

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(97.8662, 0.3127, 0.3290)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(97.8662, 0.3127, 0.3290)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**Yxy(98.2251, 0.3127, 0.3290)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FDFFFD
RGB	253, 253, 253
RGB Percent	99%, 99%, 99%
CMY	0.0079, 0.0078, 0.0078
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.01
HSL	174°, 1%, 99%
HSV	174°, 0%, 99%
XYZ	93.3586, 98.2251, 106.9728
YIQ	253.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	253, 253, 253
Decimal	16645629
CIE Lab	99.31, -0.00, -0.01
CIE LCh	99, 0.014, 259.964
Yxy	98.2251, 0.3127, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294835709 (0xFFFDFFDFFD)
YUV	253.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000
Hunter-Lab	99.1086, -5.2960, 5.3814

# Details

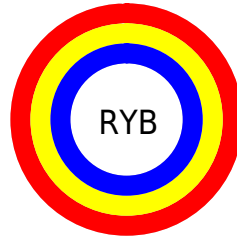
The Yxy color 98.2251, 0.3127, 0.3290 is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be 98.2152, 0.3127, 0.3290, and the grayscale version is 98.2270, 0.3127, 0.3290.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290, and 55.2011, 0.3127, 0.3290 is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get 93.6371, 0.2986, 0.3314, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is 98.7376, 0.3128, 0.3271.

# Distribution



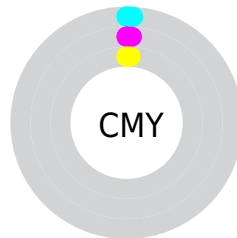
- Red (99%)
- Green (99%)
- Blue (99%)



- Red (99%)
- Yellow (99%)
- Blue (99%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (1%)




- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (1%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 98.2251, 0.3127, 0.3290 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 98.2251, 0.3127, 0.3290 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 98.2251, 0.3127,  
0.3290

 98.2251, 0.3127,  
0.3290

 554.4391, 0.3127,  
0.3290

 74.8221, 0.3127,  
0.3290

 158.7128, 0.3127,  
0.3290

 55.4672, 0.3127,  
0.3290


 196.5663, 0.3127,  
0.3290


 39.7759, 0.3127,  
0.3290

 240.0054, 0.3127,  
0.3290

 27.3638, 0.3127,  
0.3290

 289.4145, 0.3127,  
0.3290

 17.8467, 0.3127,  
0.3290

 345.1780, 0.3127,  
0.3290

 10.8400, 0.3127,  
0.3290

 407.6804, 0.3127,

 5.9593, 0.3127,

0.3290

0.3290

477.3059, 0.3127,  
0.3290

■ 2.8204, 0.3126,  
0.3289

■ 1.0387, 0.3126,  
0.3289

■ 98.2251, 0.3127,  
0.3290

■ 98.2251, 0.3127,  
0.3290

■ 93.6371, 0.2986,  
0.3314

98.7376, 0.3128,  
0.3271

■ 89.6521, 0.2852,  
0.3341

■ 86.2481, 0.2729,  
0.3369

■ 83.3968, 0.2619,  
0.3399

■ 81.0679, 0.2525,  
0.3431

■ 79.2280, 0.2448,  
0.3464

■ 77.8395, 0.2391,  
0.3497

■ 76.8599, 0.2354,  
0.3531

■ 76.2382, 0.2336,  
0.3564

# Harmonies

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.

98.2251, 0.3127, 0.3290

98.2251, 0.3128, 0.3290

98.2251, 0.3127, 0.3290

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.

98.2251, 0.3127, 0.3290

98.2152, 0.3127, 0.3290

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.

98.2251, 0.3127, 0.3290

98.2251, 0.3127, 0.3290

98.2251, 0.3128, 0.3290

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.

98.2251, 0.3127, 0.3290

98.2251, 0.3127, 0.3290

98.2251, 0.3128, 0.3290

98.2251, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.

98.2251, 0.3127, 0.3290

98.2251, 0.3127, 0.3290

98.2251, 0.3128, 0.3290

98.2251, 0.3127, 0.3290

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



98.2293, 0.3127, 0.3290

100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290



98.2282, 0.3127, 0.3290



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



98.2293, 0.3127, 0.3290

100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290



98.2223, 0.3127, 0.3290



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



40.3794, 0.2331, 0.3592



3.9400, 0.2321, 0.3554



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



98.2152, 0.3127, 0.3290

100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290



98.2222, 0.3127, 0.3290



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



11.1540, 0.6293, 0.3241



1.0951, 0.6086, 0.3126



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 98.2251, 0.3127, 0.3290 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

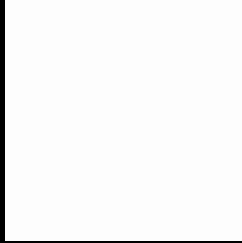
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 98.2251, 0.3127, 0.3290 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

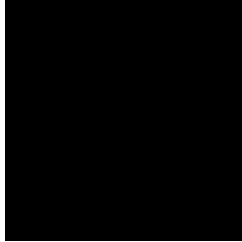
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



**Yxy 98.2251, 0.3127, 0.3290**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 98.2251, 0.3127, 0.3290.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

### Original Color

98.2251, 0.3127, 0.3290

### Protanopia

97.9727, 0.3140, 0.3281

### Deuteranopia

97.9727, 0.3140, 0.3281

## **Tritanopia**

98.3532, 0.3116, 0.3271

# Trichromacy

## Original Color

98.2251, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Protanomaly

97.7835, 0.3134, 0.3280

## Deuteranomaly

97.7835, 0.3134, 0.3280

## Tritanomaly

98.2890, 0.3121, 0.3280

# Monochromacy

## Original Color

98.2251, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatopsia

98.2251, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

98.2251, 0.3127, 0.3290

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 98.2251, 0.3127, 0.3290 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(253, 253, 253) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(253, 253, 253)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(253, 253, 253) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(253, 253, 253) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 98.2251, 0.3127, 0.3290 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(253, 253, 253) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(253, 253, 253) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(253, 253, 253)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(253, 253, 253); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(253, 253, 253);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(253, 253,  
253) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 98.2251, 0.3127, 0.3290 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(253, 253, 253) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(253,  
253, 253) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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