

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(92.7230, 0.2918, 0.3352)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(92.7230, 0.2918, 0.3352)  
contains.

<b>Yxy(92.6557, 0.2915, 0.3351)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	27
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	30

# Color

**Yxy(92.6557, 0.2915, 0.3351)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D6FFF9
RGB	214, 255, 249
RGB Percent	84%, 100%, 98%
CMY	0.1606, 0.0000, 0.0236
CMYK	0.16, 0.00, 0.02, 0.00
HSL	171°, 100%, 92%
HSV	171°, 16%, 100%
XYZ	80.6002, 92.6557, 103.2457
YIQ	242.0570, -22.5100, -10.5580

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

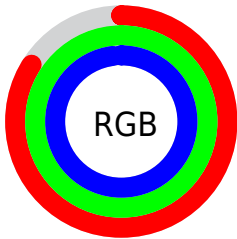
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	214, 236, 255
Decimal	14090233
CIE Lab	97.09, -14.18, -1.51
CIE LCh	97, 14.264, 186.070
Yxy	92.6557, 0.2915, 0.3351
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292280313 (0xFFD6FFF9)
YUV	242.0570, 3.4229, -24.6060
Hunter-Lab	96.2578, -18.9866, 3.7863

# Details

The Yxy color **92.6557, 0.2915, 0.3351** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **74.5515, 0.3389, 0.3230**, and the grayscale version is **88.8355, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290**, and **51.6094, 0.2868, 0.3355** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **88.8859, 0.2793, 0.3394**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **97.0384, 0.3045, 0.3312**.

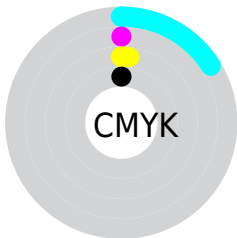
# Distribution



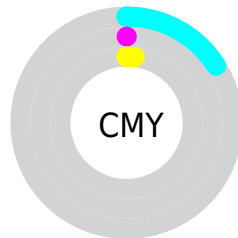
- Red (84%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (98%)



- Red (84%)
- Yellow (93%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (2%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 92.6557, 0.2915, 0.3351 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 92.6557, 0.2915, 0.3351 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 92.6557, 0.2915,  
0.3351

 92.6557, 0.2915,  
0.3351

536.6324, 0.3009,  
0.3324

 70.1854, 0.2895,  
0.3357


151.0219, 0.2947,  
0.3342

 51.6777, 0.2870,  
0.3364


187.6865, 0.2959,  
0.3339

 36.7482, 0.2839,  
0.3372


229.8513, 0.2970,  
0.3335

 25.0126, 0.2800,  
0.3383

277.9007, 0.2980,  
0.3333

 16.0864, 0.2749,  
0.3397

332.2191, 0.2988,  
0.3330

 9.5853, 0.2679,  
0.3415

393.1910, 0.2996,

 5.1249, 0.2578,

0.3328

0.3442

461.2006, 0.3003,  
0.3326

■ 2.3207, 0.2417,  
0.3482

■ 0.7847, 0.1864,  
0.3660

■ 92.6557, 0.2915,  
0.3351

■ 92.6557, 0.2915,  
0.3351

■ 88.8859, 0.2793,  
0.3394

■ 97.0384, 0.3045,  
0.3312

■ 85.6897, 0.2682,  
0.3439

99.9962, 0.3127,  
0.3290

■ 83.0407, 0.2586,  
0.3488

■ 80.9063, 0.2506,  
0.3538

■ 79.2499, 0.2445,  
0.3590

■ 78.0304, 0.2404,  
0.3643

■ 77.1997, 0.2382,  
0.3696

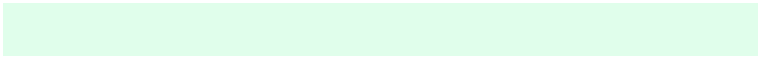
■ 76.6980, 0.2378,  
0.3748

■ 76.5556, 0.2380,  
0.3768

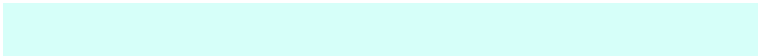
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



92.6557, 0.3052, 0.3483



92.6557, 0.2915, 0.3351



92.6557, 0.2835, 0.3205

# Triad

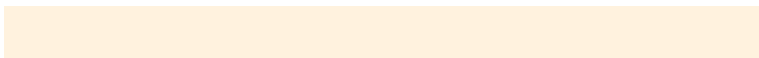
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



92.6557, 0.2915, 0.3351



92.6557, 0.3037, 0.3036



92.6557, 0.3432, 0.3485

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



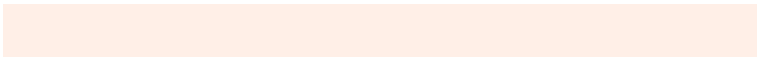
92.6557, 0.2915, 0.3351



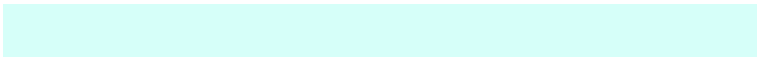
74.5515, 0.3389, 0.3230

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



92.6557, 0.3429, 0.3363



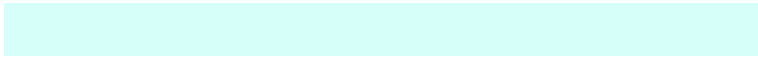
92.6557, 0.2915, 0.3351



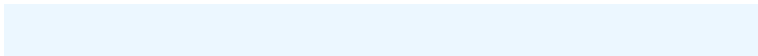
92.6557, 0.3198, 0.3108

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



92.6557, 0.2915, 0.3351



92.6557, 0.2904, 0.3027



92.6557, 0.3342, 0.3226

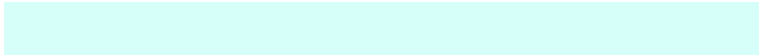


92.6557, 0.3351, 0.3559

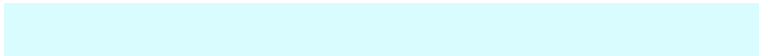


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



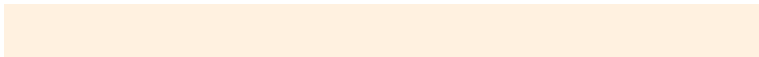
92.6557, 0.2915, 0.3351



92.6557, 0.2823, 0.3121



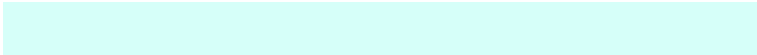
92.6557, 0.3342, 0.3226



92.6557, 0.3441, 0.3448

# Sweetspot

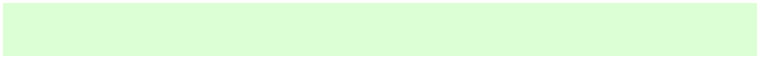
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



92.6595, 0.2915, 0.3351



97.5416, 0.3060, 0.3308



91.6206, 0.3145, 0.3719



20.8067, 0.3050, 0.3311



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

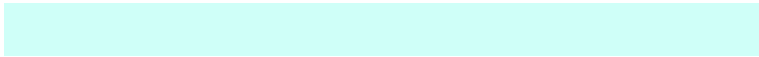


# Same Dimension

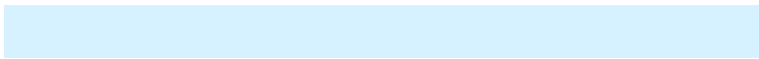
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



92.6595, 0.2915, 0.3351



91.4911, 0.2878, 0.3363



84.2373, 0.2877, 0.3141



20.4329, 0.3000, 0.3325



40.0216, 0.2378, 0.3759



3.9087, 0.2361, 0.3700



# Inverse Universe

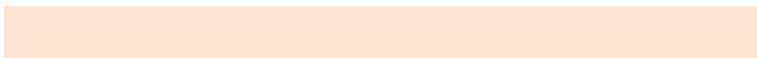
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



74.5515, 0.3389, 0.3230



70.5056, 0.3448, 0.3219



81.8156, 0.3410, 0.3435



18.0305, 0.3271, 0.3255



11.1930, 0.6205, 0.3192

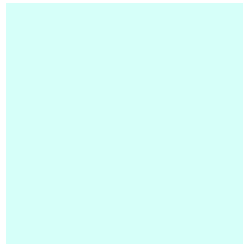


1.1021, 0.5938, 0.3045



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 92.6557, 0.2915, 0.3351 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

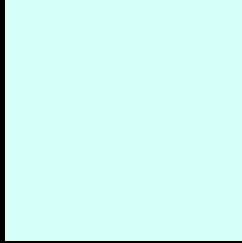
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 92.6557, 0.2915, 0.3351 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

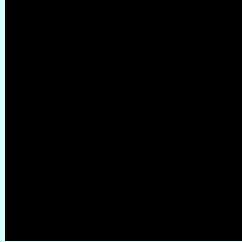
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

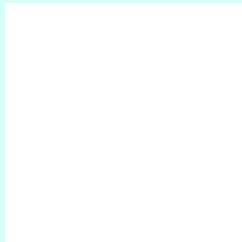
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 92.6557, 0.2915, 0.3351**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 92.6557, 0.2915, 0.3351.

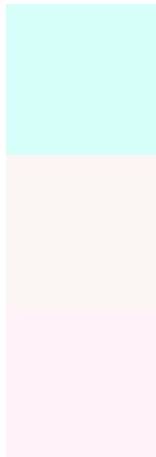


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 92.6557, 0.2915, 0.3351.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

92.6557, 0.2915, 0.3351

### Protanopia

92.2851, 0.3178, 0.3310

### Deuteranopia

92.2007, 0.3169, 0.3232



## Tritanopia

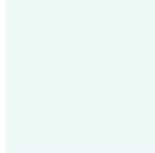
92.3593, 0.3018, 0.3221

# Trichromacy



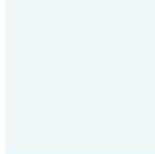
## Original Color

92.6557, 0.2915, 0.3351



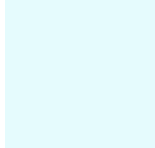
## Protanomaly

92.5211, 0.3081, 0.3330



## Deuteranomaly

91.8863, 0.3071, 0.3270



## Tritanomaly

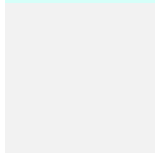
92.7442, 0.2980, 0.3270

# Monochromacy



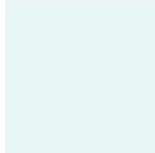
## Original Color

92.6557, 0.2915, 0.3351



## Achromatopsia

88.7923, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

90.2699, 0.3044, 0.3310

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 92.6557, 0.2915, 0.3351 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(214, 255, 249)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(214, 255, 249)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(214, 255, 249) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(214, 255, 249) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 92.6557, 0.2915, 0.3351 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(214, 255, 249) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(214, 255, 249) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(214, 255, 249)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(214, 255, 249); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(214, 255, 249);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(214, 255,  
249) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 92.6557, 0.2915, 0.3351 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(214, 255, 249) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(214,  
255, 249) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor