

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(98.2217, 0.3362, 0.3867)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(98.2217, 0.3362, 0.3867)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**Yxy(95.0174, 0.3369, 0.3823)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F4FFCA
RGB	244, 255, 202
RGB Percent	96%, 100%, 79%
CMY	0.0430, 0.0000, 0.2079
CMYK	0.04, 0.00, 0.21, 0.00
HSL	72°, 100%, 90%
HSV	72°, 21%, 100%
XYZ	83.7336, 95.0174, 69.7904
YIQ	245.6690, 10.4570, -18.8150

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

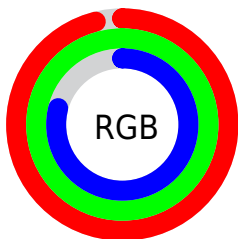
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	202, 255, 213
Decimal	16056266
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	98.04, -12.24, 24.18
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	98, 27.099, 116.841
Yxy	95.0174, 0.3369, 0.3823
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294246346 (0xFFFF4FFCA)
YUV	245.6690, -21.5288, -1.4637
Hunter-Lab	97.4769, -17.2512, 25.7840

# Details

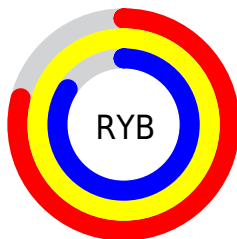
The Yxy color **95.0174, 0.3369, 0.3823** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **63.5909, 0.2851, 0.2723**, and the grayscale version is **92.0527, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290**, and **53.0911, 0.3411, 0.3934** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **92.9808, 0.3483, 0.4092**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **97.2884, 0.3252, 0.3560**.

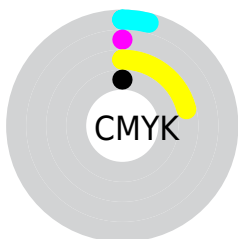
# Distribution



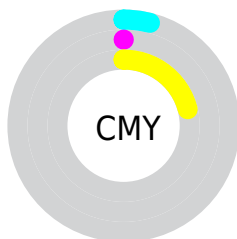
- Red (96%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (79%)



- Red (79%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (84%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (21%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 95.0174, 0.3369, 0.3823 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 95.0174, 0.3369, 0.3823 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 95.0174, 0.3369,  
0.3823

 95.0174, 0.3369,  
0.3823


544.2207, 0.3266,  
0.3583

 72.1495, 0.3391,  
0.3876

154.2886, 0.3335,  
0.3741

 53.2808, 0.3416,  
0.3941

191.4607, 0.3321,  
0.3709

 38.0270, 0.3447,  
0.4021


234.1697, 0.3309,  
0.3681

 26.0036, 0.3485,  
0.4123

282.7998, 0.3298,  
0.3657

 16.8263, 0.3533,  
0.4258

337.7356, 0.3289,  
0.3635

 10.1108, 0.3592,  
0.4443

399.3614, 0.3280,

 5.4725, 0.3666,

0.3616

0.4710

468.0616, 0.3273,  
0.3599

■ 2.5270, 0.3805,  
0.5199

■ 0.8901, 0.3808,  
0.6192

■ 95.0174, 0.3369,  
0.3823

■ 95.0174, 0.3369,  
0.3823

■ 92.9808, 0.3483,  
0.4092

■ 97.2884, 0.3252,  
0.3560

■ 91.1569, 0.3591,  
0.4358

99.7914, 0.3136,  
0.3309

■ 89.5388, 0.3685,  
0.4612

100.0000, 0.3127,  
0.3290

■ 88.1145, 0.3761,  
0.4841

■ 86.8709, 0.3814,  
0.5034

■ 85.7925, 0.3842,  
0.5185

■ 84.8614, 0.3843,  
0.5287

■ 84.1080, 0.3825,  
0.5345

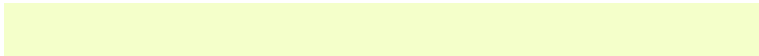
# Harmonies

## Analogous

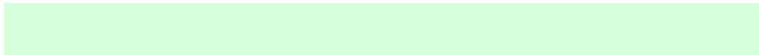
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



95.0174, 0.3609, 0.3763



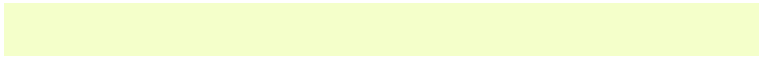
95.0174, 0.3369, 0.3823



95.0174, 0.3071, 0.3724

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



95.0174, 0.3369, 0.3823



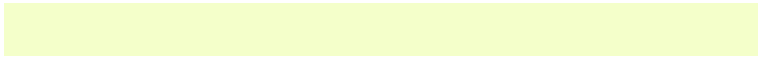
95.0174, 0.2567, 0.2960



95.0174, 0.3456, 0.3096

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



95.0174, 0.3369, 0.3823



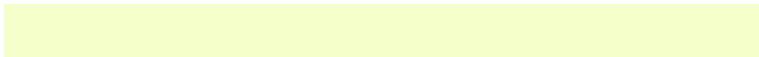
63.5909, 0.2851, 0.2723

# Split Complementary

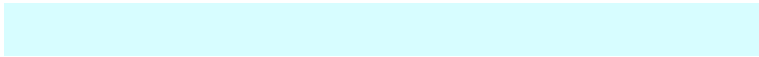
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



