

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(92.2514, 0.3225, 0.3332)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(92.2514, 0.3225, 0.3332)  
contains.

<b>Yxy(92.2526, 0.3223, 0.3329)</b> .....	3
<b>Conversions</b> .....	4
<b>Details</b> .....	6
<b>Harmonies</b> .....	12
<b>Previews</b> .....	24
<b>Color Blindness Simulation</b> .....	27
<b>CSS Examples</b> .....	30

# Color

**Yxy(92.2526, 0.3223, 0.3329)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFF4F0
RGB	255, 244, 240
RGB Percent	100%, 96%, 94%
CMY	0.0001, 0.0431, 0.0588
CMYK	0.00, 0.04, 0.06, 0.00
HSL	16°, 100%, 97%
HSV	16°, 6%, 100%
XYZ	89.3151, 92.2526, 95.5503
YIQ	246.8330, 7.8400, 1.0880

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

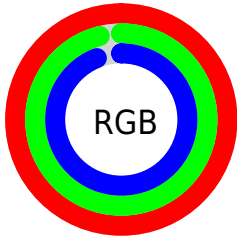
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">255, 245, 240</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">16774384</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">96.92, 3.00, 3.22</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">97, 4.399, 46.989</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">92.2526, 0.3223, 0.3329</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4294964464</a> ( <a href="#">0xFFFFF4F0</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">246.8330, -3.3687, 7.1625</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">96.0482, -2.0974, 8.2511</a>

# Details

The Yxy color 92.2526, 0.3223, 0.3329 is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be 94.7342, 0.3036, 0.3251, and the grayscale version is 92.8937, 0.3127, 0.3290.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290, and 51.4329, 0.3242, 0.3340 is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get 80.1598, 0.3412, 0.3399, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is 99.9963, 0.3127, 0.3290.

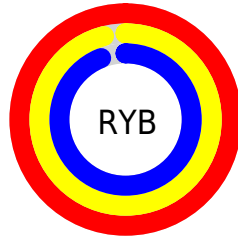
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (96%)

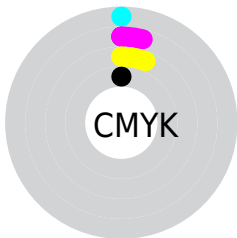
Blue (94%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (96%)

Blue (94%)

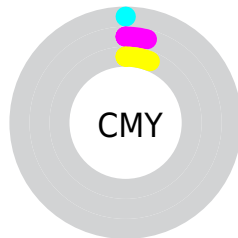


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (4%)

Yellow (6%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (4%)


Yellow (6%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 92.2526, 0.3223, 0.3329 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 92.2526, 0.3223, 0.3329 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 92.2526, 0.3223,  
0.3329

