

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(93.9364, 0.2999, 0.3396)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(93.9364, 0.2999, 0.3396)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(93.8989, 0.3000, 0.3401)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E0FFF4
RGB	224, 255, 244
RGB Percent	88%, 100%, 96%
CMY	0.1216, 0.0000, 0.0430
CMYK	0.12, 0.00, 0.04, 0.00
HSL	159°, 100%, 94%
HSV	159°, 12%, 100%
XYZ	82.8276, 93.8989, 99.3655
YIQ	244.4770, -14.9450, -9.9930

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

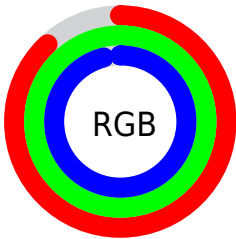
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>YB</sub>	224, 243, 255
Decimal	14745588
CIE Lab	97.59, -12.03, 1.85
CIE LCh	98, 12.176, 171.247
Yxy	93.8989, 0.3000, 0.3401
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292935668 (0xFFE0FFF4)
YUV	244.4770, -0.2352, -17.9583
Hunter-Lab	96.9014, -17.0026, 7.0333

# Details

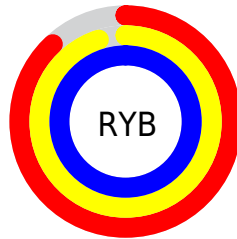
The Yxy color **93.8989, 0.3000, 0.3401** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **80.5567, 0.3274, 0.3182**, and the grayscale version is **90.8765, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290**, and **52.4540, 0.2975, 0.3420** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **89.5896, 0.2900, 0.3503**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **98.8431, 0.3104, 0.3309**.

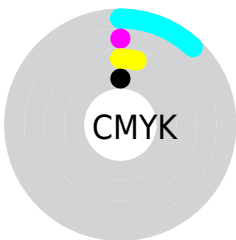
# Distribution



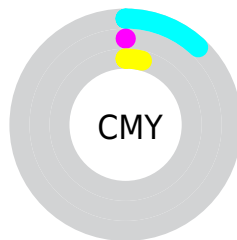
- Red (88%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (96%)



- Red (88%)
- Yellow (95%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 93.8989, 0.3000, 0.3401 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 93.8989, 0.3000, 0.3401 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 93.8989, 0.3000,  
0.3401

 93.8989, 0.3000,  
0.3401


540.6339, 0.3056,  
0.3352

 71.2189, 0.2988,  
0.3412


152.7425, 0.3019,  
0.3384

 52.5208, 0.2973,  
0.3425

189.6749, 0.3027,  
0.3378

 37.4204, 0.2954,  
0.3441


232.1268, 0.3033,  
0.3372

 25.5331, 0.2930,  
0.3462

280.4827, 0.3039,  
0.3367

 16.4747, 0.2899,  
0.3490

335.1270, 0.3044,  
0.3362

 9.8607, 0.2856,  
0.3528

396.4440, 0.3049,

 5.3067, 0.2794,

0.3358

0.3585

464.8182, 0.3053,  
0.3355

■ 2.4283, 0.2693,  
0.3676

■ 0.8404, 0.2370,  
0.3944

■ 93.8989, 0.3000,  
0.3401

■ 93.8989, 0.3000,  
0.3401

■ 89.5896, 0.2900,  
0.3503

■ 98.8431, 0.3104,  
0.3309

■ 85.8920, 0.2808,  
0.3615

100.0000, 0.3127,  
0.3290

■ 82.7752, 0.2726,  
0.3736

■ 80.2072, 0.2657,  
0.3864

■ 78.1526, 0.2606,  
0.3998

■ 76.5719, 0.2573,  
0.4136

■ 75.4198, 0.2561,  
0.4275

■ 74.6413, 0.2570,  
0.4412

■ 74.2286, 0.2588,  
0.4517

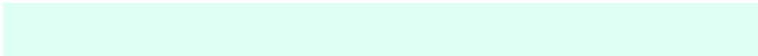
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



93.8989, 0.3131, 0.3493



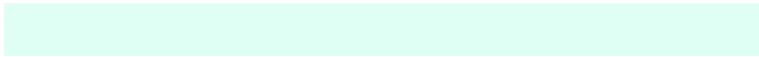
93.8989, 0.3000, 0.3401



93.8989, 0.2905, 0.3279

# Triad

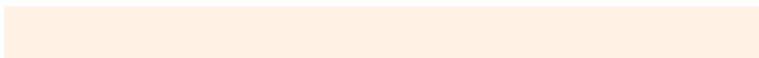
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



93.8989, 0.3000, 0.3401



93.8989, 0.2990, 0.3062



93.8989, 0.3394, 0.3409

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



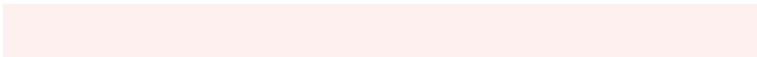
93.8989, 0.3000, 0.3401



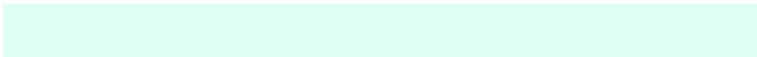
80.5567, 0.3274, 0.3182

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



93.8989, 0.3355, 0.3295



93.8989, 0.3000, 0.3401



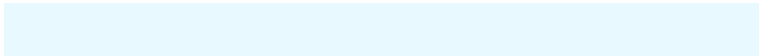
93.8989, 0.3119, 0.3098

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



93.8989, 0.3000, 0.3401



93.8989, 0.2899, 0.3085



93.8989, 0.3253, 0.3182



93.8989, 0.3359, 0.3495



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



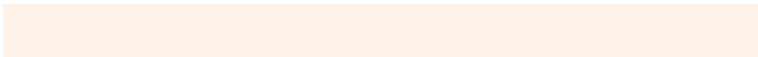
93.8989, 0.3000, 0.3401



93.8989, 0.2873, 0.3199



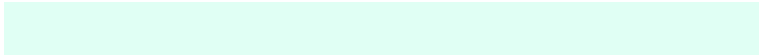
93.8989, 0.3253, 0.3182



93.8989, 0.3389, 0.3373

# Sweetspot

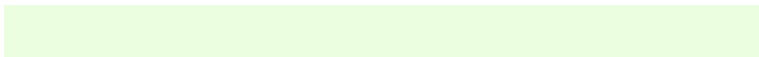
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



93.8974, 0.3000, 0.3401



97.8863, 0.3085, 0.3325



94.6234, 0.3183, 0.3604



20.8691, 0.3077, 0.3332



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

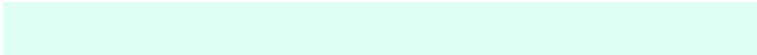


21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

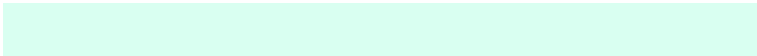


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



93.8974, 0.3000, 0.3401



92.6123, 0.2971, 0.3429



91.9738, 0.2939, 0.3248



20.3659, 0.3027, 0.3375



38.8155, 0.2582, 0.4495



3.8001, 0.2539, 0.4340



# Inverse Universe

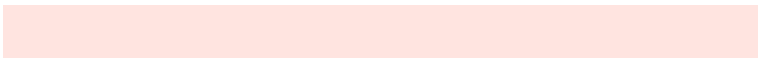
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



80.5567, 0.3274, 0.3182



76.4860, 0.3313, 0.3155



82.1919, 0.3343, 0.3332



18.0932, 0.3238, 0.3206



11.5221, 0.5568, 0.2841



1.1417, 0.5254, 0.2668



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 93.8989, 0.3000, 0.3401 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

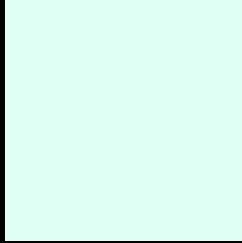
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 93.8989, 0.3000, 0.3401 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

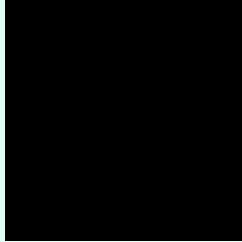
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

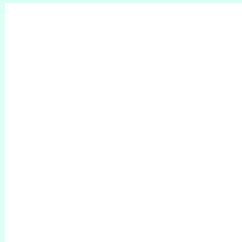
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 93.8989, 0.3000, 0.3401**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 93.8989, 0.3000, 0.3401.

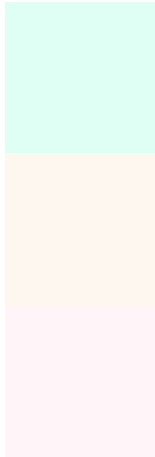


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 93.8989, 0.3000, 0.3401.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

93.8989, 0.3000, 0.3401

### Protanopia

93.8244, 0.3220, 0.3368

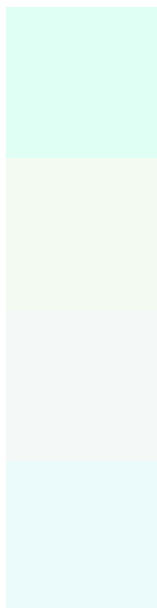
### Deuteranopia

93.3421, 0.3174, 0.3261

## Tritanopia

93.8486, 0.3049, 0.3231

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

93.8989, 0.3000, 0.3401

## Protanomaly

93.7768, 0.3136, 0.3379

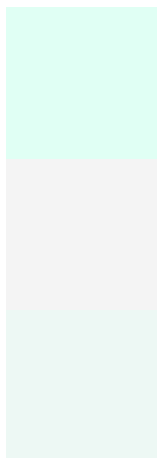
## Deuteranomaly

93.6999, 0.3107, 0.3310

## Tritanomaly

93.6216, 0.3028, 0.3290

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

93.8989, 0.3000, 0.3401

## Achromatopsia

90.4661, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

91.6710, 0.3081, 0.3330

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 93.8989, 0.3000, 0.3401 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(224, 255, 244)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(224, 255, 244)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(224, 255, 244) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(224, 255, 244) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 93.8989, 0.3000, 0.3401 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(224, 255, 244) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(224, 255, 244) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(224, 255, 244)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(224, 255, 244); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(224, 255, 244);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(224, 255,  
244) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 93.8989, 0.3000, 0.3401 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(224, 255, 244) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(224,  
255, 244) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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