

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(94.7923, 0.3777, 0.4365)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(94.7923, 0.3777, 0.4365)  
contains.

<b>Yxy(94.7936, 0.3777, 0.4365)</b> .....	3
<b>Conversions</b> .....	4
<b>Details</b> .....	6
<b>Harmonies</b> .....	12
<b>Previews</b> .....	24
<b>Color Blindness Simulation</b> .....	27
<b>CSS Examples</b> .....	30

# **Color**

**Yxy(94.7936, 0.3777, 0.4365)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFFF90
RGB	255, 255, 144
RGB Percent	100%, 100%, 56%
CMY	0.0001, 0.0000, 0.4354
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.44, 0.00
HSL	60°, 100%, 78%
HSV	60°, 44%, 100%
XYZ	82.0242, 94.7936, 40.3497
YIQ	242.3460, 35.6310, -34.5210

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

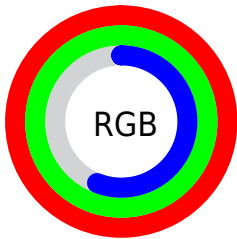
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	144, 255, 144
Decimal	16777104
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	97.95, -15.13, 52.81
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	98, 54.937, 105.990
Yxy	94.7936, 0.3777, 0.4365
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294967184 (0xFFFFFFFF90)
YUV	242.3460, -48.4846, 11.0976
Hunter-Lab	97.3620, -20.0034, 43.5819

# Details

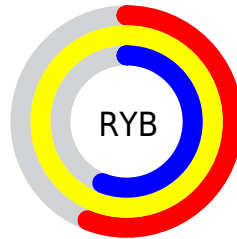
The Yxy color **94.7936, 0.3777, 0.4365** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFF99**. A complement of this color would be **33.0903, 0.2304, 0.1929**, and the grayscale version is **89.4416, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **96.9501, 0.3454, 0.3830**, and **52.8793, 0.3884, 0.4580** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **94.0922, 0.3905, 0.4577**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **95.6581, 0.3635, 0.4129**.

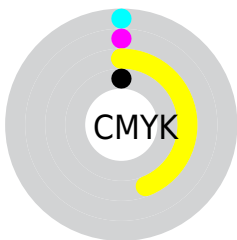
# Distribution



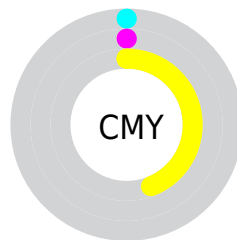
- Red (100%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (56%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (44%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 94.7936, 0.3777, 0.4365 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 94.7936, 0.3777, 0.4365 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 94.7936, 0.3777,  
0.4365


 94.7936, 0.3777,  
0.4365


543.5040, 0.3510,  
0.3890

 71.9632, 0.3829,  
0.4465


 153.9794, 0.3692,  
0.4206

 53.1286, 0.3887,  
0.4585


 191.1036, 0.3657,  
0.4143

 37.9055, 0.3953,  
0.4728


233.7612, 0.3625,  
0.4087

 25.9093, 0.4026,  
0.4901

282.3366, 0.3597,  
0.4038

 16.7558, 0.4101,  
0.5112

337.2142, 0.3572,  
0.3995

 10.0605, 0.4166,  
0.5364

398.7784, 0.3549,

 5.4391, 0.4254,

0.3956

0.5746

467.4135, 0.3529,  
0.3922

■ 2.5071, 0.4065,  
0.5935

■ 0.8802, 0.3467,  
0.6533

■ 94.7936, 0.3777,  
0.4365

■ 94.7936, 0.3777,  
0.4365

■ 94.0922, 0.3905,  
0.4577

■ 95.6581, 0.3635,  
0.4129

■ 93.5614, 0.4013,  
0.4755

■ 96.7160, 0.3484,  
0.3880

■ 93.1811, 0.4096,  
0.4893

■ 97.9709, 0.3331,  
0.3626

■ 92.9358, 0.4153,  
0.4986

■ 99.4320, 0.3179,  
0.3376

■ 92.8062, 0.4183,  
0.5037

100.0000, 0.3127,  
0.3290

■ 92.7665, 0.4193,  
0.5053

# Harmonies

## Analogous

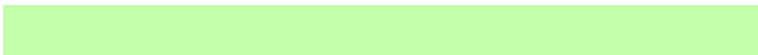
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



94.7936, 0.4201, 0.4080



94.7936, 0.3777, 0.4365



94.7936, 0.3201, 0.4332

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



94.7936, 0.3777, 0.4365



94.7936, 0.2053, 0.2753



94.7936, 0.3577, 0.2762

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



94.7936, 0.3777, 0.4365



33.0903, 0.2304, 0.1929

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



94.7936, 0.2957, 0.2467



94.7936, 0.3777, 0.4365



94.7936, 0.2128, 0.2432

# Square

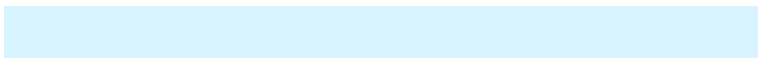
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



94.7936, 0.3777, 0.4365



94.7936, 0.2226, 0.3294



94.7936, 0.2441, 0.2345



94.7936, 0.4103, 0.3177

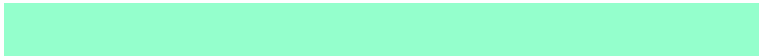


# Rectangle

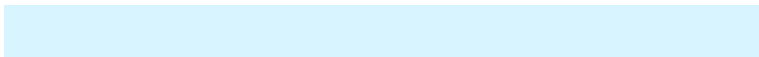
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



94.7936, 0.3777, 0.4365



94.7936, 0.2813, 0.4089



94.7936, 0.2441, 0.2345



94.7936, 0.3369, 0.2648

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



94.7871, 0.3777, 0.4365



98.0441, 0.3322, 0.3613



43.2131, 0.4286, 0.3293



20.9219, 0.3356, 0.3669



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



94.7871, 0.3777, 0.4365



94.1881, 0.3886, 0.4546



85.7422, 0.3398, 0.4519



21.0905, 0.3269, 0.3525



48.4726, 0.4193, 0.5053



4.7197, 0.4193, 0.5053



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



33.0903, 0.2304, 0.1929



25.4071, 0.2120, 0.1625



39.3693, 0.2713, 0.2066



17.3781, 0.2978, 0.3044



3.7729, 0.1500, 0.0600

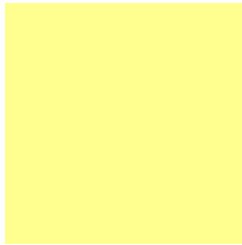


0.3674, 0.1500, 0.0600



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 94.7936, 0.3777, 0.4365 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

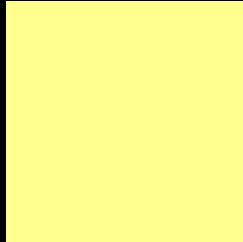
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 94.7936, 0.3777, 0.4365 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 94.7936, 0.3777, 0.4365**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 94.7936, 0.3777, 0.4365.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 94.7936, 0.3777, 0.4365.

# Color Blindness Simulation

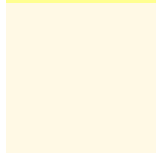
Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



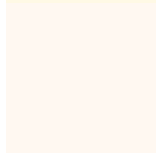
### Original Color

94.7936, 0.3777, 0.4365



### Protanopia

94.6685, 0.3286, 0.3485



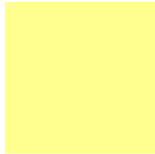
### Deuteranopia

94.7457, 0.3214, 0.3358

## Tritanopia

94.8734, 0.3143, 0.3233

# Trichromacy



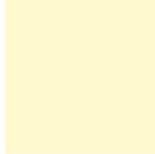
## Original Color

94.7936, 0.3777, 0.4365



## Protanomaly

94.3316, 0.3474, 0.3813



## Deuteranomaly

94.7106, 0.3425, 0.3733



## Tritanomaly

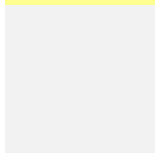
94.4353, 0.3383, 0.3654

# Monochromacy



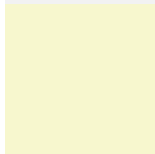
## Original Color

94.7936, 0.3777, 0.4365



## Achromatopsia

88.7923, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

90.7519, 0.3377, 0.3703

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 94.7936, 0.3777, 0.4365 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 255, 144)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 255, 144)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 255, 144) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 255, 144) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 94.7936, 0.3777, 0.4365 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 255, 144) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 255, 144) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 255, 144)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 255, 144); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 255, 144);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 255,  
144) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 94.7936, 0.3777, 0.4365 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 255, 144) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
255, 144) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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