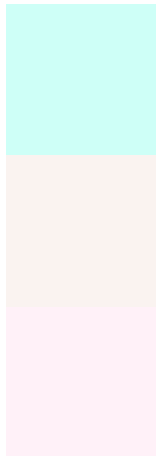


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 91.3572, 0.2880, 0.3373.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

91.3572, 0.2880, 0.3373

### Protanopia

90.7164, 0.3191, 0.3320

### Deuteranopia

90.9479, 0.3176, 0.3223



## Tritanopia

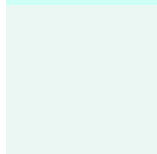
91.0652, 0.2993, 0.3210

# Trichromacy



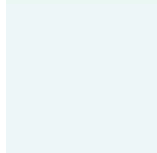
## Original Color

91.3572, 0.2880, 0.3373



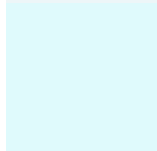
## Protanomaly

90.4850, 0.3068, 0.3330



## Deuteranomaly

90.6934, 0.3058, 0.3270



## Tritanomaly

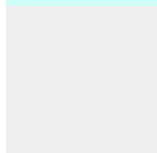
91.0875, 0.2950, 0.3269

# Monochromacy



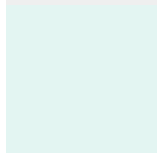
## Original Color

91.3572, 0.2880, 0.3373



## Achromatopsia

86.3157, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

88.0465, 0.3030, 0.3320

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 91.3572, 0.2880, 0.3373 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(206, 255, 247)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(206, 255, 247)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(206, 255, 247) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(206, 255, 247) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 91.3572, 0.2880, 0.3373 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(206, 255, 247) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(206, 255, 247) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(206, 255, 247) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(206, 255, 247); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(206, 255, 247);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(206, 255,  
247) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 91.3572, 0.2880, 0.3373 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(206, 255, 247) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(206,  
255, 247) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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