 92.2526, 0.3223,  
0.3329

535.3315, 0.3180,  
0.3312

 69.8505, 0.3232,  
0.3333


150.4634, 0.3209,  
0.3323

 51.4046, 0.3244,  
0.3337


187.0409, 0.3203,  
0.3321

 36.5307, 0.3258,  
0.3343


229.1123, 0.3198,  
0.3319

 24.8444, 0.3276,  
0.3350

277.0620, 0.3194,  
0.3317

 15.9611, 0.3300,  
0.3359

331.2744, 0.3190,  
0.3316

 9.4967, 0.3333,  
0.3371

392.1338, 0.3186,

 5.0665, 0.3381,

0.3314

0.3389

460.0247, 0.3183,  
0.3313

■ 2.2863, 0.3459,  
0.3418

■ 0.7665, 0.3681,  
0.3519

■ 92.2526, 0.3223,  
0.3329

■ 92.2526, 0.3223,  
0.3329

■ 80.1598, 0.3412,  
0.3399

99.9963, 0.3127,  
0.3290

■ 69.3743, 0.3637,  
0.3473

■ 59.8552, 0.3904,  
0.3548

■ 51.5551, 0.4216,  
0.3619

■ 44.4233, 0.4570,  
0.3679

■ 38.4055, 0.4954,  
0.3717

■ 33.4430, 0.5342,  
0.3721

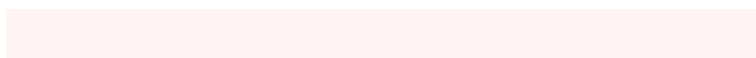
■ 29.4708, 0.5698,  
0.3683

■ 26.4156, 0.5978,  
0.3601

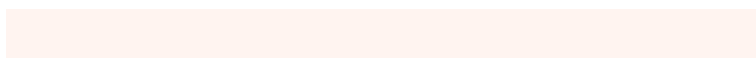
# Harmonies

## Analogous

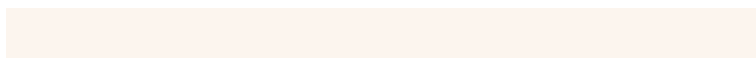
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



92.2526, 0.3205, 0.3287



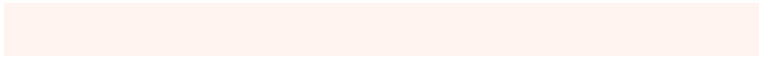
92.2526, 0.3223, 0.3329



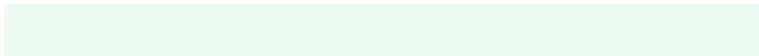
92.2526, 0.3215, 0.3362

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



92.2526, 0.3223, 0.3329



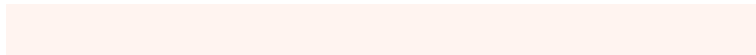
92.2526, 0.3087, 0.3336



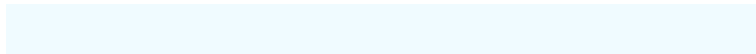
92.2526, 0.3072, 0.3206

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



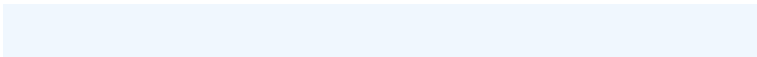
92.2526, 0.3223, 0.3329



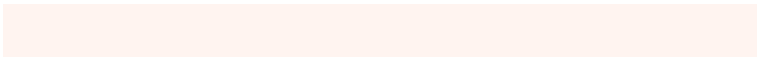
94.7342, 0.3036, 0.3251

# Split Complementary

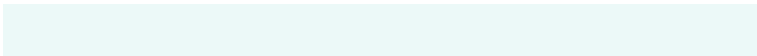
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



92.2526, 0.3040, 0.3219



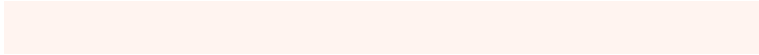
92.2526, 0.3223, 0.3329



92.2526, 0.3050, 0.3293

# Square

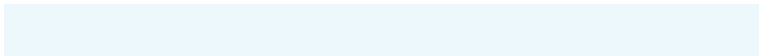
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



92.2526, 0.3223, 0.3329



92.2526, 0.3136, 0.3366



92.2526, 0.3032, 0.3250

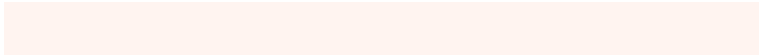


92.2526, 0.3118, 0.3216



# Rectangle

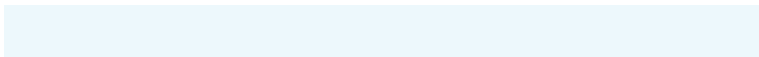
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



92.2526, 0.3223, 0.3329



92.2526, 0.3196, 0.3373



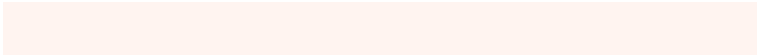
92.2526, 0.3032, 0.3250



92.2526, 0.3059, 0.3208

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



92.2566, 0.3223, 0.3329



97.3133, 0.3159, 0.3303



90.5519, 0.3158, 0.3184



20.8573, 0.3157, 0.3302



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

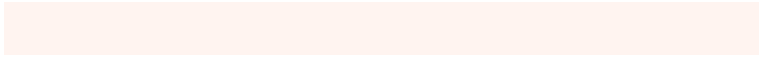


21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

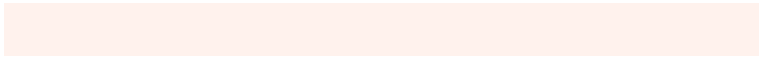


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



92.2566, 0.3223, 0.3329



90.8357, 0.3243, 0.3337



96.8492, 0.3217, 0.3401



19.2801, 0.3253, 0.3341



13.4793, 0.6044, 0.3583



1.4829, 0.5825, 0.3757

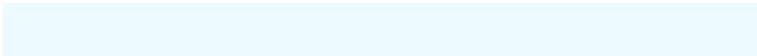


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



94.7342, 0.3036, 0.3251



93.7690, 0.3019, 0.3243



90.1539, 0.3037, 0.3177



19.9593, 0.3009, 0.3239



22.5925, 0.1999, 0.2397

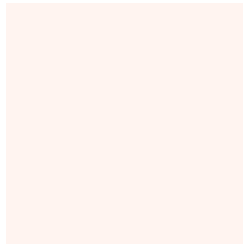


2.3796, 0.2031, 0.2511



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 92.2526, 0.3223, 0.3329 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

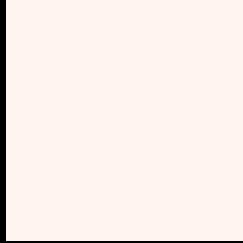
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 92.2526, 0.3223, 0.3329 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

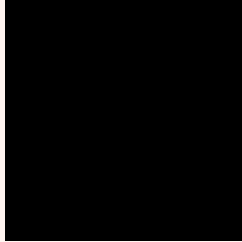
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

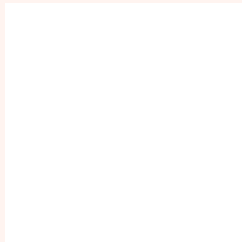
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 92.2526, 0.3223, 0.3329**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 92.2526, 0.3223, 0.3329.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 92.2526, 0.3223, 0.3329.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**

92.2526, 0.3223, 0.3329

**Protanopia**

92.3511, 0.3197, 0.3329

**Deuteranopia**

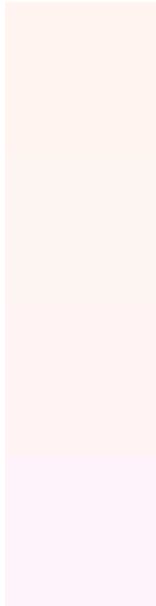
92.5539, 0.3193, 0.3281



## Tritanopia

92.3920, 0.3126, 0.3175

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

92.2526, 0.3223, 0.3329

## Protanomaly

92.5383, 0.3203, 0.3329

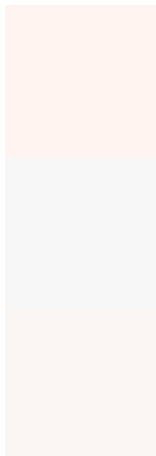
## Deuteranomaly

92.4324, 0.3205, 0.3300

## Tritanomaly

92.0741, 0.3156, 0.3223

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

92.2526, 0.3223, 0.3329

## Achromatopsia

93.0111, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

92.7672, 0.3165, 0.3310

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to  $Yxy$  92.2526, 0.3223, 0.3329 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 244, 240)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 244, 240)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 244, 240) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 244, 240) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 92.2526, 0.3223, 0.3329 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 244, 240) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 244, 240) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 244, 240)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 244, 240); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 244, 240);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 244,  
240) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 92.2526, 0.3223, 0.3329 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 244, 240) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
244, 240) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor