

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(99.7671, 0.3111, 0.4055)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(99.7671, 0.3111, 0.4055)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(88.3866, 0.3117, 0.3891)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CBFFC8
RGB	203, 255, 200
RGB Percent	80%, 100%, 78%
CMY	0.2041, 0.0000, 0.2157
CMYK	0.20, 0.00, 0.22, 0.00
HSL	117°, 100%, 89%
HSV	117°, 22%, 100%
XYZ	70.8047, 88.3866, 67.9652
YIQ	233.1820, -13.3370, -28.1290

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

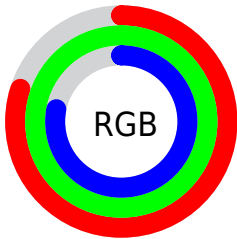
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	200, 255, 252
Decimal	13369288
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	95.32, -26.59, 21.01
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	95, 33.887, 141.679
Yxy	88.3866, 0.3117, 0.3891
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291559368 (0xFFCBFFC8)
YUV	233.1820, -16.3587, -26.4696
Hunter-Lab	94.0141, -30.0914, 22.9476

# Details

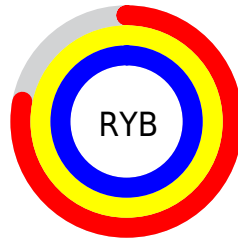
The Yxy color **88.3866, 0.3117, 0.3891** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **69.2254, 0.3131, 0.2748**, and the grayscale version is **81.7519, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290**, and **48.7594, 0.3108, 0.4030** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **84.1595, 0.3109, 0.4220**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **93.3277, 0.3123, 0.3593**.

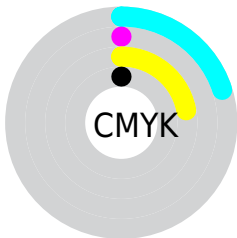
# Distribution



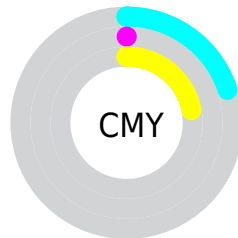
- Red (80%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (78%)



- Red (78%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (99%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (22%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 88.3866, 0.3117, 0.3891 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 88.3866, 0.3117, 0.3891 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 88.3866, 0.3117,  
0.3891

 88.3866, 0.3117,  
0.3891


522.7684, 0.3127,  
0.3612

 66.6433, 0.3113,  
0.3955

145.0953, 0.3122,  
0.3794

 48.7948, 0.3108,  
0.4034

180.8294, 0.3123,  
0.3756

 34.4567, 0.3101,  
0.4134


221.9959, 0.3124,  
0.3724

 23.2447, 0.3090,  
0.4264

268.9793, 0.3125,  
0.3696

 14.7743, 0.3071,  
0.4441

322.1638, 0.3126,  
0.3671

 8.6611, 0.3039,  
0.4695

381.9339, 0.3126,

 4.5208, 0.2975,

0.3649

0.5084

448.6740, 0.3127,  
0.3629

■ 1.9690, 0.2923,  
0.5937

■ 0.5893, 0.0000,  
1.0000

■ 88.3866, 0.3117,  
0.3891

■ 88.3866, 0.3117,  
0.3891

■ 84.1595, 0.3109,  
0.4220

■ 93.3277, 0.3123,  
0.3593

■ 80.6300, 0.3098,  
0.4571

■ 99.0322, 0.3127,  
0.3328

■ 77.7551, 0.3085,  
0.4929

■ 100.0000, 0.3127,  
0.3290

■ 75.4946, 0.3069,  
0.5270

■ 73.8036, 0.3051,  
0.5566

■ 72.6313, 0.3034,  
0.5794

■ 71.9177, 0.3018,  
0.5935

■ 71.6115, 0.3008,  
0.5994

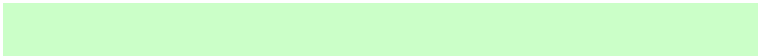
# Harmonies

## Analogous

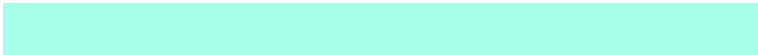
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



88.3866, 0.3492, 0.3978



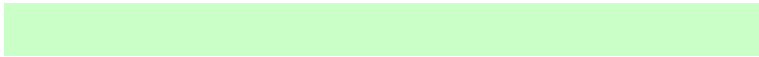
88.3866, 0.3117, 0.3891



88.3866, 0.2759, 0.3607

# Triad

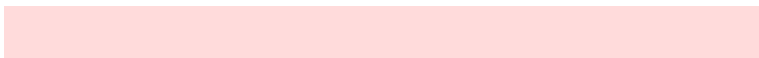
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



88.3866, 0.3117, 0.3891



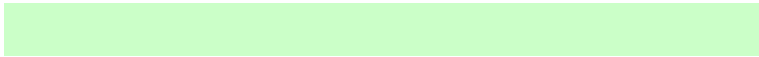
88.3866, 0.2500, 0.2713



88.3866, 0.3784, 0.3290

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



88.3866, 0.3117, 0.3891



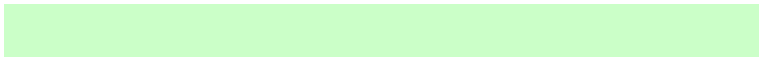
69.2254, 0.3131, 0.2748

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



88.3866, 0.3487, 0.2995



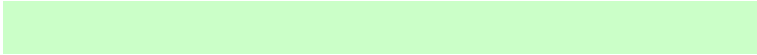
88.3866, 0.3117, 0.3891



88.3866, 0.2742, 0.2671

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



88.3866, 0.3117, 0.3891



88.3866, 0.2417, 0.2909



88.3866, 0.3100, 0.2774

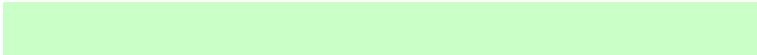


88.3866, 0.3892, 0.3601



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



88.3866, 0.3117, 0.3891



88.3866, 0.2576, 0.3360



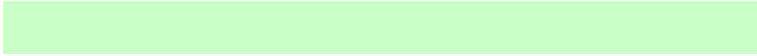
88.3866, 0.3100, 0.2774



88.3866, 0.3702, 0.3187

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



88.3807, 0.3117, 0.3891



96.4109, 0.3125, 0.3441



94.6321, 0.3461, 0.3797



20.5559, 0.3125, 0.3458



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

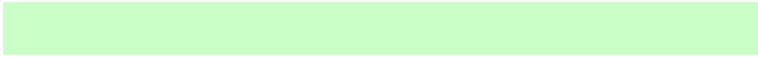


21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

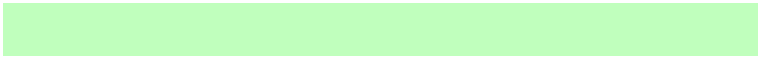


# Same Dimension

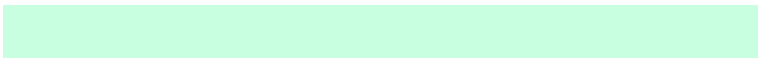
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



88.3807, 0.3117, 0.3891



86.4241, 0.3114, 0.4033



89.1706, 0.2969, 0.3626



20.2149, 0.3124, 0.3535



37.4374, 0.3011, 0.5991



3.6609, 0.3037, 0.5970



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



69.2254, 0.3131, 0.2748



64.0737, 0.3130, 0.2635



68.3431, 0.3325, 0.2977



18.2475, 0.3129, 0.3055



13.5873, 0.3074, 0.1467

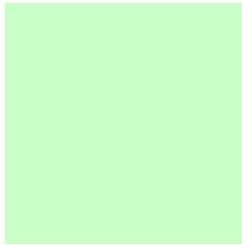


1.3376, 0.3090, 0.1476



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 88.3866, 0.3117, 0.3891 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

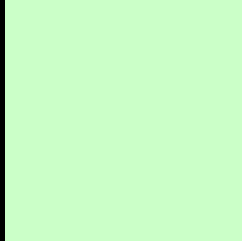
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 88.3866, 0.3117, 0.3891 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

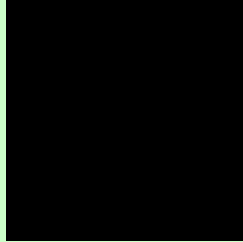
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

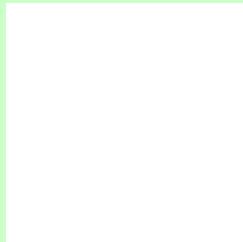
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 88.3866, 0.3117, 0.3891**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 88.3866, 0.3117, 0.3891.

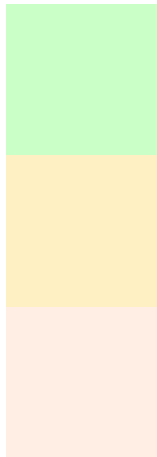


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 88.3866, 0.3117, 0.3891.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

88.3866, 0.3117, 0.3891

### Protanopia

87.5657, 0.3509, 0.3731

### Deuteranopia

88.0105, 0.3305, 0.3389



## Tritanopia

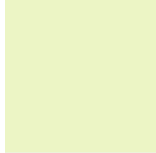
88.2523, 0.2956, 0.3179

# Trichromacy



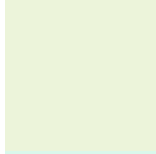
## Original Color

88.3866, 0.3117, 0.3891



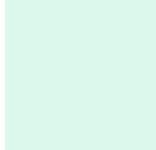
## Protanomaly

87.1689, 0.3361, 0.3789



## Deuteranomaly

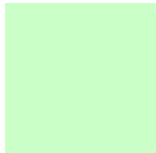
87.5962, 0.3233, 0.3557



## Tritanomaly

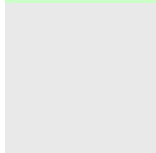
88.0384, 0.3014, 0.3425

# Monochromacy



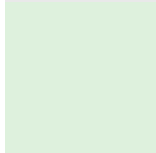
## Original Color

88.3866, 0.3117, 0.3891



## Achromatopsia

81.4847, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

83.6606, 0.3124, 0.3502

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 88.3866, 0.3117, 0.3891 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(203, 255, 200)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(203, 255, 200)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(203, 255, 200) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(203, 255, 200) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 88.3866, 0.3117, 0.3891 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(203, 255, 200) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(203, 255, 200) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(203, 255, 200)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(203, 255, 200); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(203, 255, 200);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(203, 255,  
200) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 88.3866, 0.3117, 0.3891 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(203, 255, 200) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(203,  
255, 200) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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