

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(93.1192, 0.3123, 0.3389)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(93.1192, 0.3123, 0.3389)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(93.1877, 0.3122, 0.3389)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F0FAF0
RGB	240, 250, 240
RGB Percent	94%, 98%, 94%
CMY	0.0590, 0.0196, 0.0586
CMYK	0.04, 0.00, 0.04, 0.02
HSL	120°, 50%, 96%
HSV	120°, 4%, 98%
XYZ	85.8460, 93.1877, 95.9374
YIQ	245.8700, -2.7500, -5.2300

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

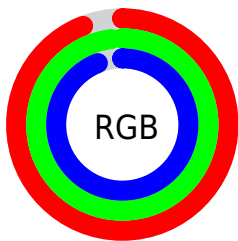
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>YB</sub>	240, 250, 250
Decimal	15792880
CIE Lab	97.30, -5.06, 3.61
CIE LCh	97, 6.221, 144.478
Yxy	93.1877, 0.3122, 0.3389
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293982960 (0xFF0FAF0)
YUV	245.8700, -2.8939, -5.1480
Hunter-Lab	96.5338, -10.1969, 8.6499

# Details

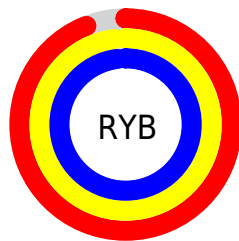
The Yxy color **93.1877, 0.3122, 0.3389** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **89.5247, 0.3132, 0.3193**, and the grayscale version is **92.0749, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290**, and **52.2346, 0.3121, 0.3417** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **87.7391, 0.3108, 0.3660**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **96.8579, 0.3129, 0.3243**.

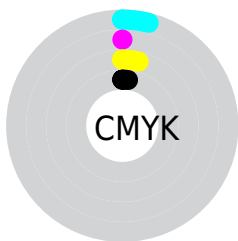
# Distribution



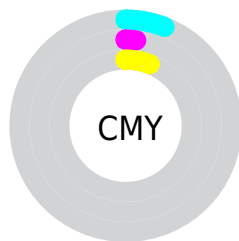
- Red (94%)
- Green (98%)
- Blue (94%)



- Red (94%)
- Yellow (98%)
- Blue (98%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (2%)




- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (6%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 93.1877, 0.3122, 0.3389 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 93.1877, 0.3122, 0.3389 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 93.1877, 0.3122,  
0.3389

 93.1877, 0.3122,  
0.3389


538.3467, 0.3124,  
0.3345

 70.6275, 0.3121,  
0.3399


151.7585, 0.3123,  
0.3374

 52.0383, 0.3121,  
0.3411


188.5378, 0.3123,  
0.3368

 37.0356, 0.3120,  
0.3425


230.8257, 0.3123,  
0.3363

 25.2350, 0.3119,  
0.3444

279.0065, 0.3124,  
0.3358

 16.2523, 0.3117,  
0.3469

333.4646, 0.3124,  
0.3355

 9.7028, 0.3115,  
0.3503

394.5844, 0.3124,

 5.2024, 0.3111,

0.3351

0.3554

462.7503, 0.3124,  
0.3348

■ 2.3665, 0.3104,  
0.3637

■ 0.8086, 0.3099,  
0.3885

■ 93.1877, 0.3122,  
0.3389

■ 93.1877, 0.3122,  
0.3389

■ 87.7391, 0.3108,  
0.3660

■ 96.8579, 0.3129,  
0.3243

■ 83.0582, 0.3092,  
0.3966

■ 79.1140, 0.3076,  
0.4303

■ 75.8690, 0.3058,  
0.4659

■ 73.2826, 0.3041,  
0.5018

■ 71.3095, 0.3025,  
0.5353

■ 69.8992, 0.3013,  
0.5637

■ 68.9930, 0.3004,  
0.5843

■ 68.5192, 0.3000,  
0.5961

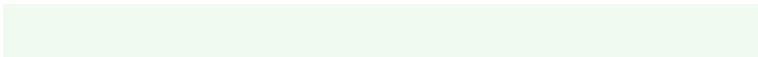
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



93.1877, 0.3190, 0.3410



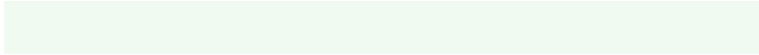
93.1877, 0.3122, 0.3389



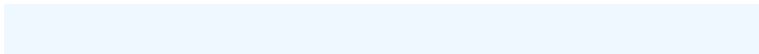
93.1877, 0.3056, 0.3340

# Triad

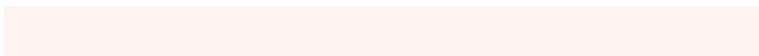
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



93.1877, 0.3122, 0.3389



93.1877, 0.3013, 0.3182



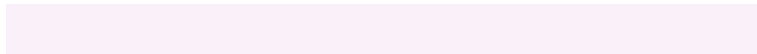
93.1877, 0.3247, 0.3300

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



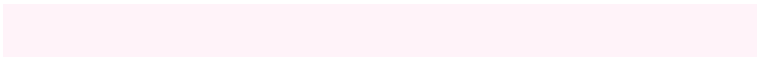
93.1877, 0.3122, 0.3389



89.5247, 0.3132, 0.3193

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



93.1877, 0.3199, 0.3240



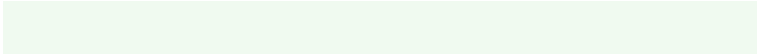
93.1877, 0.3122, 0.3389



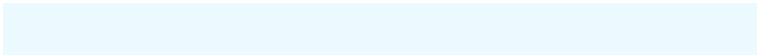
93.1877, 0.3064, 0.3173

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



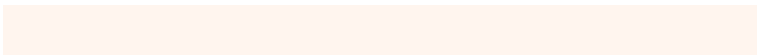
93.1877, 0.3122, 0.3389



93.1877, 0.2993, 0.3220



93.1877, 0.3131, 0.3194



93.1877, 0.3263, 0.3358

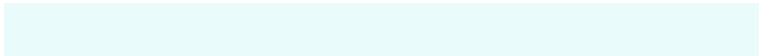


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



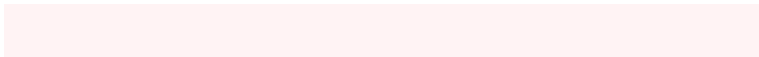
93.1877, 0.3122, 0.3389



93.1877, 0.3021, 0.3299



93.1877, 0.3131, 0.3194



93.1877, 0.3234, 0.3280

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



93.1917, 0.3122, 0.3389



99.3577, 0.3126, 0.3314



94.9933, 0.3186, 0.3388



21.2734, 0.3126, 0.3313



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

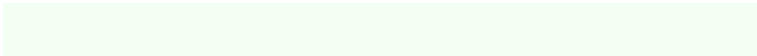


# Same Dimension

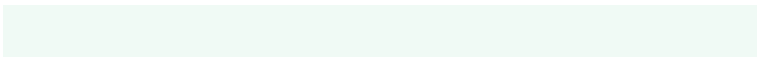
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



93.1917, 0.3122, 0.3389



96.8736, 0.3121, 0.3414



93.4894, 0.3093, 0.3340



19.7644, 0.3120, 0.3432



36.2696, 0.2999, 0.5995



3.3600, 0.2995, 0.5983



# Inverse Universe

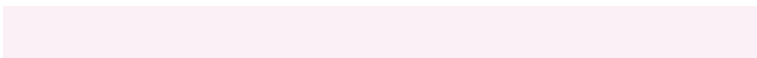
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



89.5247, 0.3132, 0.3193



92.1265, 0.3134, 0.3169



89.2189, 0.3162, 0.3241



18.6624, 0.3134, 0.3152



14.3754, 0.3230, 0.1553

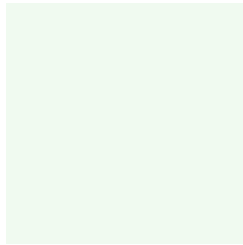


1.3322, 0.3227, 0.1551



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 93.1877, 0.3122, 0.3389 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

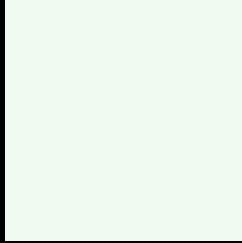
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 93.1877, 0.3122, 0.3389 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

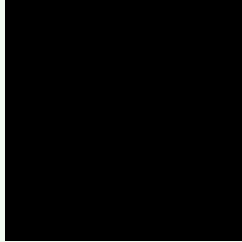
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

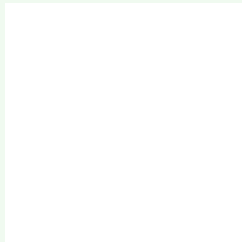
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 93.1877, 0.3122, 0.3389**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 93.1877, 0.3122, 0.3389.

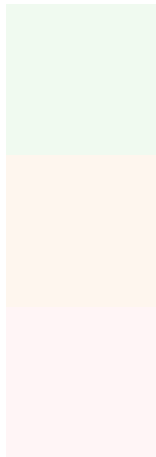


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 93.1877, 0.3122, 0.3389.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

93.1877, 0.3122, 0.3389

### Protanopia

93.1554, 0.3227, 0.3368

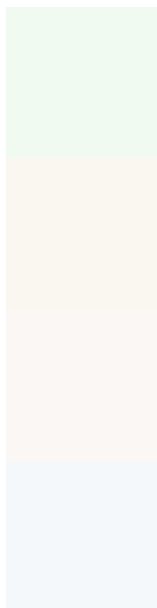
### Deuteranopia

93.2186, 0.3186, 0.3281

## **Tritanopia**

93.3344, 0.3074, 0.3212

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

93.1877, 0.3122, 0.3389

## Protanomaly

92.8933, 0.3188, 0.3369

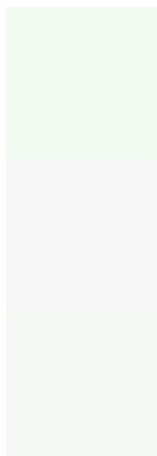
## Deuteranomaly

93.3772, 0.3164, 0.3319

## Tritanomaly

93.2700, 0.3090, 0.3270

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

93.1877, 0.3122, 0.3389

## Achromatopsia

92.1582, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

92.2863, 0.3126, 0.3320

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 93.1877, 0.3122, 0.3389 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(240, 250, 240)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(240, 250, 240)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(240, 250, 240) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(240, 250, 240) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 93.1877, 0.3122, 0.3389 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(240, 250, 240) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(240, 250, 240) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(240, 250, 240)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(240, 250, 240); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(240, 250, 240);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(240, 250,  
240) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 93.1877, 0.3122, 0.3389 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(240, 250, 240) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(240,  
250, 240) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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