95.0174, 0.3161, 0.2905



95.0174, 0.3369, 0.3823



95.0174, 0.2657, 0.2821

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



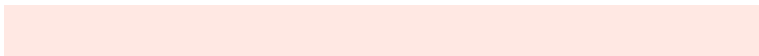
95.0174, 0.3369, 0.3823



95.0174, 0.2617, 0.3203



95.0174, 0.2870, 0.2805

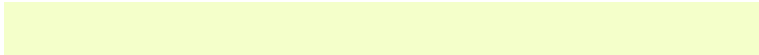


95.0174, 0.3664, 0.3338

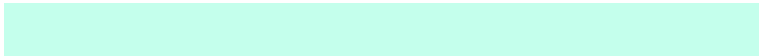


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



95.0174, 0.3369, 0.3823



95.0174, 0.2882, 0.3578



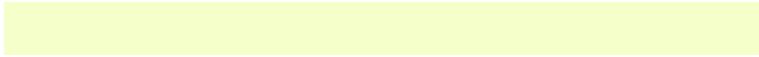
95.0174, 0.2870, 0.2805



95.0174, 0.3363, 0.3024

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



95.0213, 0.3369, 0.3823



98.4578, 0.3196, 0.3438



72.9029, 0.3525, 0.3400



21.0392, 0.3204, 0.3455



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

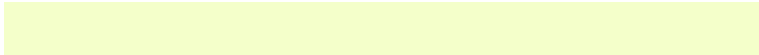


21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

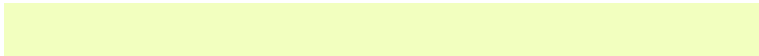


# Same Dimension

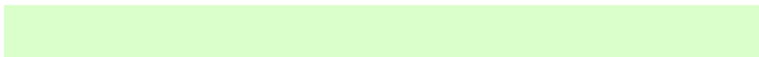
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



95.0213, 0.3369, 0.3823



94.1356, 0.3418, 0.3936



90.6712, 0.3199, 0.3852



20.8898, 0.3237, 0.3527



44.0143, 0.3831, 0.5340



4.3310, 0.3874, 0.5306



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



63.5909, 0.2851, 0.2723



57.4909, 0.2786, 0.2593



67.8189, 0.3036, 0.2753



17.5588, 0.3011, 0.3046



4.2154, 0.1603, 0.0656

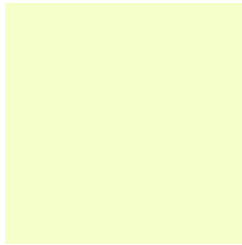


0.4544, 0.1703, 0.0712



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 95.0174, 0.3369, 0.3823 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

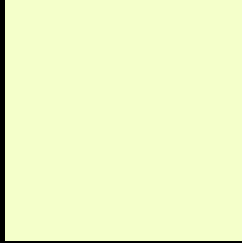
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 95.0174, 0.3369, 0.3823 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

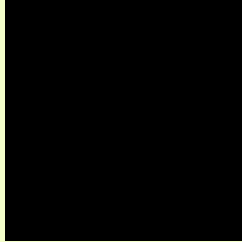
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 95.0174, 0.3369, 0.3823**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 95.0174, 0.3369, 0.3823.

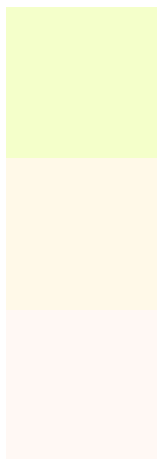


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 95.0174, 0.3369, 0.3823.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

95.0174, 0.3369, 0.3823

### Protanopia

94.8376, 0.3268, 0.3456

### Deuteranopia

94.9265, 0.3196, 0.3329

## Tritanopia

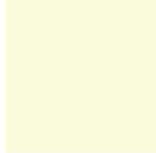
94.6788, 0.3099, 0.3223

# Trichromacy



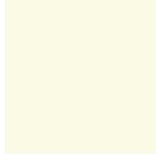
## Original Color

95.0174, 0.3369, 0.3823



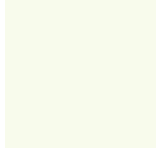
## Protanomaly

94.7240, 0.3306, 0.3586



## Deuteranomaly

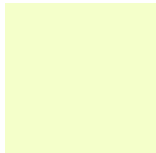
95.1607, 0.3258, 0.3506



## Tritanomaly

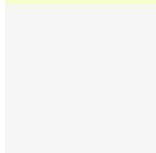
95.0069, 0.3196, 0.3437

# Monochromacy



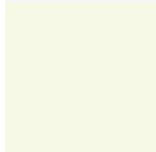
## Original Color

95.0174, 0.3369, 0.3823



## Achromatopsia

92.1582, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

92.8770, 0.3215, 0.3479

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 95.0174, 0.3369, 0.3823 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(244, 255, 202)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(244, 255, 202)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(244, 255, 202) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(244, 255, 202) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 95.0174, 0.3369, 0.3823 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(244, 255, 202) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(244, 255, 202) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(244, 255, 202)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(244, 255, 202); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(244, 255, 202);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(244, 255,  
202) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 95.0174, 0.3369, 0.3823 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(244, 255, 202) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(244,  
255, 202) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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