

# Converting Colors

Yxy(92.5143, 0.3037, 0.3498)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(92.5143, 0.3037, 0.3498)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(92.1963, 0.3038, 0.3496)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DDFEEA
RGB	221, 254, 234
RGB Percent	87%, 100%, 92%
CMY	0.1332, 0.0039, 0.0824
CMYK	0.13, 0.00, 0.08, 0.00
HSL	144°, 94%, 93%
HSV	144°, 13%, 100%
XYZ	80.1180, 92.1963, 91.4051
YIQ	241.8530, -13.2480, -13.2160

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

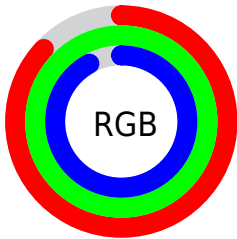
Format	Color
RYB	221, 245, 254
Decimal	14548714
CIELab	96.90, -14.32, 5.99
CIELCh	97, 15.524, 157.314
Yxy	92.1963, 0.3038, 0.3496
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292738794 (0xFFDDFEEA)
YUV	241.8530, -3.8715, -18.2881
Hunter-Lab	96.0189, -19.0931, 10.7722

# Details

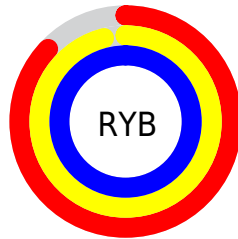
The Yxy color **92.1963, 0.3038, 0.3496** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **79.1556, 0.3228, 0.3093**, and the grayscale version is **88.7161, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290**, and **51.2538, 0.3022, 0.3542** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **87.6614, 0.2971, 0.3677**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **97.4192, 0.3107, 0.3334**.

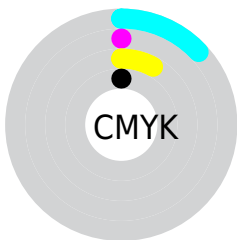
# Distribution



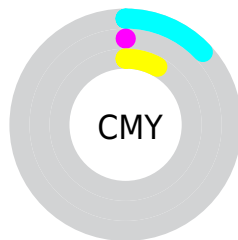
- Red (87%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (92%)



- Red (87%)
- Yellow (96%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (8%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 92.1963, 0.3038, 0.3496 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 92.1963, 0.3038, 0.3496 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 92.1963, 0.3038,  
0.3496

 92.1963, 0.3038,  
0.3496

535.1497, 0.3078,  
0.3403

 69.8037, 0.3029,  
0.3517


150.3854, 0.3052,  
0.3464

 51.3665, 0.3018,  
0.3542

186.9507, 0.3057,  
0.3452

 36.5004, 0.3004,  
0.3574


229.0091, 0.3062,  
0.3441

 24.8209, 0.2987,  
0.3614

276.9448, 0.3066,  
0.3432

 15.9437, 0.2963,  
0.3668

331.1423, 0.3070,  
0.3423

 9.4843, 0.2930,  
0.3745

391.9861, 0.3073,

 5.0584, 0.2880,

0.3416

0.3859

459.8604, 0.3076,  
0.3409

■ 2.2816, 0.2796,  
0.4049

■ 0.7639, 0.2423,  
0.4917

■ 92.1963, 0.3038,  
0.3496

■ 92.1963, 0.3038,  
0.3496

■ 87.6614, 0.2971,  
0.3677

■ 97.4192, 0.3107,  
0.3334

■ 83.7740, 0.2909,  
0.3877

99.3626, 0.3128,  
0.3281

■ 80.5068, 0.2855,  
0.4094

■ 77.8262, 0.2811,  
0.4325

■ 75.6950, 0.2782,  
0.4564

■ 74.0720, 0.2770,  
0.4803

■ 72.9093, 0.2777,  
0.5034

■ 72.1495, 0.2802,  
0.5247

■ 71.7992, 0.2828,  
0.5382

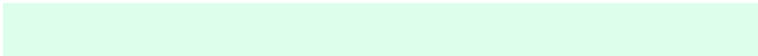
# Harmonies

## Analogous

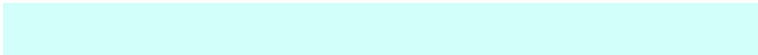
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



92.1963, 0.3212, 0.3583



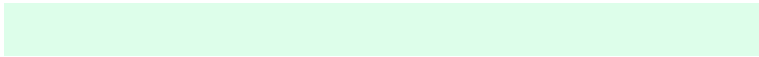
92.1963, 0.3038, 0.3496



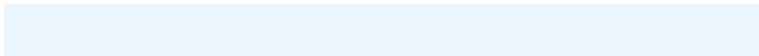
92.1963, 0.2891, 0.3350

# Triad

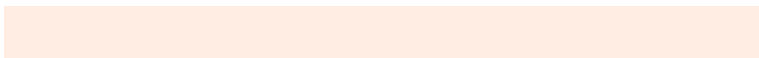
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



