

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(92.7644, 0.3642, 0.3872)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(92.7644, 0.3642, 0.3872)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(90.7167, 0.3559, 0.3887)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFF6BA
RGB	255, 246, 186
RGB Percent	100%, 96%, 73%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0353, 0.2704
CMYK	0.00, 0.04, 0.27, 0.00
HSL	52°, 100%, 86%
HSV	52°, 27%, 100%
XYZ	83.0617, 90.7167, 59.6065
YIQ	241.8510, 24.6240, -16.7520

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

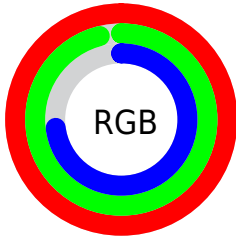
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">196, 255, 186</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">16774842</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">96.29, -5.99, 30.00</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">96, 30.592, 101.292</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">90.7167, 0.3559, 0.3887</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4294964922</a> (0xFFFFF6BA)
YUV	<a href="#">241.8510, -27.5345, 11.5317</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">95.2453, -11.0128, 29.5668</a>

# Details

The Yxy color **90.7167, 0.3559, 0.3887** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **56.7092, 0.2664, 0.2613**, and the grayscale version is **88.8810, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **99.1908, 0.3203, 0.3415**, and **50.4986, 0.3654, 0.4023** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **87.7253, 0.3727, 0.4108**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **93.9460, 0.3393, 0.3662**.

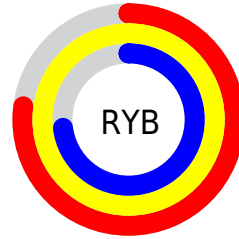
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (96%)

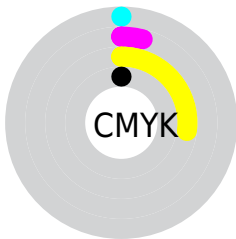
Blue (73%)



Red (77%)

Yellow (100%)

Blue (73%)

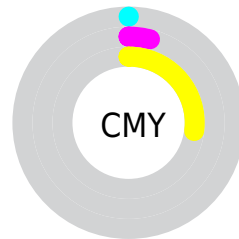


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (4%)

Yellow (27%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (4%)


Yellow (27%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 90.7167, 0.3559, 0.3887 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 90.7167, 0.3559, 0.3887 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 90.7167, 0.3559,  
0.3887

 90.7167, 0.3559,  
0.3887

530.3595, 0.3370,  
0.3620

 68.5752, 0.3599,  
0.3945


 148.3335, 0.3496,  
0.3796

 50.3658, 0.3647,  
0.4016


184.5777, 0.3471,  
0.3761

 35.7042, 0.3706,  
0.4103


226.2915, 0.3449,  
0.3729

 24.2058, 0.3778,  
0.4213

273.8594, 0.3429,  
0.3702

 15.4864, 0.3869,  
0.4356

327.6657, 0.3412,  
0.3678

 9.1614, 0.3985,  
0.4545

388.0949, 0.3397,

 4.8466, 0.4130,

0.3657

0.4803

455.5314, 0.3383,  
0.3637

■ 2.1576, 0.4544,  
0.5456

■ 0.6967, 0.4255,  
0.5745

■ 90.7167, 0.3559,  
0.3887

■ 90.7167, 0.3559,  
0.3887

■ 87.7253, 0.3727,  
0.4108

■ 93.9460, 0.3393,  
0.3662

■ 84.9492, 0.3891,  
0.4316

■ 97.4107, 0.3234,  
0.3441

■ 82.3809, 0.4045,  
0.4501

100.0000, 0.3127,  
0.3290

■ 80.0078, 0.4181,  
0.4653

■ 77.8156, 0.4294,  
0.4764

■ 75.7874, 0.4378,  
0.4828

■ 73.9018, 0.4435,  
0.4849

■ 73.3623, 0.4448,  
0.4850

# Harmonies

## Analogous

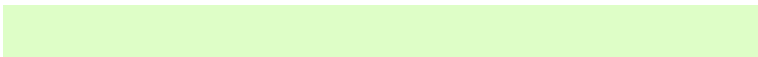
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



90.7167, 0.3768, 0.3733



90.7167, 0.3559, 0.3887



90.7167, 0.3240, 0.3873

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



90.7167, 0.3559, 0.3887



90.7167, 0.2498, 0.3042



90.7167, 0.3334, 0.2946

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



90.7167, 0.3559, 0.3887



56.7092, 0.2664, 0.2613

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



90.7167, 0.2985, 0.2779



90.7167, 0.3559, 0.3887



90.7167, 0.2519, 0.2818

# Square

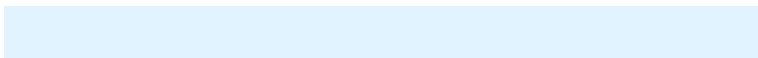
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



90.7167, 0.3559, 0.3887



90.7167, 0.2635, 0.3358



90.7167, 0.2692, 0.2730



90.7167, 0.3638, 0.3196

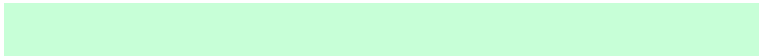


# Rectangle

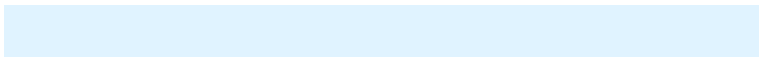
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



90.7167, 0.3559, 0.3887



90.7167, 0.3011, 0.3759



90.7167, 0.2692, 0.2730



90.7167, 0.3217, 0.2879

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



90.7208, 0.3559, 0.3887



97.0689, 0.3249, 0.3462



60.3444, 0.3637, 0.3196



20.6626, 0.3272, 0.3495



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



90.7208, 0.3559, 0.3887



89.2081, 0.3642, 0.3997



91.8425, 0.3368, 0.4008



20.6626, 0.3272, 0.3495



38.4911, 0.4444, 0.4854



3.8554, 0.4411, 0.4880



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56.7092, 0.2664, 0.2613



50.4494, 0.2568, 0.2466



56.2506, 0.2832, 0.2545



17.7596, 0.2979, 0.3077



4.4657, 0.1527, 0.0697

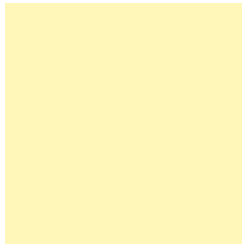


0.5479, 0.1570, 0.0853



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 90.7167, 0.3559, 0.3887 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

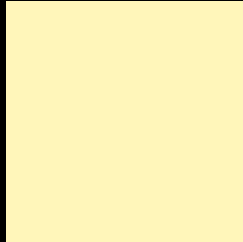
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 90.7167, 0.3559, 0.3887 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

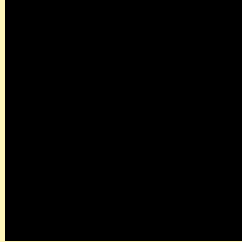
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 90.7167, 0.3559, 0.3887**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 90.7167, 0.3559, 0.3887.

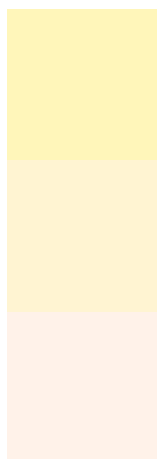


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 90.7167, 0.3559, 0.3887.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

90.7167, 0.3559, 0.3887

### Protanopia

90.6145, 0.3412, 0.3627

### Deuteranopia

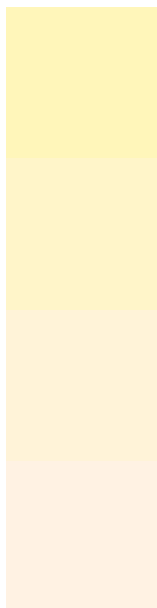
90.6475, 0.3269, 0.3378



## Tritanopia

90.4823, 0.3164, 0.3194

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

90.7167, 0.3559, 0.3887

## Protanomaly

90.7819, 0.3467, 0.3727

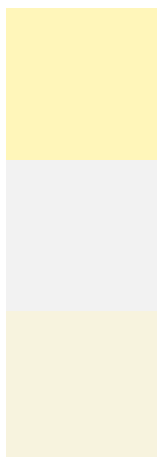
## Deuteranomaly

90.3191, 0.3375, 0.3557

## Tritanomaly

90.3103, 0.3306, 0.3438

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

90.7167, 0.3559, 0.3887

## Achromatopsia

88.7923, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

89.1493, 0.3283, 0.3501

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 90.7167, 0.3559, 0.3887 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 246, 186)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 246, 186)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 246, 186) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 246, 186) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 90.7167, 0.3559, 0.3887 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 246, 186) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 246, 186) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 246, 186) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 246, 186); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 246, 186);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 246,  
186) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 90.7167, 0.3559, 0.3887 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 246, 186) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
246, 186) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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