

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(99.1066, 0.2285, 0.2264)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(99.1066, 0.2285, 0.2264)  
contains.

<b>Yxy(89.3101, 0.2762, 0.3278)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	27
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	30

# Color

**Yxy(89.3101, 0.2762, 0.3278)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C0FEFF
RGB	192, 254, 255
RGB Percent	75%, 100%, 100%
CMY	0.2466, 0.0040, 0.0000
CMYK	0.25, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	181°, 100%, 88%
HSV	181°, 25%, 100%
XYZ	75.2515, 89.3101, 107.8914
YIQ	235.5760, -37.2730, -12.8330

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	192, 223, 255
Decimal	12648191
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	95.71, -18.95, -6.79
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	96, 20.133, 199.703
Yxy	89.3101, 0.2762, 0.3278
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290838271 (0xFFC0FEFF)
YUV	235.5760, 9.5760, -38.2162
Hunter-Lab	94.5040, -23.2463, -1.5362

# Details

The Yxy color **89.3101, 0.2762, 0.3278** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **63.2663, 0.3647, 0.3302**, and the grayscale version is **83.5034, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **99.0640, 0.3096, 0.3290**, and **49.3281, 0.2687, 0.3275** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **86.0033, 0.2634, 0.3273**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **93.1995, 0.2903, 0.3283**.

# Distribution



- Red (75%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (75%)
- Yellow (87%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (25%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (25%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 89.3101, 0.2762, 0.3278 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 89.3101, 0.2762, 0.3278 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 89.3101, 0.2762,  
0.3278

 89.3101, 0.2762,  
0.3278


525.7841, 0.2923,  
0.3286

 67.4086, 0.2727,  
0.3276


 146.3797, 0.2816,  
0.3281

 49.4167, 0.2684,  
0.3273


182.3166, 0.2838,  
0.3282

 34.9502, 0.2632,  
0.3269


223.7008, 0.2857,  
0.3283

 23.6245, 0.2565,  
0.3263

270.9166, 0.2873,  
0.3284

 15.0553, 0.2478,  
0.3255

324.3484, 0.2888,  
0.3284

 8.8582, 0.2360,  
0.3242

384.3807, 0.2901,

 4.6488, 0.2190,

0.3285

451.3978, 0.2913,  
0.3285

0.3218

2.0427, 0.1926,  
0.3170

0.6321, 0.0709,  
0.3247

89.3101, 0.2762,  
0.3278

89.3101, 0.2762,  
0.3278

86.0033, 0.2634,  
0.3273

93.1995, 0.2903,  
0.3283

83.2415, 0.2521,  
0.3267

97.6912, 0.3054,  
0.3288

80.9950, 0.2426,  
0.3262

100.0000, 0.3127,  
0.3290

79.2279, 0.2351,  
0.3256

■ 77.8998, 0.2295,  
0.3251

■ 76.9639, 0.2258,  
0.3245

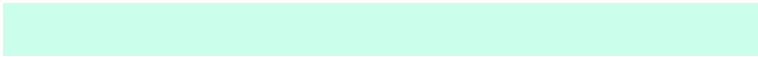
■ 76.3624, 0.2238,  
0.3240

■ 76.1345, 0.2233,  
0.3237

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



89.3101, 0.2923, 0.3488



89.3101, 0.2762, 0.3278



89.3101, 0.2697, 0.3081

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



89.3101, 0.2762, 0.3278



89.3101, 0.3100, 0.2968



89.3101, 0.3524, 0.3626

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



89.3101, 0.2762, 0.3278



63.2663, 0.3647, 0.3302

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



89.3101, 0.3577, 0.3474



89.3101, 0.2762, 0.3278



89.3101, 0.3327, 0.3102

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



89.3101, 0.2762, 0.3278



89.3101, 0.2886, 0.2912



89.3101, 0.3505, 0.3284



89.3101, 0.3363, 0.3692

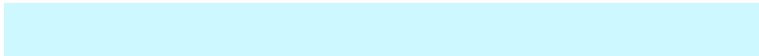


# Rectangle

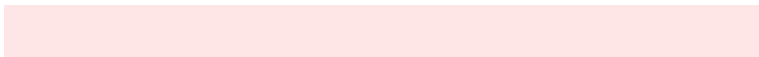
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