92.1963, 0.3038, 0.3496



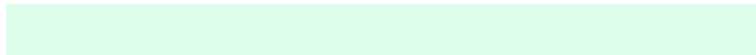
92.1963, 0.2889, 0.3003



92.1963, 0.3458, 0.3375

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



92.1963, 0.3038, 0.3496



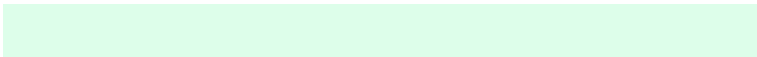
79.1556, 0.3228, 0.3093

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



92.1963, 0.3367, 0.3226



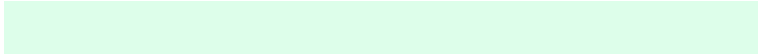
92.1963, 0.3038, 0.3496



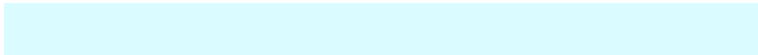
92.1963, 0.3036, 0.3016

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



92.1963, 0.3038, 0.3496



92.1963, 0.2807, 0.3065



92.1963, 0.3211, 0.3097

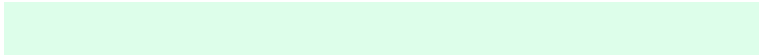


92.1963, 0.3458, 0.3507



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



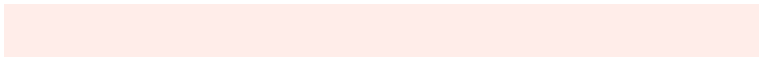
92.1963, 0.3038, 0.3496



92.1963, 0.2827, 0.3242



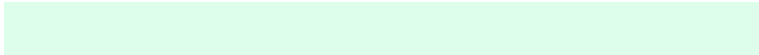
92.1963, 0.3211, 0.3097



92.1963, 0.3437, 0.3325

# Sweetspot

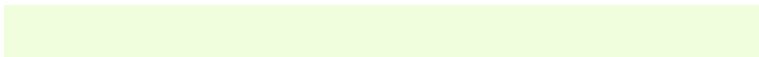
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



92.2002, 0.3038, 0.3496



97.7241, 0.3100, 0.3350



94.8696, 0.3240, 0.3620



20.8281, 0.3094, 0.3362



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

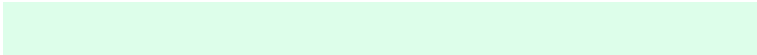


21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

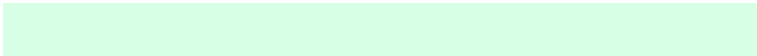


# Same Dimension

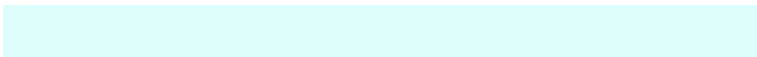
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



92.2002, 0.3038, 0.3496



91.5725, 0.3018, 0.3549



93.1720, 0.2949, 0.3328



20.2864, 0.3062, 0.3438



37.8809, 0.2820, 0.5351



3.7091, 0.2757, 0.5125



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



79.1556, 0.3228, 0.3093



75.6845, 0.3255, 0.3045



78.2318, 0.3339, 0.3252



18.1723, 0.3199, 0.3147



12.3719, 0.4515, 0.2261



1.2261, 0.4325, 0.2156



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 92.1963, 0.3038, 0.3496 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

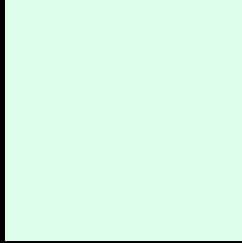
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 92.1963, 0.3038, 0.3496 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

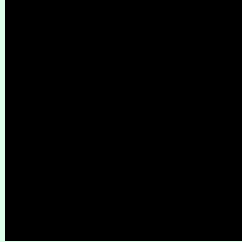
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

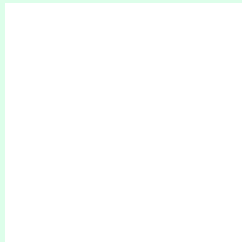
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 92.1963, 0.3038, 0.3496**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 92.1963, 0.3038, 0.3496.

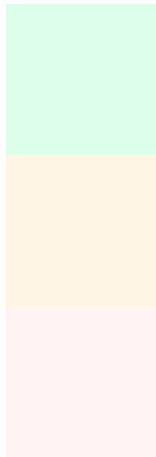


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 92.1963, 0.3038, 0.3496.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

92.1963, 0.3038, 0.3496

### Protanopia

92.0328, 0.3284, 0.3447

### Deuteranopia

91.8322, 0.3206, 0.3290

## **Tritanopia**

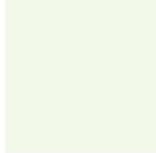
92.0923, 0.3030, 0.3211

# Trichromacy



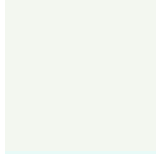
## Original Color

92.1963, 0.3038, 0.3496



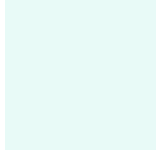
## Protanomaly

91.7816, 0.3190, 0.3460



## Deuteranomaly

91.8675, 0.3143, 0.3359



## Tritanomaly

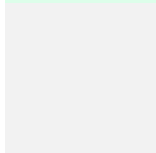
92.2424, 0.3032, 0.3320

# Monochromacy



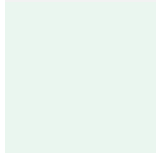
## Original Color

92.1963, 0.3038, 0.3496



## Achromatopsia

88.7923, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

89.6360, 0.3092, 0.3361

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 92.1963, 0.3038, 0.3496 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(221, 254, 234)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(221, 254, 234)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(221, 254, 234) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(221, 254, 234) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 92.1963, 0.3038, 0.3496 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(221, 254, 234) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(221, 254, 234) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(221, 254, 234)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(221, 254, 234); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(221, 254, 234);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(221, 254,  
234) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 92.1963, 0.3038, 0.3496 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(221, 254, 234) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(221,  
254, 234) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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