

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(96.5211, 0.3053, 0.3065)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(96.5211, 0.3053, 0.3065)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(95.0015, 0.3131, 0.3214)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFF7FF
RGB	255, 247, 255
RGB Percent	100%, 97%, 100%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0313, 0.0001
CMYK	0.00, 0.03, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	300°, 100%, 98%
HSV	300°, 3%, 100%
XYZ	92.5481, 95.0015, 108.0369
YIQ	250.3040, 2.2000, 4.1840

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R _Y B	255, 247, 255
Decimal	16775167
CIE Lab	98.03, 4.05, -2.87
CIE LCh	98, 4.966, 324.696
Yxy	95.0015, 0.3131, 0.3214
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294965247 (0xFFFFF7FF)
YUV	250.3040, 2.3151, 4.1184
Hunter-Lab	97.4687, -1.0816, 2.5095

Details

The Yxy color 95.0015, 0.3131, 0.3214 is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be 98.0135, 0.3123, 0.3367, and the grayscale version is 95.8414, 0.3127, 0.3290.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290, and 53.3446, 0.3131, 0.3205 is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get 80.4521, 0.3143, 0.2966, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is 100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290.

Distribution



- Red (100%)
- Green (97%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (97%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 95.0015, 0.3131, 0.3214 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 95.0015, 0.3131, 0.3214 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 95.0015, 0.3131,
0.3214

 95.0015, 0.3131,
0.3214


544.1698, 0.3129,
0.3247

 72.1362, 0.3131,
0.3207

154.2667, 0.3130,
0.3225

 53.2700, 0.3132,
0.3198


191.4354, 0.3130,
0.3230

 38.0183, 0.3132,
0.3187


234.1406, 0.3130,
0.3234

 25.9969, 0.3133,
0.3174

282.7669, 0.3130,
0.3237

 16.8213, 0.3133,
0.3156

337.6986, 0.3130,
0.3240

 10.1072, 0.3134,
0.3131

399.3200, 0.3130,

 5.4701, 0.3135,

0.3243

0.3096

468.0156, 0.3130,
0.3245

■ 2.5256, 0.3137,
0.3041

■ 0.8894, 0.3139,
0.2943

■ 95.0015, 0.3131,
0.3214

■ 95.0015, 0.3131,
0.3214

■ 80.4521, 0.3143,
0.2966

100.0000, 0.3127,
0.3290

■ 67.9470, 0.3156,
0.2715

■ 57.3969, 0.3169,
0.2468

■ 48.7029, 0.3181,
0.2234

■ 41.7576, 0.3192,
0.2024

■ 36.4426, 0.3201,
0.1847

■ 32.6248, 0.3209,
0.1709

■ 30.1502, 0.3215,
0.1615

■ 28.8317, 0.3218,
0.1564

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



95.0015, 0.3077, 0.3197



95.0015, 0.3131, 0.3214



95.0015, 0.3184, 0.3251

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



95.0015, 0.3131, 0.3214



95.0015, 0.3218, 0.3376



95.0015, 0.3033, 0.3281

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



95.0015, 0.3131, 0.3214



98.0135, 0.3123, 0.3367

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



95.0015, 0.3070, 0.3330



95.0015, 0.3131, 0.3214



95.0015, 0.3177, 0.3385

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



95.0015, 0.3131, 0.3214



95.0015, 0.3235, 0.3344



95.0015, 0.3123, 0.3368



95.0015, 0.3021, 0.3235

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



95.0015, 0.3131, 0.3214



95.0015, 0.3212, 0.3282



95.0015, 0.3123, 0.3368



95.0015, 0.3043, 0.3297

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



95.0039, 0.3131, 0.3214



98.3831, 0.3128, 0.3266



93.5216, 0.3080, 0.3212



21.0751, 0.3128, 0.3267



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



95.0039, 0.3131, 0.3214



93.6611, 0.3132, 0.3193



94.7514, 0.3154, 0.3252



19.8003, 0.3133, 0.3174



14.8455, 0.3220, 0.1547



1.4459, 0.3219, 0.1547

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



95.0039, 0.3131, 0.3214



93.6611, 0.3132, 0.3193



98.2608, 0.3101, 0.3329



19.8003, 0.3133, 0.3174



14.8455, 0.3220, 0.1547



1.4459, 0.3219, 0.1547

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 95.0015, 0.3131, 0.3214 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 95.0015, 0.3131, 0.3214 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 95.0015, 0.3131, 0.3214

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 95.0015, 0.3131, 0.3214.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 95.0015, 0.3131, 0.3214.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy

Original Color

95.0015, 0.3131, 0.3214

Protanopia

95.0503, 0.3111, 0.3223

Deuteranopia

94.7466, 0.3155, 0.3252

Tritanopia

95.0503, 0.3111, 0.3223

Trichromacy

**Original Color**

95.0015, 0.3131, 0.3214

Protanomaly

95.2374, 0.3118, 0.3223

Deuteranomaly

94.8098, 0.3149, 0.3242

Tritanomaly

95.2374, 0.3118, 0.3223

Monochromacy

**Original Color**

95.0015, 0.3131, 0.3214

**Achromatopsia**

95.5973, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

95.4751, 0.3129, 0.3261

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 95.0015, 0.3131, 0.3214 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 247, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 247, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 247, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 247, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 95.0015, 0.3131, 0.3214 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 247, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 247, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 247, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 247, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 247, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 247,  
255) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 95.0015, 0.3131, 0.3214 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 247, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
247, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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