89.3101, 0.2762, 0.3278



89.3101, 0.2715, 0.2984



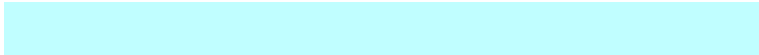
89.3101, 0.3505, 0.3284



89.3101, 0.3555, 0.3582

# Sweetspot

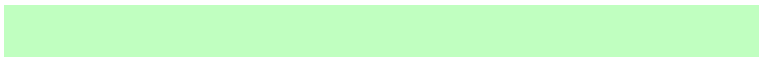
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



89.3127, 0.2762, 0.3278



96.5861, 0.3018, 0.3287



86.5512, 0.3094, 0.3994



20.6135, 0.3009, 0.3287



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

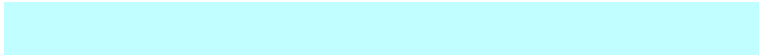


21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

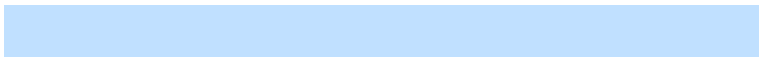
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



89.3127, 0.2762, 0.3278



87.4767, 0.2692, 0.3275



71.5125, 0.2733, 0.2946



20.4280, 0.2980, 0.3286



39.8049, 0.2233, 0.3238



3.8912, 0.2235, 0.3244



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



66.1614, 0.3163, 0.2683



60.4406, 0.3172, 0.2552



78.1425, 0.3572, 0.3611



18.2950, 0.3141, 0.3060



14.7463, 0.3250, 0.1564

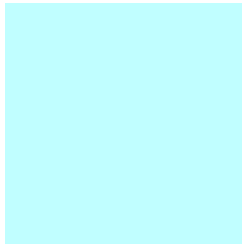


1.4374, 0.3245, 0.1561



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 89.3101, 0.2762, 0.3278 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

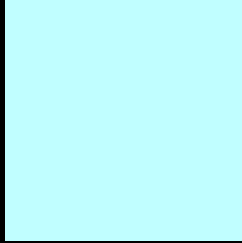
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 89.3101, 0.2762, 0.3278 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

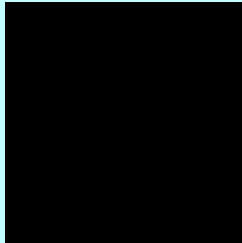
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 89.3101, 0.2762, 0.3278**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 89.3101, 0.2762, 0.3278.

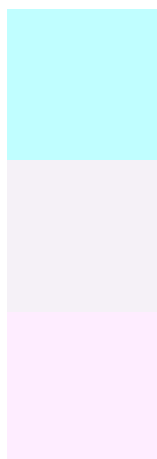


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 89.3101, 0.2762, 0.3278.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

89.3101, 0.2762, 0.3278

### Protanopia

89.0385, 0.3117, 0.3231

### Deuteranopia

88.8592, 0.3129, 0.3117



## Tritanopia

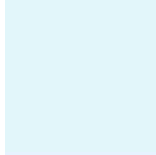
88.9788, 0.2938, 0.3198

# Trichromacy



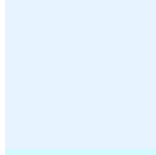
## Original Color

89.3101, 0.2762, 0.3278



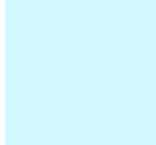
## Protanomaly

88.9824, 0.2979, 0.3249



## Deuteranomaly

88.3101, 0.2981, 0.3169



## Tritanomaly

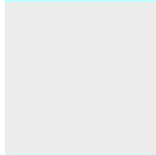
88.9684, 0.2869, 0.3227

# Monochromacy



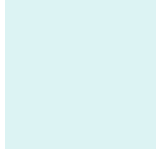
## Original Color

89.3101, 0.2762, 0.3278



## Achromatopsia

83.8799, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

85.7879, 0.2981, 0.3290

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 89.3101, 0.2762, 0.3278 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(192, 254, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(192, 254, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(192, 254, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(192, 254, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 89.3101, 0.2762, 0.3278 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(192, 254, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(192, 254, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(192, 254, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(192, 254, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 254, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 254,  
255) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 89.3101, 0.2762, 0.3278 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(192, 254, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(192,  
254, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor